

Effective from Session: 2016-17									
Course Code	BP 101 T	Title of the Course	Human Anatomy and Physiology-I (Theory)	L	Т	P	C		
Year	Ι	Semester	I	3	1	0	4		
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite	1						
	1. Structure and function of Human body at cellular level.								
Course Objectives	2. Describe the various homeostatic mechanisms and their imbalance.								
	3. Appreciate the coordinated working pattern of different organs of each system								

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Gain knowledge of the basic structural organization of the human body; Understand the levels of organization at cellular level.
CO2	Understand the structural and functional classification of skeletal system
CO3	Learn the role of blood and lymph; Understand the function of Lymphatic system
CO4	Learn the concepts of Peripheral Nervous System and special senses
CO5	Understand the structural and functional classification of Cardiovascular system

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Introduction to human body Cellular level of organization Tissue level of organization	Definition and scope of anatomy and physiology, levels of structural Organization and body systems, basic life processes, homeostasis, basic anatomical terminology. Structure and functions of cell, transport across cell membrane, cell division, cell junctions. General principles of cell communication, intracellular signaling pathway activation by extracellular signal molecule, Forms of intracellular signaling: a) Contact-dependent b) Paracrine c) Synaptic d) Endocrine Classification of tissues, structure, location and functions of epithelial, muscular and nervous and connective tissues.	10	1
2	Integumentary and skeletal system	Structure and functions of skin. Divisions of skeletal system, types of bone, salient features and functions of bones of axial and appendicular skeletal system Organization of skeletal muscle, physiology of muscle contraction, neuromuscular junction. Joints Structural and functional classification, types of joints movements and its articulation	10	2
3	Body fluids and blood	Body fluids, composition and functions of blood, haemopoeisis, formation of hemoglobin, anemia, mechanisms of coagulation, blood grouping, Rh factors, transfusion, its significance and disorders of blood, Reticulo endothelial system. Lymphatic system Lymphatic organs and tissues, lymphatic vessels, lymph circulation and functions of lymphatic system	10	3
4	Peripheral nervous system Special senses	Classification of peripheral nervous system: Structure and functions of sympathetic and parasympathetic nervous system. Origin and functions of spinal and cranial nerves. Structure and functions of eye, ear, nose and tongue and their disorders.	8	4
5	Cardiovascular system	Heart – anatomy of heart, blood circulation, blood vessels, structure and functions of artery, vein and capillaries, elements of conduction system of heart and heart beat, its regulation by autonomic nervous system, cardiac output, cardiac cycle. Regulation of blood pressure, pulse, electrocardiogram and disorders of heart.	7	5

Reference Books:

Physiological basis of Medical Practice-Best and Tailor. Williams & Wilkins Co, Riverview, MI USA

Text book of Medical Physiology- Arthur C, Guyton and John. E. Hall. Miamisburg, OH, U.S.A.

Human Physiology (Vol 1 and 2) by Dr. C.C. Chatterrje, Academic Publishers Kolkata.

e-Learning Source:

https://www.academia.edu/40518139/Ross_willson_anatomy_and_physiology

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO- PS O CO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	2	1	1	1	-	1	3	2	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	-	-	-
CO 2	-	-	2	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
CO 3	1	1	1	1	1	ı	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
CO 4	1	-	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-
CO 5	ı	1	2	1	1	ı	1	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
	1-	Lo	w Cor	relatio	n; 2- M	oderate	e Corre	elation;	3- Sub	stantial	Correla	ation						

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	
	Sign & Seal of HoD



Effective from Se	Effective from Session: 2016-17							
Course Code	BP 102 T	Title of the Course	Pharmaceutical Analysis (Theory)	L	T	P	C	
Year	I	Semester	I	3	1	0	4	
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCM)	Co-requisite						
Course Objectives		us volumetric and electr	etric and electro chemical analysis rochemical titrations					

	Course Outcomes						
CO1	Understand the knowledge on preparatory pharmacy and professional way of evaluating various conventional drugs, raw materials and formulations.						
CO2	Explain the theoretical basis of commonly used statistical methods & correctly analyze & interpret the results of statistical data from surveys, experiments & observational studies.						
CO3	Illustrate sources of errors in analytical techniques, methods to minimize them.						
CO4	Describe the various titrimetric and electrochemical methods of analysis and their application in quality control of pharmaceuticals						
CO5	Describe gravimetry and limit tests-principles and applications.						
CO6	Differentiate between the ability and limitations of all the methods and be able to choose a suitable method, when needed						

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Pharmaceutical analysis	Definition and scope Different techniques of analysis Methods of expressing concentration Primary and secondary standards. Pre paration and standardization of various molar and normal solutions Oxalic acid, sodium hydroxide, hydrochloric acid, sodium thiosulphate, sulphuric acid, potassium permanganate and ceric ammonium sulphate Errors: Sources of errors, types of errors, methods of minimizing errors, accuracy, precision and significant figures Pharmacopoeia, Sources of impurities in medicinal agents, limit tests.	10	1,2,3,4,5,6
2	Acid base titration Non aqueous titration:	Theories of acid base indicators, classification of acid base titrations and theory involved in titrations of strong, weak, and very weak acids and bases, neutralization curves Solvents, acidimetry and alkalimetry titration and estimation of Sodium benzoate and Ephedrine HCl	10	1,2,3,4,5,6
3	Precipitation titrations Complexometric titration Gravimetry	Mohr's method, Volhard's, Modified, Volhard's, Fajans method, estimation of sodium chloride. Classification, metal ion indicators, masking and demasking reagents, estimation of Magnesium sulphate, and calcium gluconate. Principle and steps involved in gravimetric analysis. Purity of the precipitate: co-precipitation and post precipitation, Estimation of barium sulphate. Basic Principles, methods and application of diazotisation titration.	10	1,2,3,4,5,6
4	Redox titrations	Concepts of oxidation and reduction Types of redox titrations (Principles and applications) Cerimetry, Iodimetry, Iodometry, Bromatometry, Titration with potassium iodate	08	1,2,3,4,5,6
5	Electrochemical methods of analysis: Conductometry Potentiometry	Introduction, Conductivity cell, Conductometric titrations, applications. Electrochemical cell, construction and working of reference (Standard hydrogen, silver chloride electrode and calomel electrode) and indicator electrodes (metal electrodes and glass electrode), methods to determine end point of potentiometrititration and applications.	07	1,2,3,4,5,6
	Polarography	Principle, Ilkovic equation, construction and working of dropping mercury electrode and rotating platinum electrode, applications		

Reference Books:

- A.H. Beckett & J.B. Stenlake's, Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry Vol I & II, Stahlone Press of University of London A.I. Vogel, Text Book of Quantitative Inorganic analysis
- P. Gundu Rao, Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry

Bentley and Driver's Textbook of Pharmaceutical Chemistry

John H. Kennedy, Analytical chemistry principles

Indian Pharmacopoeia.

e-Learning Source:

https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1878535213001056

						C	ourse A	Articul	ation I	Matrix:	(Mappi	ng of CO	s with PC	s and PS	Os)			
PO-																		
PS	PO	PO	PO	PO1	PO1	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6						
О	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	1012	1301	1302	1303	1304	1303	1300
CO																		
CO	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
1																		
CO	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
2																		
CO	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
3																		
CO	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
4																		
CO	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
5																		
CO	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
6	1					1	1	1		l	l	1		1		1		

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	
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Effective from Session: 20	Effective from Session: 2016-2017								
Course Code	BP103T	Title of the Course	Fitle of the Course Pharmaceutics-I (Theory)				C		
Year	I	Semester	I	3	1	0	4		
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite	-						
Course Objectives	2. Under 3. pharm 4. Under	aceutical calculations	rent dosage forms, pharmaceutical incompatibilities and vay of handling the prescription						

	Course Outcomes
CO1	After completion of this course students will able to know about the career opportunities in pharmacy, Pharmacopoeias and history of profession of Pharmacy in India.
CO2	Know about the different types of dosage form, prescription along with their parts and calculation of dose on the basis of age, body weight and body surface area.
CO3	After completion of this course students will able to understand the Pharmaceutical calculations, its different system along with methods of calculation.
CO4	Describe about powders and liquid dosage forms, excipients used in formulation of liquid dosage forms and solubility enhancement techniques.
CO5	After completion of this course students will able to explain the different types of monophasic liquids formulations along with their preparation methods.
CO6	Explain the biphasic liquids formulations, stability problems associated with these formulations and the methods to overcome these problems.
CO7	After completion of this course students will able to know about suppository, its methods of preparation, Displacement value & its calculations.
CO8	Describe pharmaceutical incompatibilities, its type with examples.
CO9	After completion of this course students will able to describe semisolid dosage forms, mechanisms and factors influencing dermal penetration of drugs, preparation of different types of semisolid dosage forms and its evaluation.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Historical background and development of profession of pharmacy, Dosage forms, Prescription, Posology	a) History of profession of Pharmacy in India in relation to pharmacy education, industry and organization, Pharmacy as a career, Pharmacopoeias: Introduction to IP, BP, USP and Extra Pharmacopoeia. b) Introduction to dosage forms, classification and definitions c) Definition, Parts of prescription, handling of Prescription and Errors in prescription. d) Definition, Factors affecting posology. Pediatric dose calculations based on age, body weight and body surface area	10	1, 2
2	Pharmaceutical calculations, Powders Liquid, dosage forms	a) Weights and measures – Imperial & Metric system, Calculations involving percentage solutions, alligation, proof spirit and isotonic solutions based on freezing point and molecular weight. b) Definition, classification, advantages and disadvantages, Simple & compound powders – official preparations, dusting powders, effervescent, efflorescent and hygroscopic powders, eutectic mixtures. Geometric dilutions c) Advantages and disadvantages of liquid dosage forms. Excipients used in formulation of liquid dosage forms. Solubility enhancement techniques.	10	3,4
3	Monophasic liquids, Biphasic liquids, Suspensions, Emulsions	a) Definitions and preparations of Gargles, Mouthwashes, Throat Paint, Eardrops, Nasal drops, Enemas, Syrups, Elixirs, Liniments and Lotions. b) Definition, advantages and disadvantages, classifications, Preparation of suspensions; Flocculated and Deflocculated suspension & stability problems and methods to overcome. c) Definition, classification, emulsifying agent, test for the identification of type of Emulsion, Methods of preparation & stability problems and methods to overcome.	10	5, 6
4	Suppositories, Pharmaceutical incompatibilities	a) Definition, types, advantages and disadvantages, types of bases, methods of preparations.Displacement value & its calculations, evaluation of suppositories.b) Definition, classification, physical, chemical and therapeutic incompatibilities with examples	8	7, 8
5	Semisolid dosage forms	Definitions, classification, mechanisms and factors influencing dermal penetration of drugs. Preparation of ointments, pastes, creams and gels. Excipients used in semi solid dosage forms. Evaluation of semi solid dosages forms	7	9

- 1. H.C. Ansel et al., Pharmaceutical Dosage Form and Drug Delivery System, Lippincott Williams and Walkins, New Delhi.
- 2. Carter S.J., Cooper and Gunn's-Dispensing for Pharmaceutical Students, CBS publishers, New Delhi.
- 3. M.E. Aulton, Pharmaceutics, The Science& Dosage Form Design, Churchill Livingstone, Edinburgh.
- 4. Lachmann. Theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy, Lea& Febiger Publisher, The University of Michigan.

5. Alfonso R. Gennaro Remington. The Science and Practice of Pharmacy, Lippincott Williams, New Delhi.
6. Carter S.J., Cooper and Gunn's. Tutorial Pharmacy, CBS Publications, New Delhi.
7. E.A. Rawlins, Bentley's Text Book of Pharmaceutics, English Language Book Society, Elsevier Health Sciences, USA.

8. Isaac Ghebre Sellassie: Pharmaceutical Pelletization Technology, Marcel Dekker, INC, New York.

9. Dilip M. Parikh: Handbook of Pharmaceutical Granulation Technology, Marcel Dekker, INC, New York.

e-Learning Source:

 $\underline{https://drive.google.com/file/d/1uQyrQF\ 84rkbBTcMAbenkThi3VSi8a07/view}$

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PO-PS								ticulati	on Matr		pping of (OS WITH		a PSOS)				
О	PO1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO11	PO12	PSO 1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO 6
CO		_		·		Ů	,			Ů			•					Ů
CO1	3	1	3	3	-	2	3	1	2	-	2	-	3	0	3	-	-	-
CO2	2	2	1	3	-	3	3	-	3	-	2	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO3	2	3	1	1	-	2	3	-	-	-	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO4	2	3	1	1	1	2	3	1	3	-	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO5	2	3	1	1	-	2	3	-	-	-	2	-	3	0	3	-	-	-
CO6	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	-	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO7	2	3	1	1	-	2	3	-	-	-	2	-	3	0	3	-	-	-
CO8	2	3	1	1	-	2	3	-	-	-	2	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO9	2	3	1	1	-	2	3	-	_	-	2	-	3	0	3	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	
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Effective from Sessi	on: 2016-17						
Course Code	BP104T	Title of the Course	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry (Theory)	L	T	P	С
Year	I	Semester	I	3	1	0	4
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM+PCB)	Co-requisite	-				
Course Objectives			methods to determine the impurities in inorganic drugs and naceutical importance of inorganic compounds	pharm	aceutic	als	
		•					

	Course Outcomes								
CO1	Study the monographs of inorganic drugs and pharmaceuticals.								
CO2	Distinguish the sources of impurities and methods to determine the impurities in inorganic drugs and pharmaceuticals.								
CO3	Recognize the medicinal and pharmaceutical importance of inorganic compounds.								
CO4	Know the method of preparation, physical and chemical properties, medicinal and pharmaceutical importance of inorganic compounds.								
CO5	Study of radioisotopes, properties, storage conditions, precautions and pharmaceutical applications of radioactive substances.								

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Cont act Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Impurities in pharmaceutical Substances	History of Pharmacopoeia, Sources and types of impurities, principle involved in the limit test for Chloride, Sulphate, Iron, Arsenic, Lead and Heavy metals, modified limit test for Chloride and Sulphate. General methods of preparation, assay for the compounds superscripted with asterisk (*), properties and medicinal uses of inorganic compounds belonging to the following classes.	10	1
	Acids, Bases and Buffers,	Buffer equations and buffer capacity in general, buffers in pharmaceutical systems, preparation, stability, buffered isotonic solutions, measurements of tonicity, calculations and methods of adjusting isotonicity.		
2	Major extra and intracellular electrolytes,	Functions of major physiological ions, Electrolytes used in the replacement therapy: Sodium chloride*, Potassium chloride, Calcium gluconate* and Oral Rehydration Salt (ORS), Physiological acid base balance.	10	2
	Dental products.	Dentifrices, role of fluoride in the treatment of dental caries, Desensitizing agents, Calcium carbonate, Sodium fluoride, and Zinc eugenol cement.		
3	Gastrointestinal agents	Acidifiers: Ammonium chloride* and Dil. HCl. Antacid: Ideal properties of antacids, combinations of antacids, Sodium Bicarbonate*, Aluminum hydroxide gel, Magnesium hydroxide mixture. Cathartics: Magnesium sulphate, Sodium orthophosphate Kaolin and Bentonite. Antimicrobials: Mechanism, classification, Potassium permanganate, Boric acid, Hydrogen peroxide*, Chlorinated lime*, Iodine and its preparations.	10	3
4	Miscellaneous compounds	Expectorants: Potassium iodide, Ammonium chloride*. Emetics: Copper sulphate*, Sodium potassium tartrate. Hematinics: Ferrous sulphate*, Ferrous gluconate. Poison and Antidote: Sodium thiosulphate*, Activated charcoal, Sodium nitrite. Astringents: Zinc Sulphate, Potash Alum.	8	4
5	Radiopharmaceuticals:	Radiopharmaceuticals: Radio activity, measurement of radioactivity, properties of α , β , γ radiations, half-life, radio isotopes and study of radio isotopes. Sodium iodide I131, storage conditions, precautions & pharmaceutical application of radioactive substances.	7	5

Reference Books:

A.H.Beckett & J.B. Stenlake's, Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry Vol I & II, Stahlone Press of University of London, 4th edition.

A.I. Vogel, Text book of quantitative Inorganic analysis.

P. Gundu Rao, Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry, 3rd edition

M.L. Schroff, Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry

Bentley and Driver's Textbook of Pharmaceutical Chemistry

Anand & Chatwal, Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry

Indian Pharmacopoeia

e-Learning Source:

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/319416437 Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry

						C	ourse A	Articul	ation l	Matrix:	(Mappi	ng of CO	s with PO	s and PS	Os)			
PO- PS O	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	2	-	1	2	-	-	-	-
CO 2	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	2	-	1	3	-	-	-	-
CO 3	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	2	,	2	3	,	,	-	-
CO 4	33	2	3	3	1	2	1	33	2	33	2	ı	1	2	,	-	,	-
CO 5	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	2	-	1	2	-	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	
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Effective from Sessi	Effective from Session: 2016-17										
Course Code	BP105T	Title of the Course	Communication Skills (Theory)	L	T	P	C				
Year	I	Semester	I	2	0	0	2				
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM+PCB)	Co-requisite	-								
Course Objectives	 Communicate effectively managed Develop interview 	etively (Verbal and Non the team as a team play	ver	l oper	ation						

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Students will learn basic concepts/ knowledge of Communication process, its types, Barriers to communication and Perspectives in communication
CO2	Students will learn Elements of communication: Tone, body language, gesture, communication styles, Verbal and Non-verbal mode of communication
CO3	Students will learn about Basic Listening skills: active listening, listening in difficult situations, Written communication: shades of meaning, complexity of topic, Audience factor, organization of the message
CO4	Students will be made aware about Interview skills, Do's and Don'ts of an interview, Presentation skills: planning and structuring, delivery and techniques of presentation as well
CO5	Students will be made aware about Group Discussion and its nuanced aspects: role of communication skills in GD and Do's and Don'ts of GD

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Communication Skills	Introduction, Definition, The Importance of Communication, The Communication Process – Source, Message, Encoding, Channel, Decoding, Receiver, Feedback, Context Barriers to communication: Physiological Barriers, Physical Barriers, Cultural Barriers, Language Barriers, Gender Barriers, Interpersonal Barriers, Psychological Barriers, Emotional barriers Perspectives in Communication: Introduction, Visual Perception, Language, Other factors affecting our perspective - Past Experiences, Prejudices, Feelings, Environment	7	1
2	Elements of Communication	Introduction, Face to Face Communication - Tone of Voice, Body Language (Non-verbal communication), Verbal Communication, Physical Communication Communication Styles: Introduction, The Communication Styles Matrix with example for each -Direct Communication Style, Spirited Communication Style, Systematic Communication Style, Considerate Communication Style	7	2
3	Basic Listening Skills	Introduction, Self-Awareness, Active Listening, Becoming an Active Listener, Listening in Difficult Situations Effective Written Communication: Introduction, When and When Not to Use Written Communication - Complexity of the Topic, Amount of Discussion' Required, Shades of Meaning, Formal Communication Writing Effectively: Subject Lines, Put the Main Point First, Know Your Audience, Organization of the Message	7	3
4	Interview Skills	Purpose of an interview, Do's and Dont's of an interview Giving Presentations: Dealing with Fears, Planning your Presentation, Structuring Your Presentation, Delivering Your Presentation, Techniques of Delivery	5	4
5	Group Discussion	Introduction, Communication skills in group discussion, Do's and Dont's of group discussion	4	5

Reference Books:

Andreja. J., Basic communication skills for Technology, Ruther Ford, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2011

Gill Hasson., Brilliant- Communication skills, , 1stEdition, Pearson Life, 2011

Kumar, Sanjay and Pushp Lata, Communication Skills. Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2011.

 $Mitra, Barun\ K., Personality\ development\ and\ soft\ skills,\ 1stEdition,\ Oxford\ Press,\ 2011$

e-Learning Source:

https://www.academia.edu/26711514/Basic English Grammar Book 1

						Cour	se Arti	culatio	n Matr	ix: (Mar	ping of	Cos with	POs and F	PSOs)			
PO- PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO										0							
CO1	0	2	2	2	2	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	0	0	0	0	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	0	0	2	2	2	1	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	0	3	2	3	3	3	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	0	2	3	0	3	3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	
	Sign & Seal of HoD



Effective from Sessi	Effective from Session: 2016-17													
Course Code	BP106RBT	Title of the Course	Remedial Biology (Theory)	L	T	P	C							
Year	Ι	Semester	I	2	0	0	2							
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite												
Course Objectives	Understand the	basic components of an	tures of five kingdoms of life latomy & physiology of plant s of anatomy & physiology animal with special reference	to hui	nan									

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Students will be able to learn about basic concept/ Knowledge of animal cell, Aminal Tissue, cell division and cell organelles'
CO2	Students will be able to learn about basic concept/ Knowledge of plant respiration, plant growth and development, plant and mineral nutrition,
	photosynthesis
CO3	Students will be able to learn about classifications & salient feature of five kingdoms of life Anatomy and Physiology human, anatomy and
	physiology of plant
CO4	Students will be able to learn about circulatory, digestive, respiratory and excreatory system of human
CO5	Students will be able to learn about Morphology of plant, Root, Stem, Leaf and its modification

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Living World	Definition and characters of living organisms Diversity in the living world Binomial nomenclature Five kingdom of life and basis of classification. Salient features of Monera, Protista, Fungi, Animalia, and plantae, virus,	7	1, 2
	Morphology of flowering plants	Morphology of different parts of flowering plants-Root, stem, inflorescence, flower, leaf, fruit, seed. General anatomy of Root, stem, leaf of monocotyledons and Di cotyledons		,
	Body fluids and circulation	Composition of blood, blood groups, coagulation of blood. Composition and functions of lymph Human circulatory system Structure of human heart and blood vessels Cardiac cycle, cardiac output, and ECG.		
2	Digestion and Absorption	Human alimentary canal and digestive glands Role of digestive enzymes Digestion, absorption and assimilation of digested food	7	2, 3
	Breathing and respiration	Human respiratory system Mechanism of breathing and its regulation Exchange of gases, Transport of gases and regulation of respiration Respiratory volumes.		
	Excretory products and their elimination	Modes of excretion Human excretory system- structure and function Urine formation Rennin angiotensin system.		
3	Neural control and coordinating Chemical coordination and	Definition and classification of nervous system Structure of a neuron Generation and conduction of nerve impulse Structure of brain and spinal cord Functions of cerebrum, cerebellum, hypothalamus and medulla oblongata	7	2, 3
	regulation Human reproduction	Endocrine glands and their secretions Functions of hormones secreted by endocrine glands	,	2,3
		Parts of female reproductive system Parts of male reproductive system Spermatogenesis and Oogenesis Menstrual cycle		
4	Plants and mineral nutrition	Essential mineral, macro and micronutrients Nitrogen metabolism, Nitrogen cycle, biological nitrogen fixation	5	3, 4
	Photosynthesis	Autotrophic nutrition, photosynthesis, Photosynthetic pigments, Factors af fecting photosynthesis.		
		Respiration, glycolysis, fermentation (anaerobic).		
5	Plant respiration Plant growth and development	Phases and rate of plant growth, Condition of growth, Introduction to plant growth regulators Cell - The unit of life Structure and functions of cell and cell organelles.Cell division	4	2.5
3	Tissues	Definition, types of tissues, location and functions.	7	2, 5

Reference Books:

Text books a. Text book of Biology by S.B.Gokhale b. A Text book of Biology by Dr.Thulajappa and Dr. Seetaram

A Text book of Biology by B.V.Sreenivasa Naidu, A Text book of Biology by Naidu and Murthy.										
Botany for Degree students By A.C.Dutta. Outlines of Zoology by M.Ekambaranatha ayyer and T.N.Ananthakrishnan.										
A manual for pharmaceutical biology practical by S.B.Gokhale and C.K.Kokate.										
e-Learning Source:										
https://biology.org.ua/files/lib/Raven Johnson McGraw-Hill Biology.pdf										

						C	ourse A	Articul	ation I	Matrix:	(Mappi	ng of CO	s with PO	s and PS	Os)			
PO- PS O	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	_	3	2	3	-	_	_
CO	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	-	2	3	2	_	_	_
CO	3	3	2	3	2	1	2	2	3	2	1	-	2	1	2	-	-	_
3 CO 4	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	-	2	2	2	-	-	-
CO 5	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	1	2	2	-	2	2	3	-	-	-

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Effective from Session: 2016-2017												
Course Code	BP 107 P	Title of the Course	Human Anatomy & Physiology- I (Practical)	L	T	P	C					
Year	I	Semester	I		0	4	2					
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	70	0	4	2							
Course Objectives	 Structure and function Describe the various h Appreciate the coordin Explain the gross mor Identify the various tis 	comeostatic mechanisms nated working pattern of of Human body at cellu comeostatic mechanisms nated working pattern of phology, structure and fi ssues and organs of diffe	and their imbalance. different organs of each system lar level.									

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Gain knowledge of the basic structural organisation of human body; Understand the levels of organization at cellular level.
CO2	Understand the structural and functional classification of skeletal system.
CO3	Learn the role of blood and lymph; Understand the function of Lymphatic system.
CO4	Learn the concepts of Peripheral Nervous System and special senses.
CO5	Understand the structural and functional classification of Cardio-vascular system.

Experiment No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Microscope	Study of compound microscope.	4	1
2	Tissues	Microscopic study of epithelial and connective tissue Microscopic study of muscular and nervous tissue	4	1, 4
3	Chalatal avatam	Identification of axial bones.	4	2
3	Skeletal system	Identification of appendicular bones.	4	2
		Introduction to hemocytometry.	4	3
		Enumeration of white blood cell (WBC) count	4	3
		Enumeration of total red blood corpuscles (RBC) count	4	3
4	Blood & lymphatic	Determination of bleeding time	4	3
4	system	Determination of clotting time	4	3
		Estimation of hemoglobin content	4	3
		Determination of blood group	4	3
		Determination of blood group	4	3
=	Cardiovascular	Determination of pulse rate and heart rate.	4	5
5	system	Recording the blood pressure.	4	5

Reference Books:

Practical workbook of Human Physiology by K. Srinageswari and Rajeev Sharma, Jaypee brother's medical publishers, New Delhi.

Textbook of Practical Physiology by C.L. Ghai, Jaypee brother's medical publishers, New Delhi

E-Learning Source:

 $\underline{https://colbournecollege.weebly.com/uploads/2/3/7/9/23793496/ross-and-wilson-anatomy-and-physiology-in-health-a.pdf}$

						Cour	se Arti	culatio	n Matr	ix: (Map	ping of	COs witl	h POs and	l PSOs)				
PO- PS O	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6
CO 1	2	1	1	1	-	1	3	2	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	-	-	-
CO 2	-	-	2	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
CO 3	-	-	1	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
CO 4	1	-	1	1	-	-	3	1	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-



5	-	ı	2	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	ı	
	1-				Low C	Correla	tion; 2-	Moder	; 3- Sub	stantial (Correlatio	n							
			Nan	ne & S	ign of P	rogram	Coord	inator											
													Si	gn & Sea	l of HoD				



Effective from Sessio	Effective from Session: 2016-17												
Course Code	BP108P	Title of the Course	L	T	P	C							
Year	I	Semester	I			1,							
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite] ⁰	0	4	2						
Course Objectives 1. Understand the principles of volumetric and electro chemical analysis 2. Carryout various volumetric and electrochemical titrations 3. Develop analytical skills													

	Course Outcomes										
CO1	Understand the knowledge on preparatory pharmacy and professional way of evaluating various conventional drugs, raw materials and										
	formulations.										
CO2	Explain the theoretical basis of commonly used statistical methods & correctly analyze & interpret the results of statistical data from										
	surveys, experiments & observational studies.										
CO3	Illustrate sources of errors in analytical techniques, methods to minimize them.										
CO4	Describe the various titrimetric and electrochemical methods of analysis and their application in quality control of pharmaceuticals										
CO5	Describe gravimetry and limit tests-principles and applications.										

Unit No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Limit Test	Chloride Sulphate Iron Arsenic	4	1, 2
2	Preparation and standardization	Sodium hydroxide Sulphuric acid Sodium thiosulfate Potassium permanganate Ceric ammonium sulphate	4	3, 4
3	Assay of compounds along with Standardization of Titrant	Ammonium chloride by acid base titration Ferrous sulphate by Cerimetry Copper sulphate by Iodometry Calcium gluconate by complexometry Hydrogen peroxide by Permanganometry Sodium benzoate by non-aqueous titration Sodium Chloride by precipitation titration	4	4, 5
4	Determination of Normality by electro-analytical methods	Conductometric titration of strong acid against strong base Conductometric titration of strong acid and weak acid against strong base Potentiometric titration of strong acid against strong base	4	1, 2, 5

Reference Books:

A.H. Beckett & J.B. Stenlake's, Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry Vol I & II, Stahlone

Press of University of London

A.I. Vogel, Text Book of Quantitative Inorganic analysis

P. Gundu Rao, Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry

Bentley and Driver's Textbook of Pharmaceutical Chemistry

John H. Kennedy, Analytical chemistry principles

Indian Pharmacopoeia.

e-Learning Source:

https://gtu.ge/Agro-Lib/Vogels TEXTBOOK OF QUANTITATIVE CHEMICAL ANALYSIS 5th ed - G H Jeffery.MsuCity.pdf

						Cours	e Artic	ulation	Matrix	x: (Mapp	oing of C	Os with	POs and	PSOs)				
PO- PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO																		
CO1	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO3	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO4	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO5	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-

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Effective from Session: 2016	- 17						
Course Code	BP109P	Title of the Course	Pharmaceutics-I (Practical)	L	T	P	C
Year	I	Semester	I	0	0	4	2
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	2. Und 3. Und		rent dosage forms, pharmaceutical incompatibilities and phray of handling the prescription	armac	eutical o	calculati	ions

	Course Outcomes									
CO1	Describe about powders and liquid dosage forms, excipients used in formulation of liquid dosage forms and solubility enhancement									
	techniques.									
CO2	Explain the different types of monophasic liquids formulations along with their preparation methods.									
CO3	To understand the Pharmaceutical calculations, its different system along with methods of calculation.									
CO4	Explain the biphasic liquids formulations, stability problems associated with these formulations and the methods to overcome these problems.									
CO5	To know about suppository, its methods of preparation, Displacement value & its calculations.									

Exper iment No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Syrup	To Prepare & submit 10 ml simple syruyp IP' 66 To prepare and submit 20ml Ferrous phosphate syrup BPC'68	4	1
2	Elixir	To prepare and submit 20ml Paracetamol pediatric elixir. To prepare and submit 20ml Piperazine citrate elixir.	4	4
3	Linctus	To prepare and submit 10 ML Iodine throat paint. To prepare and submit 20ml Terpentine Liniment.	4	2
4	Solutions	To prepare and submit 20ml strong ammonium acetate solution. To prepare and submit 20ml cresol with sope solution. To prepare and submit 10ml Lugol's solution	4	2, 4
5	Suspension	To prepare and submit 20ml calamine lotion. To prepare and submit 20 ml aluminium hydroxide suspension. To prepare and submit 20 ml magnesium hydroxide mixture.	4	4
6	Emulsion	To prepare and submit 20ml Terpentine Liniment. To prepare and submit 20 ml Liquid paraffin emulsion.	4	4
7	Powders granules	To prepare and submit 10gm of eutectic powder. To prepare and submit 10gm of effervescent powder. To prepare and submit 10gm of dusting powder. To prepare and submit 10gm of divided powder.	4	1
8	Suppositories	To prepare and submit 6 Boric acid suppositories (calculate for 8) To prepare and submit 6 zinc oxide suppositories (calculate for 8)	4	5
9	Semisolids	To prepare and submit 20gm Sulphur ointment	4	5
10	Gargles Mouthwash	To prepare and submit 10 ml iodine gargle	4	2

e-Learning Source:

 $\underline{https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/Lachman_Lieberman_s_the_Theory_and_Pract/EyXwngEACAAJ?hl=en_theory_and_Pract/EyXwngEACAAJ?hl=en$

					Course	e Articu	lation M	atrix: (Ma	apping of	COs with	h POs and	d PSOs)						
PO-P SO	PO	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO1	PS O	PS O	PS O	PS O	PS O5	P S O
CO	1											2	1	2	3	4	03	6
CO1	2	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	3	2	1	-	3	0	3	ı	ı	-
CO2	2	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	3	2	1	-	3	3	3	ı	ı	-
CO3	2	3	1	1	-	2	3	-	-	-	2	-	3	2	3	ı	ı	-
CO4	2	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	3	2	1	-	3	2	3	ı	ı	-
CO5	2	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	3	2	1	-	3	0	3	ı	ı	-
CO6	2	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	3	2	1	-	3	2	3	-	-	-



							0												
	CO7	2	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	3	2	1	1	3	0	3	ı	ı	-
	CO8	2	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	3	2	1	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
ĺ	CO9	2	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	3	2	1	-	3	0	3	-	-	-

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Effective from Session: 2016	-17						
Course Code	BP 110P	Title of the Course	Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry (Practical)	L	T	P	C
Year	I	Semester	I	0	0	4	2
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	pharmaceutica 2. Sol	l industry we the different types of	problems by applying practical knowledge. tegies for the preparation of Inorganic Pharmaceuticals.	l their	applica	ition in	the

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Knowledge about the techniques that how impurity of some samples may be finding out by performing limit test & identification of some
	inorganic compounds.
CO2	Test for purity by various techniques.
CO3	Comprehend the strategies for the preparation of some inorganic Pharmaceuticals.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO	
1	Limit tests for following ions	Limit test for Chlorides and Sulphates Modified limit test for Chlorides and Sulphates Limit test for Iron Limit test for Heavy metals Limit test for Lead Limit test for Arsenic	20	1
2	Identification test	Magnesium hydroxide Ferrous sulphate Sodium bicarbonate Calcium gluconate Copper sulphate	20	3
3	Test for purity Swelling power of Bentonite Neutralizing capacity of aluminum hydroxide gel Determination of potassium iodate and iodine in potassium Iodide		20	2
4	Preparation of inorganic Boric acid Potash alum Ferrous sulphate pharmaceuticals		20	3

Reference Books:

- A.H. Beckett & J.B. Stenlake's, Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry Vol I & II, Stahlone Press of University of London, 4th edition.
- A.I. Vogel, Text Book of Quantitative Inorganic analysis
- P. Gundu Rao, Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry, 3rd Edition
- M.L Schroff, Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry

Bentley and Driver's Textbook of Pharmaceutical Chemistry

Anand & Chatwal, Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry

Indian Pharmacopoeia

e-Learning Source:

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/338447994 Practical Manual of Pharmaceutical Inorganic Chemistry

Course Articulation Matrix: (mapping of COs with POs and PSOs PO-P PS PS PSO PSO PSO PS SO PO₁ PO₂ PO3 PO4 PO₅ PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10 PO11 O 01 CO 3 3 3 2 0 3 2 0 3 2 1 CO₁ 3 2 3 2 0 2 2 0 3 2 1 3 1 3 CO₂ 2 CO3 3 3

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Effective from Session: 2016-17									
Course Code	BP112RBP	Title of the Course	Remedial Biology	L	Т	P	C		
Year	I	Semester	I	0	0	3	0		
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite							
Course Objectives	2. This subject occurring drugs and	et has been introduced its history, sources, cl	plant and animal origin. I to the pharmacy course in order to make the student a assification, distribution and the characters of the plant ion to Pharmacognosy.				ally		

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Students will be able to learn about basic concept/ Knowledge of animal cell and cell organelles'
CO2	Students will be able to learn about basic concept/ Knowledge of animal tissue and their types.
CO3	Students will be able to learn about internal morphology (Anatomy and Physiology) of frog which can correlate with human anatomy and physiology
CO4	Students will be able to learn about Animal Kingdom and Taxonomy.
CO5	Students will be able to learn about Morphology of plant, Root, Stem, Leaf and its modification

Exper iment No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO				
1	Microscope	Study of microscope	3	2				
2	Section cutting	To study the techniques involve in section cutting, mounting and staining	3	1				
3	Permanent slide	Preparation of permanent slide	3	5				
4	Cell	Study of cell and its inclusions	3	5				
5	Stem	Study of stem, root, leaf	3	5				
6	Frog	Detailed study of frog	3	5				
7	Tissues	Identification of different tissues	3	3				
8	Bones	Identification of bones	3	5				
9	Blood group	Determination of blood group	3	3				
10	Blood pressure	Determination of blood pressure	3	3				
11	Tidal volume	Determination of tidal volume	ilume 3					

e-Learning Source:

https://pharmacyinfoline.com/remedial-mathematics-biology-pharm-d/

https://byjus.com/ncert-books-class-11-biology/

https://biology.org.ua/files/lib/Raven Johnson McGraw-Hill Biology.pdf

				С	ourse Ar	ticulation	n Matrix	: (Mappi	ng of CO	s with PC	Os and I	PSOs)						
PO-P SO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO1	P O	PS O	PS O	PS O	PS O	PS O	PS O6
CO											•	12	1	2	3	4	5	00
CO1	2	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	2	1	-	-	-
CO2	2	2	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	2	-	1	-
CO3	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	2	1	1	-	-	-
CO4	3	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	2	1	1	-	-	-
CO5	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	-	1	1	1	-	-	-

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Effective from Sessio	Effective from Session: 2016-17								
Course Code	BP202T	Title of the Course	of the Course Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry – I (Theory)		T	P	C		
Year	I	Semester	II	,	1		4		
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite	Co-requisite Correlating the organic chemistry with pharmaceuticals			0	4		
Course Objectives	2. Write the reaction,3. Account for reactive	, name and the type of i name the reaction and ovity/stability of compound identification of organ	nds,						

	Course Outcomes					
CO1	Recognize the classification, nomenclature and structural isomerism in organic compounds.					
CO2	Account the preparation and reactions of alkanes, alkenes and conjugated dienes.					
CO3	Explore the methods of synthesis, reactions and uses of alkyl halides and alcohols.					
CO4	Investigate the synthetic routes, nucleophilic addition reactions, qualitative tests utilized for carbonyl compounds.					
CO5	Evaluate the preparation, effect of substituents on reactivity, structure and uses of carboxylic acids & aliphatic amines.					

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
		n and reactions of compounds superscripted with asterisk (*) to be explained To emphas issms, applications, examples and differences	ize on defin	ition, types,
1	Classification, nomenclature and isomerism:	Classification of Organic Compounds Common and IUPAC systems of nomenclature of organic compounds (up to 10 Carbons open chain and carbocyclic compounds) Structural isomerisms in organic compounds	7	1
2	Alkanes, Alkenes and Conjugated dienes	sp³ hybridization in alkanes, Halogenation of alkanes, uses of paraffins. Stabilities of alkenes, sp² hybridization in alkenes. E¹ and E² reactions – kinetics, order of reactivity of alkyl halides, rearrangement of carbocations, Saytzeffs orientation and evidences. E¹ verses E² reactions, Factors affecting E¹ and E² reactions. Ozonolysis, electrophilic addition reactions of alkenes, Markownikoff's orientation, free radical addition reactions of alkenes, Anti Markownikoff's orientation. Stability of conjugated dienes, Diel-Alder, electrophilic addition, free radical addition reactions of conjugated dienes, allylic rearrangement	10	2
3	Alkyl halides Alcohols	SN¹ and SN² reactions - kinetics, order of reactivity of alkyl halides, stereochemistry and rearrangement of carbocations. SN¹ versus SN² reactions, Factors affecting SN¹ and SN² reactions Structure and uses of ethylchloride, Chloroform, trichloroethylene, tetrachloroethylene, dichloromethane, tetrachloromethane and iodoform. Qualitative tests, Structure and uses of Ethyl alcohol, Methyl alcohol, chlorobutanol, Cetosteryl alcohol, Benzyl alcohol, Glycerol, Propylene glycol	10	3
4	Carbonyl compounds (Aldehydes and ketones)	Nucleophilic addition, Electromeric effect, aldol condensation, Crossed Aldol condensation, Cannizzaro reaction, Crossed Cannizzaro reaction, Benzoin condensation, Perkin condensation, qualitative tests, Structure and uses of Formaldehyde, Paraldehyde, Acetone, Chloral hydrate, Hexamine, Benzaldehyde, Vanilin, Cinnamaldehyde.	10	4
5	Carboxylic acids Aliphatic amines	Acidity of carboxylic acids, effect of substituents on acidity, inductive effect and qualitative tests for carboxylic acids, amide and ester Structure and Uses of Acetic acid, Lactic acid, Tartaric acid, Citric acid, Succinic acid. Oxalic acid, Salicylic acid, Benzoic acid, Benzyl benzoate, Dimethyl phthalate, Methyl salicylate and Acetyl salicylic acid Basicity, effect of substituent on Basicity. Qualitative test, Structure and uses of Ethanolamine, Ethylenediamine, Amphetamine	8	5

- 1. Organic Chemistry by Morrison and Boyd
- 2. Organic Chemistry by I.L. Finar , Volume-I
- 3. Textbook of Organic Chemistry by B.S. Bahl & Arun Bahl.
- 4. Organic Chemistry by P.L.Soni
- 5. Practical Organic Chemistry by Mann and Saunders.
- 6. Vogel's text book of Practical Organic Chemistry
- 7. Advanced Practical organic chemistry by N.K.Vishnoi.
- 8. Introduction to Organic Laboratory techniques by Pavia, Lampman and Kriz.
- 9. Reaction and reaction mechanism by Ahluwaliah/Chatwal.

e-Learning Source:

https://chem.libretexts.org/Bookshelves/Organic Chemistry

https://www.masterorganicchemistry.com/

 $\underline{https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/Advanced_Practical_Organic_Chemistry_Thi/lpv9D2hin6gC?hl=en\&gbpv=1\&dq=organic+chemistry\&printsections continuous continuou$

 $\underline{https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/Intermediate_Organic_Chemistry/2YdxBgAAQBAJ?hl=en\&gbpv=1\&dq=organic+chemistry\&printsec=frontcover}$

						C	ourse A	Articul	ation I	Matrix:	(Mappi	ng of CO	s with PC	s and PS	Os)			
PO- PS O	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO 2	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO 3	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO 4	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO 5	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	-

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Effective from Session: 2016-	-17						
Course Code	BP203T	Title of the Course	Biochemistry (Theory)	L	T	P	C
Year	I	Semester	II	3	1	0	4
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	diagnosti 2. Understa	c applications of enzym nd the metabolism of nu	es. etrient molecules in physiological and pathological conditions ation of mammalian genome and functions of DNA in the				

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Understand the importance of metabolism of substrates and their bioregulation
CO2	Will acquire chemistry and biological importance of biological macromolecules
CO3	Acquainted with qualitative and quantitative estimation of the biological macromolecules
CO4	Know, understand and apply the interpretation of data emanating from a Diagnostic Test Lab
CO5	To know how physiological conditions and their variation influence the structures and reactivities of biomolecules
CO6	To understand the basic principles of protein and polysaccharide structure

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Biomolecules Bioenergetics	Introduction, classification, chemical nature and biological role of carbohydrate, lipids, nucleic acids, amino acids and proteins. Concept of free energy, endergonic and exergonic reaction, Relationship between free energy, enthalpy and entropy; Redox potential. Energy rich compounds; classification; biological significances of ATP and cyclic AMP	08	1,2,3,4,5,6
2	Carbohydrate metabolism Biological oxidation	Glycolysis – Pathway, energetics and significance Citric acid cycle- Pathway, energetics and significance, HMP shunt and its significance; Glucose-6-Phosphate dehydrogenase (G6PD) deficiency, Glycogen metabolism Pathways and glycogen storage diseases (GSD),Gluconeogenesis- Pathway and its significance, Hormonal regulation of blood glucose level and Diabetes mellitus Electron transport chain (ETC) and its mechanism. Oxidative phosphorylation & its mechanism and substrate Phosphorylation. Inhibitors ETC and oxidative phosphorylation/Uncouplers level	10	1,2,3,4,5,6
3	Lipid metabolism Amino acid metabolism	Formation and utilization of ketone bodies; ketoacidosis ß-Oxidation of saturated fatty acid (Palmitic acid) De novo synthesis of fatty acids (Palmitic acid), Biological significance of cholesterol and conversion of cholesterol into bile acids, steroid hormone and vitamin D, Disorders of lipid metabolism: Hypercholesterolemia, atherosclerosis, fatty liver and obesity. General reactions of amino acid metabolism: Transamination, deamination & decarboxylation, urea cycle and its disorders Catabolism of phenylalanine and tyrosine and their metabolic disorders(Phenyketonuria, Albinism, alkeptonuria, tyrosinemia) Synthesis and significance of biological substances; 5-HT, melatonin, dopamine, noradrenaline, adrenaline Catabolism of heme; hyperbilirubinemia and jaundice	10	1,2,3,4,5,6
4	Nucleic acid metabolism and genetic information transfer	Biosynthesis of purine and pyrimidine nucleotides Catabolism of purine nucleotides and Hyperuricemia and Gout disease Organization of mammalian genome Structure of DNA and RNA and their functions DNA replication (semi conservative model) Transcription or RNA synthesis Genetic code, Translation or Protein synthesis and inhibitors	10	1,2,3,4,5,6
5	Enzymes	Introduction, properties, nomenclature and IUB classification of enzymes, Enzyme kinetics (Michaelis plot, Line Weaver Burke plot) Enzyme inhibitors with examples, Regulation of enzymes: enzyme induction and repression, allosteric enzymes regulation. Therapeutic and diagnostic applications of enzymes and isoenzymes Coenzymes –Structure and biochemical functions	07	1,2,3,4,5,6

Reference Books:

- 1. Principles of Biochemistry by Lehninger.
- 2. Harper's Biochemistry by Robert K. Murry, Daryl K. Granner and Victor W. Rodwell.
- 3. Biochemistry by Stryer.
- 4. Biochemistry by D. Satyanarayan and U.Chakrapani
- 5. Textbook of Biochemistry by Rama Rao.
- 6. Textbook of Biochemistry by Deb.
- 7. Outlines of Biochemistry by Conn and Stumpf
- 8. Practical Biochemistry by R.C. Gupta and S. Bhargavan.
 9. Introduction of Practical Biochemistry by David T. Plummer. (3rd Edition)

10. Practical Biochemistry for Medical students by Rajagopal and Ramakrishna.11. Practical Biochemistry by Harold Varley.
e-Learning Source:
https://www.researchgate.net/publication/347983332_Biochemistry_Basics

					Cou	rse Artic	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)											
PO-P SO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PS	PS	PS	P S	PS	PS
CO	101	102	103	104	103	100	10/	108	109	1010	1011	1012	O1	O2	О3	O 4	O5	O6
CO1	3	2	3	3	1	1	1	2	2	3	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	2	3	3	1	1	1	2	2	3	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO3	3	2	3	3	1	1	1	2	2	3	2	-	3	2	3	1	-	-
CO4	3	2	3	3	1	1	1	2	2	3	2	-	3	2	3	1	-	-
CO5	3	2	3	3	1	1	1	2	2	3	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO6	3	2	3	3	1	1	1	2	2	3	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-

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Effective from Session: 2016	-17						
Course Code	BP 204T	Title of the Course	Pathophysiology (Theory)	L	T	P	C
Year	I	Semester	II	3	1	-	-
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	Describe the etiol Name the signs at Mention the comp	nd symptoms of th					

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Basic principles of cell injury, adaptation along with basic mechanism involved in the process of inflammation and repair.
CO2	Students will be demonstrated with a basic understanding of the concepts and elements and will learn also learn about various diseases of
	the cardiovascular system
CO3	Students will understand the mechanisms, the diagnosis, and the treatment of diseases of the haematological and endocrine system and they
	will understand the mechanisms, the diagnosis, and the treatment of diseases of the nervous and gastrointestinal system
CO4	Students will learn about different infectious diseases and they will get preliminary information about the sexually transmitted disease
CO5	Students will develop basic understanding of the concepts and elements of Inflammatory and liver disease. They will develop a basic
	understanding of cancer and the disease of bones and joints.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Basic principles of Cell injury and Adaptation	Introduction, definitions, Homeostasis, Components and Types of Feedback systems, Causes of cellular injury, Pathogenesis (Cell membrane damage, Mitochondrial damage, Ribosome damage, Nuclear damage), Morphology of cell injury – Adaptive changes (Atrophy, Hypertrophy, hyperplasia, Metaplasia, Dysplasia), Cell swelling, Intra cellular accumulation, Calcification, Enzyme leakage and Cell Death Acidosis & Alkalosis, Electrolyte imbalance Basic mechanism involved in the process of inflammation and repair: Introduction, Clinical signs of inflammation, Different types of Inflammation, Mechanism of Inflammation – Alteration in vascular permeability and blood flow, migration of WBC's, Mediators of inflammation, Basic principles of wound healing in the skin, Pathophysiology of Atherosclerosis	10	1
2	Cardiovascular System:	Hypertension, congestive heart failure, ischemic heart disease (angina, myocardial infarction, atherosclerosis and arteriosclerosis) Respiratory system: Asthma, Chronic obstructive airways diseases. Renal system: Acute and chronic renal failure.	10	2
3	Hematological Diseases:	Iron deficiency, megaloblastic anaemia (Vit B12 and folic acid), sickle cell anaemia, thalassemia, hereditary acquired anaemia, haemophilia Endocrine system: Diabetes, thyroid diseases, disorders of sex hormones Nervous system: Epilepsy, Parkinson's disease, stroke, psychiatric disorders: depression, schizophrenia and Alzheimer's disease. Gastrointestinal system: Peptic Ulcer	10	3
4	Inflammatory Diseases	Inflammatory bowel diseases, jaundice, hepatitis (A, B, C, D, E, F) alcoholic liver disease. Disease of bones and joints: Rheumatoid arthritis, osteoporosis and gout Principles of cancer: classification, aetiology and pathogenesis of cancer	8	4
5	Infectious diseases	Meningitis, Typhoid, Leprosy, Tuberculosis, Urinary tract infections Sexually transmitted diseases: AIDS, Syphilis, Gonorrhoea	7	5

Reference Books:

Vinay Kumar, Abul K. Abas, Jon C. Aster; Robbins & Cotran Pathologic Basis of Disease; South Asia edition; India; Elsevier; 2014.

HarshMohan; Text book of Pathology; 6th edition; India; Jaypee Publications; 2010.

Laurence B, Bruce C, Bjorn K.; Goodman Gilman's The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics; 12th edition; New York; McGraw-Hill; 2011.

Best, Charles Herbert 1899-1978; Taylor, Norman Burke 1885-1972; West, John B (John Burnard); Best and Taylor's Physiological basis of medical practice; 12th ed; United States;

Nicki R. Colledge, Brian R. Walker, Stuart H. Ralston; Davidson's Principles and Practice of Medicine; 21st edition; London; ELBS/Churchill Livingstone; 2010.

Guyton A, John .E Hall; Textbook of Medical Physiology; 12th edition; WB Saunders Company; 2010.

Joseph DiPiro, Robert L. Talbert, Gary Yee, Barbara Well, L. Michael Posey. Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiological Approach; 9th edition; London; McGraw-Hill Medical; 2014.

V. Kumar, R. S. Cotran and S. L. Robbins; Basic Pathology; 6th edition; Philadelphia; WB Saunders Company; 1997.

Roger Walker, Clive Edwards; Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics; 3rd edition; London; Churchill Livingstone publication; 2003.

e-Learning Source:

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/332099805_PATHOPHYSIOLOGY

 $\underline{https://books.google.co.in/books?id=KwYIsLRvDp4C\&printsec=frontcover\&redir_esc=y\#v=onepage\&g\&f=false=fal$

						Cot	ırse Aı	rticula	tion Mat	rix: (Map	ping of C	Os with PC	s and P	SOs)				
PO-PS O CO	PO1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO6
CO1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	-	0	1	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	-	0	1	3	-	-	-
CO3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	-	0	1	3	-	-	-
CO4	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	-	0	1	3	-	-	-
CO5	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	-	0	1	3	-	-	-

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Effective from Session:	2016-2017								
Course Code	BP207P	Title of the Course	Human Anatomy & Physiology II (Practical)	L	Т	P	C		
Year	I	Semester	II	-	-	4	Ţ-		
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	M/PCB) Co-requisite							
Course Objectives	2. Describe the various 3. Identify the various 4. Perform the hemate blood pressure, heart i 5. Appreciate coordina	s homeostatic mech tissues and organs o logical tests like blo rate, pulse and respinated working pattern	e and functions of various organs of the human body. anisms and their imbalances. of different systems of human body. od cell counts, haemoglobin estimation, bleeding/clotting time ratory volume. of different organs of each system in the maintenance of normal functioning (homeostasis) of humans of the country of the			record			

	Course Outcomes
CO1	The chief objective of the unit was to provide basic knowledge about the ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY OF NERVOUS SYSTEM
CO2	This subject is designed to impart basic knowledge about the anatomy and physiology of gastrointestinal system and its accessory organ.
CO3	The chief objective of this unit is to provide basic knowledge of functioning of respiratory system and urinary system.
CO4	This subject is designed to impart basic knowledge on the area of endocrinology. To study the anatomy and physiology of various endocrine glands
CO5	The chief objective of the unit was to provide basic knowledge of anatomy and physiology of male and female reproductive system

Exper iment No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Integumentary System	To study the Integumentary System with the help pof chart & model. To record body temperature.	4	1
2	Nervous System	To study the nervous system with the help of chart & model.	4	1
3	Endocrine System	To study the endocrine system with the help of chart & model.	4	4
4	Neurological Experiment	To demonstrate the general neurological examination. To demonstrate positive & negative feedback mechanism.	4	1
5	Olfactory Nerve	To demonstrate the function of olfactory nerve. To demonstrate the visual & reflect activity.	4	1
6	Tongue (Sense Organ)	To examine the different type of taste with the help of chart & model. To study the special sense organ.	4	5
7	Tidal Volume, Vital Capacity & Basal Mass Index	Determination of Tidal volume & Vital capacity. Recording of Basal Mass Index	4	2
8	Digestive System	To study the digestive system with help of chart & model.	4	5
9	Respiratory System	To study the respiratory system with help of chart & model	4	3
10	Cadiovascular System	To study the cardiovascular system with help of chart & model	4	3
11	Urinary Sstem	To study the urinary system with help of chart & model	4	3
12	Reproductive System & Family Planning Devices	To study the reproductive system with help of chart & model To study of family planning devices & pregnancy diagnostic test.	4	5
13	Blood cell count & Permanent slides of vital organ	Demonstration of total blood count by cell analyser . Permanent slides of vital organ & gonads	4	5

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/320452449 A Practical Book of Human Anatomy Physiology - II

				(Course Ai	rticulatio	n Matrix	: (Mappi	ng of CO	s with Po	Os and I	PSOs)						
PO-P SO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO1	PO12	PS O1	P S O	P S O	P S O	P S O	P S
CO											1		01	2	3	4	5	6
CO1	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	ı	-
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
CO4	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	ı	-
CO5	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



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Effective from Session	Effective from Session: 2016-2017								
Course Code	BP208P Title of the Course Pharm		Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I (Practical)	L	Т	P	С		
Year	Ι	Semester	II	0	0	4	2		
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB) Co-requisite								
Course Objectives	2. Able to identify and3. Follow the safety pr4. Adopt proper skills	characterize the orgocedure to set up gl	ling, and molecular geometry based on the accepted model. ganic compound by various qualitative tests. assware and apparatus to conduct experiments in organic chen s of a practical investigation concisely by referring to the avail ect of overuse of organic products in daily life.	•		es.			

Course	Outcomes
CO1	To Follow the safety procedure to set up glassware and apparatus to conduct experiments in organic chemistry. Adopt proper skills to present
	the results of a practical investigation concisely by referring to the available resources.
CO2	To identify and characterize the organic compound by various qualitative tests.
CO3	To analyze some unknown organic compounds
CO4	To prepare some important organic compounds by adopting simple synthetic protocols and procedures.
	Able to communicate the hazardous effect of overuse of organic products in daily life.
CO5	Predict atomic structure, chemical bonding, and molecular geometry based on the accepted model.

Experi ment No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Systematic qualitative analysis of unknown organic compounds like	Preliminary test: Color, odour, aliphatic/aromatic compounds, saturation and unsaturation, etc.	4	1,2
2	Detection of elements	Nitrogen, Sulphur and Halogen by Lassaigne's test	4	1,2
3	Solubility test	Solubility test	4	1,2
4	Functional group test	Phenols, Amides/ Urea, Carbohydrates, Amines, Carboxylic acids, Aldehydes and Ketones, Alcohols, Esters, Aromatic and Halogenated Hydrocarbons, Nitro compounds and Anilides.	4	1,2
5	Melting point/Boiling point	organic compounds	4	1,2
6	Melting point/Boiling point	the literature using melting point/ boiling point.	4	1,2
7	Preparation of derivatives	confirmation of the unknown compound by melting point/ boiling point.	4	1,2,3
8	Analysis of organic compounds	Minimum 5 unknown organic compounds to be analysed systematically.	4	1,3
9	Preparation of suitable solid derivatives from organic compounds	Preparation of suitable solid derivatives from organic compounds	4	4
10	Construction of molecular models	Construction of molecular models	4	5

					Course	Articula	tion Mat	rix: (Ma	pping of (COs with	POs and P	SOs)						
PO-P SO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO1	PS O	PS O	PS O	PS O	PS O	P S
CO	101	102	103	104	103	100	107	100	10)	1010	1011	2	1	2	3	4	5	O 6
CO1	3	2	3	3	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	0	3	1	3	ı	1	-
CO2	3	2	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	0	3	1	3	-	-	-
CO3	3	2	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	0	3	1	2	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	2	3	1	1	1	1	2	1	3	0	3	1	2	-	-	-
CO5	3	2	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	0	3	1	2	-	-	-



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Effective from Session: 2016-2017								
Course Code	BP209P	Title of the Course	Biochemistry (Practical)	L	Т	P	C	
Year	I	Semester	II	3	1	0	4	
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB	Co-requisite						
Course Objectives	1. Understand the catalytic role of enzymes, importance of enzyme inhibitors in design of new drugs, therapeutic and diagnostic applications of enzymes. 2. Understand the metabolism of nutrient molecules in physiological and pathological conditions. 3. Understand the genetic organization of mammalian genome and functions of DNA in the synthesis of RNAs and proteins.							

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Understand the importance of metabolism of substrates and their bio regulation
CO2	Will acquire chemistry and biological importance of biological macromolecules
CO3	Acquainted with qualitative and quantitative estimation of the biological macromolecules
CO4	Know, understand and apply the interpretation of data emanating from a Diagnostic Test Lab
CO5	To know how physiological conditions and their variation influence the structures and relativities of biomolecules

Exper iment No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO		
1	Qualitative test of carbohydrates	Qualitative analysis of carbohydrates (Glucose, Fructose, Lactose, Maltose, Sucrose and starch)	4	2		
2	Qualitative test of Proteins	Identification tests for Proteins (albumin and Casein)	4	4		
3	Qualitative test of reducing sugars.	alitative test of Quantitative analysis of reducing sugars (DNSA method)				
4	Qualitative analysis of urine	Qualitative analysis of urine for abnormal constituents of urine.	4	2		
5	Blood Creatinine estimation	Determination of blood creatinine	4	5		
6	Blood sugar estimation	Determination of blood sugar	4	5		
7	Total cholesterol estimation.	Determination of serum total cholesterol	4	5		
8	Introduction of buffers	Preparation of buffer solution and measurement of pH	4	1		
9	Hydrolysis of starch	Study of enzymatic hydrolysis of starch	4	2		
10	Amylase activity	Determination of Salivary amylase activity	4	4		
11	Effect of temperature on enzymes.	Study the effect of Temperature on Salivary amylase activity.	4	3		
12	Effect of concentration on enzymes.	Study the effect of substrate concentration on salivary amylase activity.	4	3		
e-Lear	ning Source:					

 $\underline{https://www.amazon.in/Practical-Biochemistry-Damodaran-Geetha-K/dp/9351529940}$

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO-PS O CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO 8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO1 2	PSO 1	PS 02	PS O 3	PS O 4	PS O 5	PSO 6
CO1	3	2	3	3	1	1	1	2	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	2	3	3	1	1	1	2	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	3	2	3	3	1	1	1	2	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	3	2	3	3	1	1	1	2	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
CO5	3	2	3	3	1	1	1	2	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	1	1	-



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Effective from Session:	Effective from Session: 2017-18							
Course Code	BP301T	Title of the Course	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-I (Theory)	L	Т	P	C	
Year	II	Semester	III	3	1	0	4	
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite						
Course Objectives	2. Write the reaction	on, name the reaction an ctivity/stability of comp	f isomerism of the organic compound d orientation of reactions ounds,					

	Course Outcomes						
CO1	Understand the concept of aromaticity, structure and general reactions of Benzene.						
CO2	Recognize different reactions given by different acidic and basic aromatic compounds.						
CO3	Learn about lipids, their types and different analytical constants to find the quality of lipids.						
CO4	Learn about polynuclear hydrocarbons, their reactions and structure elucidation.						
CO5	Learn about cycloalkanes and different theories for the stabilities of cycloalkanes.						

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Benzene and its derivatives	Analytical, synthetic and other evidences in the derivation of structure of benzene, Orbital picture, resonance in benzene, aromatic characters, Huckel's rule Reactions of benzene - nitration, sulphonation, halogenationreactivity, Friedelcrafts alkylation- reactivity, limitations, Friedelcrafts acylation. Substituents, effect of substituents on reactivity and orientation of mono substituted benzene compounds towards electrophilic substitution reaction Structure and uses of DDT, Saccharin, BHC and Chloramine	10	1, 2, 3, 4, 5
2	Phenols Aromatic Amines Aromatic Acids	Acidity of phenols, effect of substituents on acidity, qualitative tests, Structure and uses of phenol, cresols, resorcinol, naphthols Basicity of amines, effect of substituents on basicity, and synthetic uses of aryl diazonium salts Acidity, effect of substituents on aci dit y and important reactions of benzoic acid.	10	1, 2, 3, 4,
3	Fats and Oils	Fatty acids – reactions. Hydrolysis, Hydrogenation, Saponification and Rancidity of oils, Drying oils. Analytical constants – Acid value, Saponification value, Ester value, Iodine value, Acetyl value, Reichert Meissl (RM) value – significance and principle involved in their determination.	10	1, 2, 3, 4, 5
4	Polynuclear hydrocarbons:	Synthesis, reactions Structure and medicinal uses of Naphthalene, Phenanthrene, Anthracene, Diphenylmethane, Triphenylmethane and their derivatives	08	1, 2, 3, 4, 5
5	Cyclo alkanes	Stabilities – Baeyer's strain theory, limitation of Baeyer's strain theory, Coulson and Moffitt's modification, Sachse Mohr's theory (Theory of strainless rings), reactions of cyclopropane and cyclobutane only	07	1, 2, 3, 4, 5

Reference Books:

Introduction to Organic Laboratory techniques by Pavia, Lampman and Kriz.

Organic Chemistry by Morrison and Boyd

Organic Chemistry by I.L. Finar , Volume-I Textbook of Organic Chemistry by B.S. Bahl & Arun Bahl.

Organic Chemistry by P.L.Soni

Practical Organic Chemistry by Mann and Saunders.

Vogel's text book of Practical Organic Chemistry

Advanced Practical organic chemistry by N.K.Vishnoi.

e-Learning Source:

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/348961390_PHARMACEUTICAL_ORGANIC_CHEMISTRY-II_Theory_Practical

						C	ourse A	Articul	ation N	Matrix:	(Mappi	ng of CO	s with PC	s and PS	Os)			
PO- PS O CO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO 2	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO 3	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO 4	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO 5	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO 6	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-

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Effective from Session: 2017-2018							
Course Code	BP302T	Title of the Course	Physical Pharmaceutics-I (Theory)	L	Т	P	C
Year	II	Semester	III	3	1	0	4
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite	-				
Course Objectives	molecules in the 2. Know the princi formulations.	designing of the dosage ples of chemical kinetic	ents shall be able to understand various physicochemical pro- te forms. It is a to use them for stability testing and determination of experties in the formulation development and evaluation of do	oiry da	ite of	g	

	Course Outcomes
CO1	After completion of this course students will be able to understand the mechanisms of solute solvent interactions, different factors which improve solubility of drugs and diffusion principles in biological systems.
CO2	Know about solubility of gas in liquids, solubility of liquid in liquids, Raoult's law, Distribution law and different types of liquids.
CO3	After completion of this course students will be able to understand states of matter and properties of matter, eutectic mixtures and different forms of solids.
CO4	Explain various physicochemical properties of drug molecules in designing the dosage forms.
CO5	After completion of this course students will able to know about surface tension, differentiate between surface and interfacial tension and how to measure surface and interfacial tension by different methods.
CO6	Explain surface active agents, HLB Scale and adsorption at solid interface.
CO7	After completion of this course students will able to know about complexation, different types of complexations, and their methods of analysis.
CO8	Describe protein binding and how protein binding effect on drug action and crystalline structures of complexes.
CO9	After completion of this course students will able to describe pH scale given by Sorensen, its determination methods, buffer isotonic solutions, purpose behind maintaining the isotonicity of drug solution, and buffers in pharmaceutical and biological systems.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Solubility of drugs	Solubility expressions, mechanisms of solute solvent interactions, ideal solubility parameters, solvation & association, quantitative approach to the factors influencing solubility of drugs, diffusion principles in biological systems. Solubility of gas in liquids, solubility of liquids in liquids, (Binary solutions, ideal solutions) Raoult's law, real solutions. Partially miscible liquids, Critical solution temperature and applications. Distribution law, its limitations and applications.	10	1 2
2	States of Matter and properties of matter, Physicochemical properties of drug molecules	State of matter, changes in the state of matter, latent heats, vapour pressure, sublimation critical point, eutectic mixtures, gases, aerosols—inhalers, relative humidity, liquid complexes, liquid crystals, glassy states, solid crystalline, amorphous & polymorphism. Refractive index, optical rotation, dielectric constant, dipole moment, dissociation constant, determinations and applications.	10	3 4
3	Surface and interfacial phenomenon	Liquid interface, surface & interfacial tensions, surface free energy, measurement of surface & interfacial tensions, spreading coefficient, adsorption at liquid interfaces, surface active agents, HLB Scale, solubilisation, detergency, adsorption at solid interface.	10	5 6
4	Complexation and protein binding	Introduction, Classification of Complexation, Applications, methods of analysis, protein binding, Complexation and drug action, crystalline structures of complexes and thermodynamic treatment of stability constants.	8	7 8
5	pH, buffers and Isotonic solutions	Sorensen's pH scale, pH determination (electrometric and calorimetric), applications of buffers, buffer equation, buffer capacity, buffers in pharmaceutical and biological systems, buffered isotonic solutions.	7	9

Reference Books:

Physical Pharmacy by Alfred Martin

Experimental Pharmaceutics by Eugene, Parott

Tutorial Pharmacy by Cooper and Gunn.

Stocklosam J. Pharmaceutical Calculations, Lea &Febiger, Philadelphia.

Liberman H.A, Lachman C., Pharmaceutical Dosage forms, Tablets, Volume-1 to 3, MarcelDekkar Inc.

Liberman H.A, Lachman C, Pharmaceutical Dosage forms. Disperse systems, volume 1, 2, 3. Marcel Dekkar Inc.

Physical Pharmaceutics by Ramasamy C and ManavalanR.

Laboratory Manual of Physical Pharmaceutics, C.V.S. Subramanyam, J. Thimma settee

Physical Pharmaceutics by C.V.S. Subramanyam

e-Learning Source:

http://nootanpharmacy.in/public/upload/KzFTMriwTT6t928jUA8reSCEVXpyDNoknUmMvdCv.pdf

						C	ourse A	Articul	ation I	Matrix:	(Mappi	ng of CO	s with PO	s and PS	Os)			
PO- PS O	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	2	3	-	1	2	3	3	1	2	-	2	-	3	0	3	-	-	-
CO 2	3	3	1	2	3	3	3	ı	3	-	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO 3	2	3	1	2	3	2	3	ı	ı	ı	2	ı	3	3	2	-	ı	-
CO 4	3	3	1	1	1	3	3	1	3	-	2	-	3	0	3	-	-	-
CO 5	2	3	1	1	1	3	3	1	-	-	1	-	3	2	2	-	-	-
CO 6	3	2	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	-	2	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO 7	2	3	1	2	1	3	3	1	-	-	2	-	3	0	3	-	-	-
CO 8	3	3	1	1	ı	2	2	1	ı	-	3	-	3	3	2	-	1	-
CO 9	2	3	1	1	-	2	3	-	-	-	2	-	3	0	3	-	-	-

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Effective from Session	on: 2017-2018						
Course Code	BP303T	Title of the Course	Pharmaceutical Microbiology (Theory)	L	Т	P	C
Year	II	Semester	III	3	1	0	4
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	implementation of	of sterlization in ple e sterility testing o	ion, cultivation and preservation of various microorganisms, im narmaceutical processing and industry. f pharmaceutical products, carried out microbiological standard	•			

	Course Outcomes
CO1	The students should understand the methods of identification, cultivation and preservation of various microorganisms.
CO2	The students should understand about Staining, sterilization and Evaluation of the efficiency of sterilization methods.
CO3	To understand about disinfectants, and their evaluation, sterility testing methods of pharmaceutical products.
CO4	The students should understand about aseptic area, sources of contamination, clean area classification and microbiological standardization
	methods of Pharmaceuticals.
CO5	The students should understand the microbial spoilage of pharmaceutical products, Preservation of pharmaceutical products, cell culture
	technology and its applications in pharmaceutical industries.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Introduction, history of microbiology	Introduction, history of microbiology, its branches, scope and its importance. Introduction to Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes Study of ultra-structure and morphological classification of bacteria, nutritional requirements, raw materials used for culture media and physical parameters for growth, growth curve, isolation and preservation methods for pure cultures, cultivation of anaerobes, quantitative measurement of bacterial growth (total & viable count). Study of different types of phase constrast microscopy, dark field microscopy and electron microscopy.	10	1
2	Identification of bacteria using staining techniques	Identification of bacteria using staining techniques (simple, Gram's & Acid fast staining) and biochemical tests (IMViC). Study of principle, procedure, merits, demerits and applications of physical, chemical gaseous, radiation and mechanical method of sterilization. Evaluation of the efficiency of sterilization methods Equipments employed in large scale sterilization. Sterility indicators.	10	2
3	Study of morphologyclassifi cation, reproduction/replic ation and cultivation of Fungi and Viruses.	Study of morphology, classification, reproduction/replication and cultivation of Fungi and Viruses. Classification and mode of action of disinfectants Factors influencing disinfection, antiseptics and their evaluation. For bacteriostatic and bactericidal actions Evaluation of bactericidal & Bacteriostatic. Sterility testing of products (solids, liquids, ophthalmic and other sterile products) according to IP, BP and USP.	10	3
4	Designing of aseptic area, laminar flow equipments	Designing of aseptic area, laminar flow equipments; study of different sources of contamination in an aseptic area and methods of prevention, clean area classification. Principles and methods of different microbiological assay. Methods for standardization of antibiotics, vitamins and amino acids. Assessment of a new antibiotic.	08	4
5	Types of spoilage, factors affecting the microbial spoilage of pharmaceutical products, sources and types	Types of spoilage, factors affecting the microbial spoilage of pharmaceutical products, sources and types of microbial contaminants, assessment of microbial contamination and spoilage. Preservation of pharmaceutical products using antimicrobial agents, evaluation of microbial stability of formulations. Growth of animal cells in culture, general procedure for cell culture, Primary, established and transformed cell cultures. Application of cell cultures in pharmaceutical industry and research.	07	5

Reference Books:

W.B. Hugo and A.D. Russel: Pharmaceutical Microbiology, Blackwell Scientific publications, Oxford London.

Prescott and Dunn., Industrial Microbiology, 4th edition, CBS Publishers & Distributors, Delhi.

Pelczar, Chan Kreig, Microbiology, Tata McGraw Hill edn.

Rose: Industrial Microbiology.

e-Learning Source:

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/283463951 Pharmaceutical Microbiology Book

							Co	urse A	rticula	tion Ma	trix: (M	apping o	f COs wi	th POs a	nd PSOs))			
5	O-P SO CO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
	01	3	1	2	2	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	-	-	-
С	2O2	3	2	2	3	1	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	-	-	-

СОЗ	3	2	2	3	1	2	2	1	2	2	3	3	2	1	3	-	-	-
CO4	3	2	2	3	1	2	2	1	2	3	1	1	2	1	2	-	-	-
CO5	3	1	1	2	1	2	2	1	2	3	2	2	3	1	3	-	-	-

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Effective from Session: 2	2017-2018												
Course Code	BP304T	Title of the Course	Pharmaceutical Engineering	L	Т	P	C						
Year	II	Semester	III	3	1	-	4						
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite											
Course Objectives	1.To develop the un	1.To develop the understanding and applications of different unit operations employed during pharmaceutical manufacturing											

	Course Outcomes									
CO1	Recognize the importance of size reduction, size separation and fluid flow during pharmaceutical manufacturing									
CO2	Schematize and apply the principles of different heat processes used in pharmaceutical industries									
CO3	Describe the mechanisms and applications of drying and mixing processes									
CO4	Solve the issues related to filtration and centrifugation									
CO5	Apply different preventive methods used for the control of corrosion in pharmaceutical plants									

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Flow of fluids, size reduction and size separation	Flow of fluids: Types of manometers, Reynolds number and its significance, Bernoulli's theorem and its applications, Energy losses, Orifice meter, Venturimeter, Pitot tube and Rotameter. Size Reduction: Objectives, Mechanisms & Laws governing size reduction, factors affecting size reduction, principles, construction, working, uses, merits and demerits of Hammer mill, ball mill, fluid energy mill, Edge runner mill & end runner mill. Size Separation: Objectives, applications & mechanism of size separation, official standards of powders, sieves, size separation Principles, construction, working, uses, merits and demerits of Sieve shaker, cyclone separator, Air separator, Bag filter & elutriation tank.	10	1
2	Heat transfer, evaporation and distillation	Heat Transfer: Objectives, applications & Heat transfer mechanisms. Fourier's law, Heat transfer by conduction, convection & radiation. Heat interchangers & heat exchangers. Evaporation: Objectives, applications and factors influencing evaporation, differences between evaporation and other heat process. principles, construction, working, uses, merits and demerits of Steam jacketed kettle, horizontal tube evaporator, climbing film evaporator, forced circulation evaporator, multiple effect evaporator& Economy of multiple effect evaporator. Distillation: Basic Principles and methodology of simple distillation, flash distillation, fractional distillation, distillation under reduced pressure, steam distillation & molecular distillation.	10	2
3	Drying and mixing	Drying: Objectives, applications & mechanism of drying process, measurements & applications of Equilibrium Moisture content, rate of drying curve. principles, construction, working, uses, merits and demerits of Tray dryer, drum dryer spray dryer, fluidized bed dryer, vacuum dryer, freeze dryer. Mixing: Objectives, applications & factors affecting mixing, Difference between solid and liquid mixing, mechanism of solid mixing, liquids mixing and semisolids mixing. Principles, Construction, Working, uses, Merits and Demerits of Double cone blender, twin shell blender, ribbon blender, Sigma blade mixer, planetary mixers, Propellers, Turbines, Paddles & Silverson Emulsifier.	10	3
4	Filtration and centrifugation	Filtration: Objectives, applications, Theories & Factors influencing filtration, filter aids, filter medias. Principle, Construction, Working, Uses, Merits and demerits of plate & frame filter, filter leaf, rotary drum filter, Meta filter & Cartridge filter, membrane filters and Seidtz filter. Centrifugation: Objectives, principle & applications of Centrifugation, principles, construction, working, uses, merits and demerits of Perforated basket centrifuge, non-perforated basket centrifuge, semi continuous centrifuge & super centrifuge.	8	4
5	Materials of pharmaceutical plant construction, Corrosion and its prevention	Factors affecting during materials selected for pharmaceutical plant construction, Theories of corrosion, types of corrosion and there prevention. Ferrous and nonferrous metals, inorganic and organic non metals, basic of material handling systems.	7	5

Reference Books:

Introduction to chemical engineering – Walter L Badger & Julius Banchero, Latest edition.

Solid phase extraction, Principles, techniques and applications by Nigel J.K. Simpson- Latest edition.

Unit operation of chemical engineering – Mcabe Smith, Latest edition.

Pharmaceutical engineering principles and practices – C.V.S Subrahmanyam et al., Latest edition.

Remington practice of pharmacy- Martin, Latest edition.

e-Learning Source:

https://www.scribd.com/document/481648503/Pharmaceutical-engineering-pdf

					Cour	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)														
PO-PSO	PO	O PO													PSO					
CO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	PSO1	PSO2	3	4	5	6			

CO1	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-

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Effective from Session:	2017-2018						
Course Code	BP305P	Title of the Course	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry-II (Practical)	L	T	P	C
Year	II	Semester	III	0	0	4	2
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	2. To study the react 3. To account for react	tion, name the reaction ctivity/stability of c	armaceutical compounds. on and orientation of reactions involved in experiments. ompounds, study different reagents, solvents, their uses and purpudy its medicinal property.	ose of	selectiv	ity.	

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Students should be able to evaluate the quality of fats and oils by determining acid value, saponification value, and iodine value as per
	pharmacopeia.
CO2	Students should be able to synthesize the various organic compounds and understands the reaction mechanism involved in the synthesis
CO3	Calculate the percentage yields of the products obtained by synthesis.
CO4	Purify organic compounds using various procedures like recrystallization and steam distillation.
CO5	Apply recrystallization and steam distillation methods for the purification of synthesized organic compounds

Experim ent No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Experiments involving laboratory techniques	Recrystallization	4	4, 5
2	Experiments involving laboratory techniques	Steam distillation	4	4, 5
3	Determination of following oil values (including standardization of reagents)	Acid value	4	1
4	Determination of following oil values (including standardization of reagents)	Saponification value	4	1
5	Determination of following oil values (including standardization of reagents)	Iodine value	4	1
6	Preparation of compounds	Benzanilide/Phenyl benzoate/Acetanilide from Aniline/Phenol/Aniline by acylation reaction.	4	2,3
7	Preparation of compounds	2,4,6-Tribromo aniline/Para bromo acetanilide from Aniline	4	2,3
8	Preparation of compounds	Acetanilide by halogenation (Bromination) reaction.	4	2,3
9	Preparation of compounds	5-Nitro salicylic acid/Meta di nitro benzene from Salicylic acid /Nitro benzene by nitration reaction.	4	2,3
10	Preparation of compounds	Benzoic acid from Benzyl chloride by oxidation reaction.	4	2,3
11	Preparation of compounds	Benzoic acid/ Salicylic acid from alkyl benzoate/ alkyl salicylate by hydrolysis reaction.	4	2,3
12	Preparation of compounds	1-Phenyl azo-2-napthol from Aniline by diazotization and coupling reactions.	4	2,3
13	Preparation of compounds	Benzil from Benzoin by oxidation reaction.	4	2,3
14	Preparation of compounds	Dibenzal acetone from Benzaldehyde by Claisen Schmidt reaction	4	2,3
15	Preparation of compounds	Cinnammic acid from Benzaldehyde by Perkin reaction	4	2,3
16	Preparation of compounds	P-Iodo benzoic acid from P-amino benzoic acid	4	2,3

e-Learning Source:

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/348961390 PHARMACEUTICAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-II Theory Practical

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO-P SO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	РО	PS	PS	P S	P S	P S	P S
CO	FOI	FO2	103	104	103	100	ro/	108	109	FOIU	FOII	12	01	O2	O 3	O 4	O 5	O 6
CO1	3	2	3	3	2	1	1	1	2	2	3	-	3	1	2	1	-	-
CO2	3	2	3	3	2	1	1	1	2	2	3	-	3	1	2	- 1	ı	-
CO3	3	2	3	3	2	1	1	1	2	2	3	-	3	1	2	1	-	-



CO4	3	2	3	3	2	1	1	1	2	2	3	-	3	1	2	1	-	-
CO5	3	2	3	3	2	1	1	1	2	2	3	-	3	3	2	1	1	-
1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation																		

Low Correlation	2- Moderate Correlation	: 3- Substantial Correlation

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Effective from Session	: 2017-2018						
Course Code	BP306P	Title of the Course	Physical Pharmaceutics 1 (Practical)	L	T	P	C
Year	II	Semester	III	0	0	4	4
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite	1				
Course Objectives	2. Know the princip 3. Demonstrate use	les of chemical kinetics	perties of drug molecules in the designing the dosage forms & to use them for stability testing nad determination of exp perties in the formulation as.	iry dat	e of for	mulatio	ns

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Learn about techniques to calculate solubility of given drug sample.
CO2	Explore the significance of partition coefficient in pharmaceuticals
CO3	Explore the significance of surface tension in pharmaceuticals
CO4	Understand the importance of surfactants and HLB and their role in stabilization of dosage forms
CO5	Calculation of stability constant and donor acceptor ratio of complexes

Exper iment No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Solubility	Determination of the solubility of drug at room temprtature.	4	1
2	Surface Tension	Determination of Surface tension of given sample by drops count method.	4	3
3	Surface Tension	Determination of Surface tension of given sample by drops weight method.	4	3
4	Partition co-efficient	Determination of Partition co-efficient of benzoic acid in benzene and water.	4	2
5	Partition co-efficient	Determination of Partition co-efficient of Iodine in CCl4 and water.	4	2
6	Surfactant	Determination of Critical micelle concentration (CMC) of surfactants.	4	1, 3
7	Phase conversion	Determination of % composition of Nacl in a solution using Phenol-Water system by CST method.	4	1, 5
8	Adsorption	Determination of Freundlich and Langmuir constants using activated charcoal.	4	1, 5
9	Surfactant	Determination of HLB number of a surfactant by saponification method.	4	4
10	Solubility Determination of stability constant and donor acceptor ratio of PABA-Caffeine complex by solubility method.		4	1, 5
11	Solubility	Determination of stability constant and donor acceptor ratio of Cupric-Glycine complex by solubility method.	4	1, 5

e-Learning Source:

 $\underline{https://jru.edu.in/studentcorner/lab-manual/bpharm/Lab\%20Manual\%20Physical\%20Pharmaceutics\%20I.pdf}$

				Cor	urse Arti	culation l	Matrix: (Mapping	of COs	with POs	and PSC	Os)						
PO-P SO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO1 2	PS O1	P S O	PS O 3	P S O	PS O 5	P S O
CO1	3	2	3	1	0	0	0	2	1	1	2	_	1	0	0	4	_	6
	3		3	1	0	U	0		1	1		_	1	U	U	_	_	\vdash
CO2	3	3	3	1	0	0	0	2	1	1	2	-	1	0	0	-	-	-
CO3	3	2	3	1	0	0	0	2	1	1	2	-	1	0	0	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	3	1	0	0	0	2	1	1	2	-	1	0	0	-	-	-
CO5	3	2	3	1	0	0	0	2	1	1	2	-	1	0	0	-	-	-
1-	1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation																	

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Effective from Session	Effective from Session: 2017-2018											
Course Code	BP 307P	Title of the Course	Pharmaceutical Microbiology (Practical)	L	T	P	C					
Year	II	Semester	III	3	1	0	4					
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	10+2 (PCM/PCB) Co-requisite										
Course Objectives	 To understand th Learn sterility te Carried out micr 	e importance and imple sting of pharmaceutical obiological standardizat		industr	У							

	Course Outcomes								
CO1	freezer, refrigerator, microscopes etc.								
CO2	Understand Sterilization of glassware, preparation and sterilization of media, Sub culturing of bacteria and fungus, Nutrient stabs and slants preparations, Motility determination by Hanging drop method.								
CO3	Understand Staining methods- Simple, Grams staining and acid fast staining								
CO4	Understand Isolation of pure culture of micro-organisms by multiple streak plate technique and other techniques.								
CO5	Understand Microbiological assay of antibiotics by cup plate method and other methods, Sterility testing of pharmaceuticals etc.								

Exper iment No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Microscopes	To study the different types of microscopes used in experimental microbiology	4	1
2	Apparatus study	To study the apparatus used in experimental microbiology	4	1
3	Study of motility of bacteria	To study the motility of bacteria with the help of Hanging drop method	4	2
4	Staining of bacteria	To perform the simple staining of given microorganism	4	3
5	Staining of bacteria	To perform the negative staining of the given culture of micro- organism	4	3
6	Staining of bacteria	To perform the gram staining of given culture	4	3
7	Nutrient broth	To prepare nutrient broth	4	2
8	Sterilization	To perform the moist heat sterilization of the given media and glass wares by Autoclave	4	2
9	Aseptic transfer	To perform aseptic transfer of nutrient broth	4	2
10	Nutrient agar	To prepare nutrient Agar	4	2
11	Inoculation of bacteria	To perform inoculation of agar plate by Spread plate method	4	4
12	Isolation of bacteria	To perform isolation of bacteria from given culture by streaking plate method	4	4
13	Sterility testing	To perform sterility testing of pharmaceutical products	4	5
14	Antibiotic susceptibility test	To perform Antibiotic susceptibility test by antibiotic disc method (Kirby-Bauer method)	4	5

e-Learning Source:

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/339927351 A Practical Book on Pharmaceutical Microbiology

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO-P SO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO 12	PS O 1	PS0 2	P S O 3	P S O 4	PS O6	P S O 6
CO1	1	1	-	-	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	1	1	1	-	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	2	1	1	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	1	2	1	-	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	2	2	2	-	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1-			I	ow Corr	elation; 2	2- Moder	ate Corre	elation; 3	- Substa	ntial Cor	relation							

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Effective from Session	Effective from Session: 2017-18													
Course Code	BP308P	Title of the Course	Pharmaceutical Engineering (Practical)	L	T	P	C							
Year	II	Semester	III	-	-	4	-							
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite												
Course Objectives	 To understand to To perform vare To carry out vance To appreciate a 	the material handling tectious processes involved rious test to prevent envind comprehend signification.	in the pharmaceutical manufacturing process.											

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Analyze the effects of different factors on rate of filtration and evaporation.
CO2	Execute the process of size reduction and size distribution analysis.
CO3	Determine the basic parameters of different heat processes.
CO4	Demonstrate the working aspects of different pharmaceutical machineries.
CO5	Evaluate the process of mixing and moisture content determination during pharmaceutical manufacturing.

Exper iment No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Radiation constant	Determination of radiation constant of brass, iron, unpainted and painted glass.	4	3
2	Steam distillation	To calculate the efficiency of steam distillation.	4	1,3
3	Heat transfer	To determine the overall heat transfer coefficient by heat exchanger.	4	3
4	Construction of drying curves (for calcium carbonate and starch).		4	5
5	Drying	Determination of moisture content and loss on drying.	4	5
6	Humidity determination	4	5	
7	Description of Pharmaceutical machineries Description of Construction working and application of Pharmaceutical Machinery such as rotary tablet machine, fluidized bed coater, fluid energy mill, de humidifier.			4
8	Size analysis	Size analysis by sieving – To evaluate size distribution of tablet granulations – Construction of various size frequency curves including arithmetic and logarithmic probability plots.	4	2
9	Size reduction	Size reduction: To verify the laws of size reduction using ball mill and determining Kicks, Rittinger's, Bond's coefficients, power requirement and critical speed of Ball Mill.	4	2
10	Demonstration of equipments	Demonstration of colloid mill, planetary mixer, fluidized bed dryer, freeze dryer and such other major equipment.	4	4
11	Filtration & Evaporation factors Filtration & Factors affecting Rate of Filtration and Evaporation (Surface area, Concentration and Thickness/ viscosity.		4	1
12	Crystallization	To study the effect of time on the Rate of Crystallization.	4	1
13	Mixing	To calculate the uniformity Index for given sample by using Double Cone Blender.	4	5

e-Learning Source:

 $\underline{https://books.google.co.in/books?id=fOi6UCHF3-cC\&printsec=frontcover\#v=onepage\&q\&f=false}$

 $\underline{https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/Practical_Manual_Of_Pharmaceutical_Engin/fOi6UCHF3-cC?hl=en\&gbpv=1\&dq=Pharmaceutical+engineering+practical+manual\&printsec=frontcover}$

				C	ourse Ai	ticulation	n Matrix	: (Mappi	ng of CO	s with Po	Os and Pa	SOs)						
PO-P SO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO 12	PS O 1	PS O 2	PS O 3	PS O 4	P S O 5	PS O6
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	3	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-



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Name & Sign of Program Coordinator										
	Sign & Seal of HoD									
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Effective from Session	Effective from Session: 2017-18												
Course Code	BP402T	Title of the Course	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry III (Theory)	L	Т	P	C						
Year	II	Semester	IV	3	1	0	4						
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite											
Course Objectives	2. explain the ster	 understand the methods of preparation and properties of organic compounds explain the stereo chemical aspects of organic compounds and stereo chemical reactions know the medicinal uses and other applications of organic compounds 											

	Course Outcomes									
CO1	Understand the concept of stereoisomerism, especially optical isomerism.									
CO2	Understand the concept of geometrical isomerism									
CO3	Learn about nomenclature, classification and chemical reactions of heterocyclic compounds.									
CO4	Understand different reactions and medicinal uses of larger heterocyclic compounds									
CO5	Learn the concept of reduction, oxidation, rearrangement reactions and their applications									

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Stereo isomerism	Optical isomerism — Optical activity, enantiomerism, diastereoisomerism, meso compounds Elements of symmetry, chiral and achiral molecules DL system of nomenclature of optical isomers, sequence rules, RS system of nomenclature of optical isomers Reactions of chiral molecules Racemic modification and resolution of racemic mixture. Asymmetric synthesis: partial and absolute	10	1, 2, 3, 4, 5
2	Geometrical isomerism	Nomenclature of geometrical isomers (Cis Trans, EZ, Syn Anti systems) Methods of determination of configuration of geometrical isomers. Conformational isomerism in Ethane, n-Butane and Cyclohexane. Stereo isomerism in biphenyl compounds (Atropisomerism) and conditions for optical activity. Stereospecific and stereoselective reactions		1, 2, 3, 4, 5
3	Heterocyclic compounds:	Nomenclature and classification Synthesis, reactions and medicinal uses of following compounds/derivatives Pyrrole, Furan, and Thiophene Relative aromaticity and reactivity of Pyrrole, Furan and Thiophene		1, 2, 3, 4, 5
4	Synthesis, reactions and medicinal uses of following compounds/derivat ives	Pyrazole, Imidazole, Oxazole and Thiazole. Pyridine, Quinoline, Isoquinoline, Acridine and Indole. Basicity of pyridine Synthesis and medicinal uses of Pyrimidine, Purine, azepines and their derivatives		1, 2, 3, 4, 5
5	Reactions of synthetic importance	Metal hydride reduction (NaBH and LiALH ₄ reduction), Clemmensen reduction, Birch reduction, Wolff Kishner reduction. Oppenauer-oxidation and Dakin reaction, Beckmanns rearrangement and Schmidt rearrangement. Claisen-Schmidt condensation		1, 2, 3, 4, 5

Reference Books:

Organic chemistry by I.L. Finar, Volume-I & II.

A text book of organic chemistry - Arun Bahl, B.S. Bahl.

Heterocyclic Chemistry by Raj K. Bansal

Organic Chemistry by Morrison and Boyd

Heterocyclic Chemistry by T.L. Gilchrist

e-Learning Source:

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/343318646 PHARMACEUTICAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-II

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO-																		
PS	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO1	PO1	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
О	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	POIZ	P301	P302	P303	P304	PSO3	PSO0
CO																		
CO	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-

1																		
CO	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
<u>2</u>													1	2	2			
CO 3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO 4	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO 5	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	-	3	2	3	-	-	-

Sign & Seal of HoD



Effective from Session	Effective from Session: 2017-2018													
Course Code	BP 402T	Title of the Course	Medicinal chemistry-I (Theory)	L	T	P	C							
Year	II	Semester	IV	3	1	0	4							
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite												
Course Objectives	2. The subject	To know about the fundamental knowledge on the structure, chemistry and therapeutic value of drugs. The subject emphasizes on structure activity relationships of drugs, importance of physicochemical properties and metabolism of drugs.												

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Understand basic concept of medicinal chemistry physicochemical properties and drug metabolism.
CO2	Well acquainted with the chemistry of cholinergic and anticholinergic drugs.
CO3	To understand chemistry of drugs acting on Autonomic nervous system.
CO4	Have basic knowledge, chemistry of drugs acting on CNS like sedatiives, hypnotics, antipsychotic & amp; anticonvulsant.
CO5	Well acquainted with chemistry of general anesthetics, Narcotics, Non-narcotics & Damp; Anti- inflammatory agents.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry	History and development of medicinal chemistry. Physicochemical properties in relation to biological action. Ionization, Solubility, Partition Coefficient, Hydrogen bonding, Protein binding, Chelation, Bioisosterism, Optical and Geometrical isomerism. Drug metabolism Drug metabolism principles - Phase I and Phase II. Factors affecting drug metabolism including stereo chemical aspects.	10	1
2	Adrenergic Neurotransmitters: Sympathomimetic agents:	Biosynthesis and catabolism of catecholamine. Adrenergic receptors (Alpha & Beta) and their distribution. SAR of Sympathomimetic agents Direct acting: Nor-epinephrine, Epinephrine, Phenylephrine*, Dopamine, Methyldopa, Clonidine, Dobutamine, Isoproterenol, Terbutaline, Salbutamol*, Bitolterol, Naphazoline, Oxymetazoline and Xylometazoline. Hydroxyamphetamine, Pseudoephedrine, Propylhexedrine. Ephedrine, Metaraminol. Alpha adrenergic blockers: Tolazoline*, Phentolamine, Phenoxybenzamine, Prazosin, Dihydroergotamine, Methysergide. SAR of beta blockers, Propranolol*, Metibranolol, Atenolol, Betazolol, Bisoprolol, Esmolol, Metoprolol, Labetolol, Carvedilol.	10	2
3	Cholinergic neurotransmitters: Parasympathomim etic agents: SAR of Parasympathomim etic agents	Biosynthesis and catabolism of acetylcholine. Cholinergic receptors (Muscarinic & Nicotinic) and their distribution. Direct acting agents: Acetylcholine, Carbachol*, Bethanechol, Methacholine, Pilocarpine. Indirect acting/ Cholinesterase inhibitors (Reversible & Irreversible): Physostigmine, Neostigmine*, Pyridostigmine, Edrophonium chloride, Tacrine hydrochloride, Ambenonium chloride, Isofluorphate, Echothiophate iodide, Parathione, Malathion. Cholinesterase reactivator: Pralidoxime chloride. Cholinergic Blocking agents: SAR of cholinolytic agents Solanaceous alkaloids and analogues: Atropine sulphate, Hyoscyamine sulphate, Scopolamine hydrobromide, Homatropine hydrobromide, Ipratropium bromide*. Synthetic cholinergic blocking agents: Tropicamide, Cyclopentolate hydrochloride, Clidinium bromide, Dicyclomine hydrochloride*, Glycopyrrolate, Methantheline bromide, Propantheline bromide, Benztropine mesylate, Orphenadrine citrate, Biperidine hydrochloride, Procyclidine hydrochloride*, Tridihexethyl chloride, Isopropamide iodide, Ethopropazine hydrochloride.	10	3
4	Drugs acting on Central Nervous System	Sedatives and Hypnotics: Benzodiazepines: SAR of Benzodiazepines, Chlordiazepoxide, Diazepam*, .Oxazepam, Chlorazepate, Lorazepam, Alprazolam, Zolpidem Barbiturtes: SAR of barbiturates, Barbital*, Phenobarbital, Mephobarbital, Amobarbital, Butabarbital, Pentobarbital, Secobarbital. Miscelleneous: Amides & imides: Glutethmide. Alcohol & their carbamate derivatives: Meprobomate, Ethchlorvynol, Aldehyde & their derivatives: Triclofos sodium, Paraldehyde. Antipsychotics Phenothiazeines: SAR of Phenothiazeines- Promazine hydrochloride, Chlorpromazine hydrochloride*, Triflupromazine, Thioridazine hydrochloride, Piperacetazine hydrochloride, Prochlorperazine maleate, Trifluoperazine hydrochloride. Ring Analogues of Phenothiazeines: Chlorprothixene, Thiothixene, Loxapine succinate, Clozapine. Fluro buterophenones: Haloperidol, Droperidol, Risperidone.	08	4

		Beta amino ketones: Molindone hydrochloride.		
		Benzamides: Sulpieride.		
		Anticonvulsants: SAR of Anticonvulsants, mechanism of anticonvulsant action Barbiturates:		
		Phenobarbitone, Methabarbital. Hydantoins: Phenytoin*, Mephenytoin, Ethotoin		
		Oxazolidine diones: Trimethadione, Paramethadione		
		Succinimides: Phensuximide, Methsuximide, Ethosuximide*		
		Urea and monoacylureas: Phenacemide, Carbamazepine*		
		Benzodiazepines: Clonazepam		
		Miscellaneous: Primidone, Valproic acid, Gabapentin, Felbamate		
		General anesthetics:		
		Dissociative anesthetics: Ketamine hydrochloride.*		
		Ultra short acting barbitutrates: Methohexital sodium*, Thiamylal		
		sodium, Thiopental sodium.		
		Inhalation anesthetics: Halothane*, Methoxyflurane, Enflurane,		
		Sevoflurane, Isoflurane, Desflurane.		
	Drugs acting on	Narcotic and non-narcotic analgesics		
5	Central Nervous	Morphine and related drugs: SAR of Morphine analogues, Morphine	07	5
3	System	sulphate, Codeine, Meperidine hydrochloride, Anilerdine hydrochloride, Diphenoxylate	07	3
		hydrochloride, Loperamide hydrochloride, Fentanyl citrate*, Methadone hydrochloride*,		
		Propoxyphene hydrochloride, Pentazocine, Levorphanol tartarate.		
		Narcotic antagonists: Nalorphine hydrochloride, Levallorphan tartarate, Naloxone		
		hydrochloride.		
		Anti-inflammatory agents: Sodium salicylate, Aspirin, Mefenamic acid*, Meclofenamate,		
		Indomethacin, Sulindac, Tolmetin, Zomepriac, Diclofenac, Ketorolac, Ibuprofen*,		
		Naproxen, Piroxicam, Phenacetin, Acetaminophen, Antipyrine, Phenylbutazone.		

Reference Books:

Wilson and Giswold's Organic medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry.

Foye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry.

Burger's Medicinal Chemistry, Vol I to IV.

Introduction to principles of drug design- Smith and Williams.

Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences.

Martindale's extra pharmacopoeia.

e-Learning Source:

1-

 $\underline{https://www.amazon.in/Gisvolds-Textbook-Medicinal-Pharmaceutical-Chemistry/dp/0781779294}$

 $\underline{https://www.elsevier.com/books/medicinal-chemistry/barret/978-1-78548-288-5}$

https://ilizone.in/mod/resource/view.php?id=172237

https://www.science.org/content/blog-post/medicinal-chemistry-books-2019

						C	ourse .	Articul	lation Ma	trix: (Map	ping of C	Os with PO	s and PSO	s)			
PO- PS O	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO 5	PSO6
CO 1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	0	2	2	1	1	2	2	-	-	-
CO 2	2	0	1	2	1	1	2	0	1	2	2	1	3	2	-	-	-
CO 3	1	1	2	2	1	1	2	0	1	1	2	1	3	2	-	-	-
CO 4	1	1	2	2	1	1	2	0	1	2	2	1	3	2	-	-	-
CO 5	2	1	2	2	1	1	2	0	1	2	2	1	3	2	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	
	Sign & Seal of HoD

Effective from Sessio	n: 2017-18											
Course Code	BP-403T	Title of the Course	Physical Pharmaceutics-II (Theory)	L	T	P	С					
Year	II	Semester	IV	3	1	1	4					
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	0+2 (PCM/PCB) Co-requisite										
Course Objectives	Understand the cor Knowledge of phy dosages forms. Demonstrate the a	ncept of viscosity and fl sicochemical properties pplication of particle siz	rties of drug molecules in the designing the dosage form ow behavior in the formulation development and evaluation , formulation factors and instability markers in development e in designing the dosages forms. & to use them in assigning expiry date for Formulation									

	Course Outcomes									
CO1	Understand various physicochemical properties of drug molecules in designing the dosage form									
CO2	Understand the concept of viscosity and flow behaviour in the formulation development and evaluation of dosage forms.									
CO3	Knowledge of physicochemical properties, formulation factors and instability markers in the development of biphasic liquid dosages forms.									
CO4	Demonstrate the application of particle size in designing the dosages forms.									
CO5	1.Know the principles of chemical kinetics & to use them in assigning expiry date for Formulation									

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Colloidal dispersions	Classification of dispersed systems & their general characteristics, size & shapes of colloidal particles, classification of colloids & comparative account of their general properties. Optical, kinetic & electrical properties. Effect of electrolytes, coacervation, peptization& protective action.	7	1
2	Rheology Deformation of solids:	Newtonian systems, law of flow, kinematic viscosity, effect of temperature, non-Newtonian systems, pseudoplastic, dilatant, plastic, thixotropy, thixotropy in formulation, determination of viscosity, capillary, falling Sphere, rotational viscometers Plastic and elastic deformation, Heckel equation, Stress, Strain, Elastic Modulus	10	2
3	Coarse dispersion	Suspension, interfacial properties of suspended particles, settling in suspensions, formulation of flocculated and deflocculated suspensions. Emulsions and theories of emulsification, microemulsion and multiple emulsions; Stability of emulsions, preservation of emulsions, rheological properties of emulsions and emulsion formulation by HLB method.	10	3
4	Micromeritics	Particle size and distribution, mean particle size, number and weight distribution, particle number, methods for determining particle size by different methods, counting and separation method, particle shape, specific surface, methods for determining surface area, permeability, adsorption, derived properties of powders, porosity, packing arrangement, densities, bulkiness & flow properties.	10	4
5	Drug stability	Reaction kinetics: zero, pseudo-zero, first & second order, units of basic rate constants, determination of reaction order. Physical and chemical factors influencing the chemical degradation of pharmaceutical product: temperature, solvent, ionic strength, dielectric constant, specific & general acid base catalysis, Simple numerical problems. Stabilization of medicinal agents against common reactions like hydrolysis & oxidation. Accelerated stability testing in expiration dating of pharmaceutical dosage forms. Photolytic degradation and its prevention	10	5

Reference Books:

Physical Pharmacy by Alfred Martin, Sixth edition

Physical Pharmaceutics by RamasamyC, and Manavalan R

Tutorial pharmacy by Cooper and Gunn.

Liberman H.A, Lachman C., Pharmaceutical Dosage forms, Tablets, Volume-1 to 3, Marcel Dekkar Inc.

e-Learning Source:

https://www.academia.edu/26735219/Martins physical pharmacy and pharmaceutical sciences 6th edition

						C	ourse A	Articul	ation l	Matrix:	(Маррі	ng of CO	s with PO	s and PS	Os)			
PO- PS O CO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO 2	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO 3	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	-

CO 4	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO 5	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	-

Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

1-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	
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Effective from Session	on: 2017-2018						
Course Code	BP404T	Title of the Course	Pharmacology-I (theory)	L	T	P	C
Year	II	Semester	IV	2	1	4	4
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	 Have sound know Technology. Develop ability of Pharmaceutical knowledge to domanalysis, pharm	for in - depth analytica Industry, Regulatory A esign synthetic and a cological evaluation and ity to use lab equipme nerated from Formulatic and oral communication also learn to acquire rtise as per the needs of oirit, apart from respon ving skills and a rofessional development	al principles and their applications in the area of Pharmal and critical thinking in order to identify, formulate and so Agencies, and Hospital Pharmacy & Community Pharmalytical processes to perform experiments on synthesis, d formulation problems. Int and different kinds of simulation software with an ability on Development, Quality Control & Quality Assurance. In skills in order to communicate effectively the outcomer sound knowledge in order to execute the responsibility industry and academia. In ding to the social needs and professional ethics and also deptitude to participate and succeed in competitive examinates.	olve the nacy and designity to the estimates such that the estimates are the eveloptions for quality and the estimates are the eveloptions for the estimates are the eveloptions for the eveloptions are the eveloptions for the e	ne issues and also gn, phar solve, a the Phar ccessfull o an apti	s related o in de maceut nalyze maceut ly towa itude al ng learn	d to to to tical and tical ards long ming

	Course Outcomes								
CO1	Understand the pharmacological actions of different categories of drugs								
CO2	Explain the mechanism of drug action at organ system/sub cellular/macromolecular levels								
CO3	Apply the basic pharmacological knowledge in the prevention and treatment of various diseases								
CO4	Observe the effect of drugs on animals by simulated experiments								
CO5	Appreciate correlation of pharmacology with other biomedical sciences								

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	General Pharmacology:	Introduction to Pharmacology- Definition, historical landmarks and scope of pharmacology, nature and source of drugs, essential drugs concept and routes of drug administration, Agonists, antagonists (competitive and non competitive), spare receptors, addiction, tolerance, dependence, tachyphylaxis, idiosyncrasy, allergy. Pharmacokinetics- Membrane transport, absorption, distribution, metabolism and excretion of drugs .Enzyme induction, enzyme inhibition, kinetics of elimination	2	1
2	Adverse drug reactions.	Pharmacodynamics- Principles and mechanisms of drug action. Receptor theories and classi- fication of receptors, regulation of receptors. drug receptors interactions signal transduction mechanisms, G-protein–coupled receptors, ion channel receptor, transmembrane enzyme linked receptors, transmembrane JAK-STAT binding receptor and receptors that regulate transcription factors, dose response relationship, therapeutic index, combined effects of drugs and factors modifying drug action. Drug interactions (pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic) Drug discovery and clinical evaluation of new drugs -Drug discovery phase, preclinical evaluation phase, clinical trial phase, phases of clinical trials and pharmacovigilance.	2	2
3	Pharmacology of drugs acting on peripheral nervous system	. Organization and function of ANS. Neurohumoral transmission,co-transmission and classification of neurotransmitters. Parasympathomimetics, Parasympatholytics, Sympathomimetics, sympatholytics. Neuromuscular blocking agents and skeletal muscle relaxants (peripheral). Local anesthetic agents. Drugs used in myasthenia gravis and glaucoma	2	3
4	Pharmacology of	Neurohumoral transmission in the C.N.S.special emphasis on	2	4

	drugs acting on central nervous system	importance of various neurotrans- mitters like with GABA, Glutamate, Glycine, serotonin, dopamine. General anesthetics and pre-anesthetics. Sedatives, hypnotics and centrally acting muscle relaxants. Anti-epileptics Alcohols and disulfiram		
5	Pharmacology of drugs acting on central nervous	Psychopharmacological agents: Antineychotics antidenressants	2	5
	system	Opioid analgesics and antagonists Drug addiction, drug abuse, tolerance and dependence		

Reference Books:

- 1. Tripathi, K.D., 2013. Essentials of medical pharmacology. JP Medical Ltd.
- 2. Rang, H.P., Dale, M.M., Ritter, J.M., Flower, R.J. and Henderson, G., 2011. Rang & Dale's pharmacology. Elsevier Health Sciences.
- 3. Katzung, B.G., Masters, S.B. and Trevor, A.J. eds., 2004. Basic & clinical pharmacology.
- 4. Goodman, L.S., 1996. Goodman and Gilman's the pharmacological basis of therapeutics (Vol. 1549, pp. 1361-1373). New York: McGraw-Hill.

e-Learning Source:

https://www.academia.edu/25527671/Introduction_to_Pharmacology_Introduction_to_Pharmacology

	Course	Articul	ation M	atrix: (Mappin	g of Co	s with I	os and	PSOs)								
PO-PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1	PO1	PSO1	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO
CO	FOI	FO2	103	FO 4	FO3	F00	107	100	109	0	1	1301	2	3	4	5	6
CO1	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	3	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	3	1		-
CO3	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	3	3	2	1	-	-
CO4	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	2	-	-	_
CO5	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	3	2		-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	
	Sign & Seal of HoD



Effective from Session	: 2017-18									
Course Code	BP405T	Title of the Course	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-1	L	Т	P	C			
Year	II	Semester IV 3 1 0								
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite	-							
Course Objectives	2. To know the crud3. Know the evaluat	e drugs, their uses and of the h								

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Gain knowledge on biological source, active constituents and uses of crude drug; Understand the techniques of evaluation of crude drugs as per the WHO guidelines.
CO2	Understand the basic principles of cultivation, collection and storage of crude drugs; Application of the crop improvement concepts involved in techniques for improvement of quality of medicinal plants.
CO3	Exploring the tissue culture technique in medicinal plants.
CO4	Appreciate the applications of Primary &Secondary metabolites of the plant and explore its medicinal importance.
CO5	Understand the principles and application of different system of alternative medicine.
CO6	Explore novel medicinal agents from different sources of natural origin.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Introduction to Pharmacognosy	Definition, history, scope and development of Pharmacognosy (b) Sources of Drugs – Plants, Animals, Marine & Tissue culture (c) Organized drugs, unorganized drugs (dried latex, dried juices, dried extracts, gums and mucilages, oleoresins and oleo- gum -resins). Classification of drugs: Alphabetical, morphological, taxonomical, chemical, pharmacological, chemo and sero taxonomical classification of drugs Quality control of Drugs of Natural Origin: Adulteration of drugs of natural origin. Evaluation by organoleptic, microscopic, physical, chemical and biological methods and properties. Quantitative microscopy of crude drugs including lycopodium spore method, leafconstants, camera lucida and diagrams of microscopic objects to scale with camera lucida.	10	1
2	Cultivation, Collection, Processing and storage of drugs of natural origin:	Cultivation and Collection of drugs of natural origin Factors influencing cultivation of medicinal plants. Plant hormones and their applications. Polyploidy, mutation and hybridization with reference to medicinal plants Conservation of medicinal plants	10	2
3	Plant tissue culture:	Historical development of plant tissue culture, types of cultures, Nutritional requirements, growth and their maintenance. Applications of plant tissue culture in pharmacognosy. Edible vaccines	7	3
4	Pharmacognosy in various systems of medicine	Role of Pharmacognosy in allopathy and traditional systems of medicine namely, Ayurveda, Unani, Siddha, Homeopathy and Chinese systems of medicine. Introduction to secondary metabolites: Definition, classification, properties and test for identification of Alkaloids, Glycosides, Flavonoids, Tannins, Volatile oil and Resins	10	4
5	Study of biological source, chemical nature and uses of drugs of natural origin containing following drugs Plant Products	Fibers - Cotton, Jute, Hemp Hallucinogens, Teratogens, Natural allergens Primary metabolites: General introduction, detailed study with respect to chemistry, sources, preparation, evaluation, preservation, storage, therapeutic used and commercial utility as Pharmaceutical Aids and/or Medicines for the following Primary metabolites: Carbohydrates: Acacia, Agar, Tragacanth, Honey Proteins and Enzymes: Gelatin, casein, proteolytic enzymes (Papain, bromelain, serratiopeptidase, urokinase, streptokinase, pepsin). Lipids(Waxes, fats, fixed oils): Castor oil, Chaulmoogra oil, Wool Fat, Bees Wax Marine Drugs: Novel medicinal agents from marine sources	8	5

Reference Books:

- 1.W.C.Evans, Trease and Evans Pharmacognosy, 16th edition, W.B. Sounders &Co., London, 2009.
- 2. Tyler, V.E., Brady, L.R. and Robbers, J.E., Pharmacognosy, 9th Edn., Lea and Febiger, Philadelphia, 1988.
- 3. Text Book of Pharmacognosy by T.E. Wallis

e-Learning Source:

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/320452634 Text Book of Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of Cos with Pos and PSOs)																	
PO- PS O	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	2	1	1	1	-	1	3	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	-	1	-
CO 2	1	-	2	3	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	-	2	1	1	1	-	-
CO 3	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	1	-	1	1	-	1	3	1	1	-	1	-	1	1	1	-	-	-
CO 5	1	-	2	1	-	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	1	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	
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Effective from S	Session: 2017-18						
Course Code	BP406P	P406P Title of the Course MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY – I L					
Year	II	Semester	IV				
Pre-Requisite	Fundamentals of atomic structure and interactions between molecules	Co-requisite	Familiarity with the chemical structures of pharmaceutical substances	0	0	3	0
Course Objectives		bolic pathways, adverse et vity Relationship (SAR) of	neir pharmacological activity fect and therapeutic value of drugs different class of drugs				

	Course Outcomes										
CO1	Understand basic concept of medicinal chemistry, physicochemical properties and drug metabolism.										
CO2	Well acquainted with the chemistry of cholinergic and anti-cholinergic drugs.										
CO3	To understand chemistry of drugs acting on autonomic nervous system.										
CO4	Have basic knowledge, chemistry of drugs acting on CNS like sedatives, hypnotics, antipsychotic & anticonvulsant.										
CO5	Well acquainted with the chemistry of general anesthetics, Narcotic & Non-narcotics and Anti-inflammatory agents.										

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Preparation of drugs/intermediates	1,3-pyrazole 1,3-oxazole Benzimidazole Benztriazole 2,3- diphenyl quinoxaline	08	CO1
2	Preparation of drugs/intermediates	Benzocaine Phenytoin Phenothiazine Barbiturate	08	CO2
3	Assay of drugs	Chlorpromazine Phenobarbitone Atropine	05	CO3
4	Assay of drugs	Ibuprofen Aspirin Furosemide	05	CO4
5	Determination of Partition coefficient for any two drugs	Paracetamol Diclofenac	04	CO5

Reference Books:

- 1. Wilson and Giswold's Organic medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry.
- 2. Foye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry.
- 3. Burger's Medicinal Chemistry, Vol I to IV.
- 4. Introduction to principles of drug design- Smith and Williams.
- 5. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences.
- 6. Martindale's extra pharmacopoeia.
- 7. Organic Chemistry by I.L. Finar, Vol. II.
- 8. The Organic Chemistry of Drug Synthesis by Lednicer, Vol. 1-5.
- 9. Indian Pharmacopoeia.
- 10. Text book of practical organic chemistry- A.I. Vogel.

e-Learning Source:

https://www.chemcome.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/11/Principles-of-Instrumental-Analysis-7th-edition-Skoog-by-Douglas-A.-Skoog-F.-James-Holler-Stanley-R.-Crouch-z-lib.org_.pdf

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of Cos with Pos and PSOs)																
PO- PS O CO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	0	2	2	1	-	2	3	3	-	-	-
CO 2	2	0	1	2	1	1	2	0	1	2	2	-	2	3	3	-	-	-
CO 3	1	1	2	2	1	1	2	0	1	1	2	-	2	3	3	-	-	-

CO 4	1	1	2	2	1	1	2	0	1	2	2	-	2	3	3	-	-	1
CO 5	2	1	2	2	1	1	2	0	1	2	2	-	2	3	3	-	-	-
CO 6	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	0	2	2	1	-	2	3	3	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	
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Effective from Session: 2	2017 – 18											
Course Code	BP-407 P	Title of the Course	Physical Pharmaceutics- II (Practical)	L T P								
Year	II	Semester	IV	0	0	4	2					
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	(PCM/PCB) Co-requisite										
Course Objectives	2. Know the princip formulations	oles of chemical kinetic	properties of drug molecules in the designing the dosages & to use them for stability testing nad determination of operties in the formulation development and evaluation of	expiry	date of							

	Course Outcomes						
CO1	Understand various physicochemical properties of drug molecules in the designing the dosage form						
CO2	Understand the concept of viscosity and flow behaviour in the formulation development and evaluation of dosage forms.						
CO3	Knowledge of physicochemical properties, formulation factors and instability markers in development of biphasic liquid dosages forms.						
CO4	Demonstrate the application of particle size in designing the dosages forms.						
CO5	Know the principles of chemical kinetics & to use them in assigning expiry date for Formulation						

Exper iment No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Micromeritics	Determination of particle size distribution using sieving method.	4	1
2	Micromeritics	Determination of particle size distribution in disperse medium using microscopic method.	4	1
3	Micromeritics	Determination of bulk density, true density and porosity.	4	1
4	Density & Porosity	Determination of angle of repose of the given powder sample.	4	2
5	Rheology & Deformation of solids	Determination of viscosity of liquid using ostwald's viscometer.	4	2
6	Rheology & Deformation of solids	Determination of viscosity of semi-solid by using Brookfield viscometer.	4	3
7	Coarse dispersion	Determination of sedimentation volume with effect of different suspending agent.	4	3
8	Drug stability	Determination of reaction rate constant for first order reaction.	4	5
9	Drug stability	Determination of reaction rate constant for second order reaction.	4	5
10	Drug stability	Determination of shelf life of aspirin and accelerated stability studies.	4	5
11	Drug stability	Accelerated stability studies	4	5
12	Coarse dispersion	Determination sedimentation volume with effect of different concentration of single suspending agent	4	4
e-Lear	rning Source:			

https://innocentbalti.files.wordpress.com/2015/01/martins-physical-pharmacy-6th-ed-2011-dr-murtadha-alshareifi.pdf

				C	Course Ai	rticulatio	n Matrix	: (Mappi	ng of CO	s with Po	Os and	PSOs)						
PO-P SO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO 11	PO1 2	PSO 1	PS O2	P S O	P S O	PS O5	P S O
															3	4		6
CO1	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3		3	3	3	-	ı	-
CO2	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3		3	3	3	1	-	-
CO3	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3		3	3	3	1	-	-
CO4	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3		3	3	3	-	-	-
CO5	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3		3	3	2	-	ı	-

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Effective from Session	Effective from Session: 2017-2018									
Course Code	BP-408P	Title of the Course	Pharmacology I (Practical)	L	T	P	C			
Year	I	Semester	IV	0	0	4	2			
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite								
Caura Objectives	1-To understand the fi	To understand the fundamental of experimental pharmacology.								
Course Objectives	2-To perform the diffe	erent activities of drugs	acting on CNS, GIT etc. on different animal models (simula	tion)						

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Conceptual knowledge of experimental pharmacology basics
CO2	Understand the CPCSEA guidelines for laboratory animal facility.
CO3	Precise knowledge about commonly used instruments in pharmacological laboratory.
CO4	Observe the effect of drugs on animals by simulated experiments by software's and videos.
CO5	To understand the different methods of local anesthetics.

Exper iment No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Basics of pharmacology	Introduction to experimental pharmacology	4	1
2	Instrument	Commonly used instruments in experimental pharmacology.	4	3
3	Lab.animals	Study of common laboratory animals.	4	1
4	CPCSEA rules	Maintenance of laboratory animals as per CPCSEA guidelines.	4	2
5	Lab.techniques	Common laboratory techniques Blood withdrawal. serum and plasma separation anesthetics and euthanasia used for animal studies.	4	2
6	Drug administration	Study of different routes of drugs administration in mice/rats.	4	1
7	Effect of enzyme inducer	Study of effect of hepatic microsomal enzyme inducers on the phenobarbitone sleep time in mice.	4	4
8	Ciliary motility	Effect of drugs on ciliary motility of frog oesophagus.	4	4
9	Mydriasis	Effect of drugs on rabbit eye	4	5
10	Relaxant effect	Effects of skeletal muscle relaxants using rota-rod apparatus	4	5
11	Motor activity	Effect of drugs on locomotor activity using actophotometer.	4	5
12	Anticonvulsant	Anticonvulsant effect of drugs by MES and PTZ method:	4	5
13	Anticatatonic	Study of stereotype and anti-catatonic activity of drugs on rats/mice.	4	5
14	Anxiolytic	Study of anxiolytic activity of drugs using rats/mice:	4	5
15	Local anesthesia	Study of local anesthetics by different methods.	4	3

e-Learning Source:

 $\underline{https://www.pragationline.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/03/N3992-Practical-Book-of-Pharmacology-2.pdf}$

				C	Course Ai	ticulatio	n Matrix	: (Mappi	ng of CO	s with P	Os and	l PSOs)						
PO-P SO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	РО	PO1	PSO	PS O	PS O	PS O	P S	P S
CO	101	102	103	101	103	100	107	100	10)	1010	11	2	1	2	3	4	O 5	O 6
CO1	3	2	3	3	2	3	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	2	3	3	2	2	1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	3	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	3	2	3	3	2	2	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
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Effective from Sessi	Effective from Session: 2017-2018						
Course Code	BP409 P	Title of the Course	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry I (Practical)	L	T	P	C
Year	II	Semester	IV	-	-	4	-
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	2. To know the3. Know the ev	crude drugs, their uses raluation techniques for					

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Identification of the crude drugs through chemical test
CO2	Macroscopic and microscopic evaluation of crude drugs
CO3	Use of special equipment for microscopic evaluation
CO4	Evaluation of crude drugs through physiochemical evaluation
CO5	To evaluate crude drugs against adulteration

Exper iment No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Microscope study	To study about the compound microscope and its parts	3	3
2	Chemical test	To perform the chemical test of Agar	3	1
3	Chemical test	To perform the chemical test of Tragacanth	3	1
4	Chemical test	To perform the chemical test of Acacia	3	1
5	Chemical test	To perform the chemical test of Starch	3	1
6	Chemical test	To perform the chemical test of Castor oil.	3	1
7	Chemical test	To perform the chemical test of Honey	3	1
8	Swelling factor	To determine the swelling factor of isapgol seeds.	3	5
9	Ash value	To determine the ash value of given sample.	3	5
10	Extractive value	To determine the alcohol soluble extractive value of the given powdered drug.	3	3
11	Moisture content	To determine the moisture content of given crude drug	3	3
12	Stomatal number	To determine the stomatal number of given leaf	3	2
13	Stomatal index	To determine the stomatal index of given leaf	3	2

e-Learning Source:

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/338832332 Practical Handbook of Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-I

					Course	<u>Articulat</u>	<u>ion Matr</u>	ix: (Map	ping of	COs wit	h POs and	<u> 1 PSC</u>	S)					
PO-P SO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO 9	PO10	PO11	P O 12	PS O 1	PS O 2	PSO3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6
CO1	2	1	1	1	-	1	3	2	1	1	2	-	1	2	1	-	-	ı
CO2	-	-	2	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	ı
CO3	-	-	1	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	ı
CO4	1	-	1	1	-	-	3	1	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	ı
CO5	-	-	2	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	ı

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Effective from Sessi	on: 2018-2019						
Course Code	Course Code BP501T		MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY-II (Theory)	L	Т	P	C
Year	III	Semester	V	3	1	0	4
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	2. Understand the Structure of the Structure	he drug metabolic path	with respect to their pharmacological activity ways, adverse effect and therapeutic value of drugs onship of different class of drugs ected drugs				

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Know the types of biological targets in humans and the structural requirement of drugs interacting with them and comprehend & correlate the biological systems involved in drug action for drugs acting as Antihistamines, Gastric Proton pump inhibitors, Antineoplastics, Diuretics, CVS drugs, Steroids, Thyroids and antithyroids, Antidiabetics and Local Anesthetics.
CO2	Explain chemical interactions of endogenous molecules with specific receptors or enzymes and the molecular effects of their respective agonists and antagonists through Structure Activity relationship studies of drugs for the following category of drugs Antihistamines, Gastric Proton pump inhibitors, Antineoplastics, Diuretics, CVS drugs, Steroids, Thyroids and antithyroids, Antidiabetics and Local Anesthetics.
CO3	Justify the absorption, distribution and selectivity of drugs based on chemical structure for the following category of drugs Antihistamines, Gastric Proton pump inhibitors, Antineoplastics, Diuretics, CVS, Steroids, Thyroids and antithyroids, Antidiabetics and Local Anesthetics.
CO4	Predict the drug metabolic pathways, adverse effect and therapeutic value from the structure of drugs and provide information on the storage of drugs based on the chemical stability. Antihistamines, Gastric Proton pump inhibitors, Antineoplastics, Diuretics, CVS, Steroids, Thyroids and antithyroids, Antidiabetics and Local Anesthetics.
CO5	Demonstrate knowledge of chemical synthesis of important drugs such as Cimetidine, Mechlorethamine, Mercaptopurine, Methotrexate, Acetazolamide, Chlorothiazide, Furosemide, Methyl dopa, Nitroglycerin, Isosorbide, Disopyramide, Warfarin, Tolbutamide, Benzocaine, Procaine and Dibucaine.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
Types of receptors the following the followi	s or enzymes and the mo	mans and the structural requirement of drugs interacting chemical interactions of endogenous plecular effects of their respective agonists and antagonists through Structure Activity relation is Antihistamines, Gastric Proton pump inhibitors, Antineoplastics, Diuretics, CVS drugs, ocal Anesthetics Histamine, receptors and their distribution in the human body. H1–antagonist: Diphenhydramine hydrochloride*, Dimenhydrinate, Doxylamine succinate, Clemastine fumarate, Diphenylpyraline hydrochloride, Triphelenamine hydrochloride, Chlorcyclizine hydrochloride, Meclizine hydrochloride, Buclizine hydrochloride, Chlorpheniramine maleate, Triprolidine hydrochloride*, Phenidamine tartrate, Promethazine hydrochloride*, Trimeprazine tartrate, Cyproheptadine hydrochloride, Azatidine maleate, Astemizole, Loratadine, Cetirizine, Levocetrizine Cromolyn sodium. H2-antagonists: Cimetidine*, Famotidine, Ranitidine. Gastric proton-pump inhibitors: Omeprazole, Lansoprazole, Rabeprazole, Pantoprazole. Anti-neoplastic agents: Alkylating agents: Meclorethamine*, Cyclophosphamide, Melphalan, Chlorambucil, Busulfan, Thiotepa. Antimetabolites: Mercaptopurine*, Thioguanine, Fluorouracil, Floxuridine, Cytarabine, Methotrexate*, Azathioprine. Antibiotics: Dactinomycin, Daunorubicin, Doxorubicin, Bleomycin. Plant products: Etoposide, Vinblastine sulphate, Vincristine sulphate.	s molecules v	with specific of drugs for
2	Anti-anginal, Diuretics, Anti-hypertensive Agents:	Miscellaneous: Cisplatin, Mitotane. Anti-anginal, Vasodilators: Amyl Nitrite, Nitroglycerin*, Pentaerythritol tetranitrate, Isosorbide dinitrite*, Dipyridamole. Calcium channel blockers: Verapamil, Bepridil hydrochloride, Diltiazem hydrochloride, Nifedipine, Amlodipine, Felodipine, Nicardipine, Nimodipine. Diuretics: Carbonic Anhydrase Inhibitors: Acetazolamide*, Methazolamide, Dichlorphenamide. Thiazides: Chlorthiazide*, Hydrochlorothiazide, Hydroflumethiazide, Cyclothiazide, Loop Diuretics: Furosemide*, Bumetanide, Ethacrynic acid. Potassium sparing Diuretics: Spironolactone, Triamterene, Amiloride. Osmotic Diuretics: Mannitol. Anti-hypertensive Agents: Timolol, Captopril, Lisinopril, Enalapril, Benazepril hydrochloride, Quinapril Hydrochloride, Methyldopate Hydrochloride* Clonidine	10	2

		hydrochloride, Guanethidine Monosulphate, Guanabenz Acetate, Sodium Nitroprusside,		
3	Anti-arrhythmic Drugs, Anti-hyperlipidemic agents, Coagulant & Anticoagulants, Drugs used in Congestive Heart Failure:	Diazoxide, Minoxidil, Reserpine, Hydralazine hydrochloride. Anti-arrhythmic Drugs: Quinidine Sulphate, Procainamide Hydrochloride, Disopyramide Phosphate*, Phenytoin Sodium, Lidocaine Hydrochloride, Tocainide Hydrochloride, Mexiletine Hydrochloride, Lorcainide Hydrochloride, Amiodarone, Sotalol. Anti-hyperlipidemic agents: Clofibrate, Lovastatin, Cholestyramine and Colestipol. Coagulant & Anticoagulants: Menadione, Acetomenadione, Warfarin*, Anisindione, Clopidogrel. Drugs used in Congestive Heart Failure: Digoxin, Digitoxin, Nesiritide, Bosentan, Tezosentan.	10	3
4	Drugs acting on Endocrine system:	Drugs acting on Endocrine system: Nomenclature, Stereochemistry and metabolism of steroids. Sex hormones: Testosterone, Andralone, Progestrones, Oestriol, Oestradiol, Oestrione, Diethyl Stilbestrol. Drugs for erectile dysfunction: Sildenafil, Tadalafil. Oral contraceptives: Mifepristone, Norgestrel, Levonorgestrel Corticosteroids: Cortisone, Hydrocortisone, Prednisolone, Betamethasone, Dexamethasone. Thyroid and antithyroid drugs: L-Thyroxine, L-Thyronine, Propylthiouracil, Methimazole.	08	4
5	Antidiabetic agents, Local Anesthetics:	Antidiabetic agents: Insulin and its preparations. Sulfonylureas: Tolbutamide*, Chlorpropamide, Glipizide, Glimepiride. Biguanides: Metformin. Thiazolidinediones: Pioglitazone, Rosiglitazone, Meglitinides, Repaglinide, Nateglinide. Glucosidase inhibitors: Acarbose, Voglibose. Local Anesthetics: SAR of Local anesthetics. Benzoic acid derivatives; Cocaine, Hexylcaine, Meprylcaine, Cyclomethycaine, Piperocaine. Amino Benzoic acid derivatives: Benzocaine*, Butamben, Procaine*, Butacaine, Propoxycaine, Tetracaine, Benoxinate.Lidocaine/Anilide derivatives: Lignocaine, Mepivacaine, Prilocaine, Etidocaine. Miscellaneous: Phenacaine, Diperodon, Dibucaine.	07	5

Reference Books:

- 1. Wilson and Gisvold's Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry
- 2. Foye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry
- 3. Burger's Medicinal Chemistry
- 4. Introduction to Principles of Drug Design
- 5 Organic Chemistry by I.L. Finar,
- 6 The Organic Chemistry of Drug Synthesis by Lednicer, Vol. 1 to 5.
- 7 The Pharmacopoeia of India.
- 8. Elementary Practical Organic Chemistry by Vogel A

e-Learning Source:

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https://www.carewellpharma.in/B_Pharmacy/Notes/

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																	
PO-PSO	PO1		P									PO		PS	PSO	PS	PS	PS
CO		PO2	O 3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	12	PSO1	O2	3	04	O5	O6
CO1	3	2	3	2	3	3	1	1	3	2	3	-	1	2	2	-	-	-
CO2	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	-	1	3	3	-	-	-
CO3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	-	1	3	3	-	-	-
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	-	1	2	2	-	-	-
CO5	3	2	3	3	1	1	3	1	2	3	3	-	1	2	2	-	-	-

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Effective from Session: 2	2018-2019						
Course Code	BP502T	Title of the Course	Industrial Pharmacy -I	L	Т	P	C
Year	III	V	3	1	0	4	
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	2. Know various cons	siderations in develor	or ge forms and their manufacturing techniques. Soment of pharmaceutical dosage forms age forms and evaluate them for their quality	•			

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Acquire the knowledge of Preformulation study
CO2	Students able to know about Tablet, Syrup, Suspensions and Emulsions formulation development and manufacturing technique.
CO3	Know various considerations in development of Capsules and Pellets.
CO4	Understand the Opthalamic and Prenteral dosage forms and their manufacturing techniques.
CO5	Able to formulate Cosmetic products and also understand about Pharmaceutical packaging

Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
		emphasize o	n definition,
Preformulation Studies, Physical properties, Chemical Properties, Application of preformulation	Preformulation Studies: Introduction to preformulation, goals and objectives, study of physicochemical characteristics of drug substances. a. Physical properties: Physical form (crystal & amorphous), particle size, shape, flow properties, solubility profile (pKa, pH, partition coefficient), polymorphism b. Chemical Properties: Hydrolysis, oxidation, reduction, racemisation, polymerization BCS classification of drugs & its significant Application of preformulation considerations in the development of solid, liquid oral and parenteral dosage forms and its impact on stability of dosage forms	10	1
Tablets, Introduction, Excipients, Tablet coating, Liquid orals	Tablets: a. Introduction, ideal characteristics of tablets, classification of tablets. Excipients, Formulation of tablets, granulation methods, compression and processing problems. Equipments and tablet tooling. b. Tablet coating: Types of coating, coating materials, formulation of coating composition, methods of coating, equipment employed and defects in coating. c. Quality control tests: In process and finished product tests Liquid orals: Formulation and manufacturing consideration of syrups and elixirs suspensions and emulsions; Filling and packaging; evaluation of liquid orals official in pharmacopoeia	10	2
Introduction Capsules, Packing, Pellets	Hard gelatin capsules: Introduction, Production of hard gelatin capsule shells. size of capsules, Filling, finishing and special techniques of formulation of hard gelatin capsules, manufacturing defects. In process and final product quality control tests for capsules. Soft gelatin capsules: Nature of shell and capsule content, size of capsules, importance of base adsorption and minim/gram factors, production, in process and final product quality control tests. Packing, storage and stability testing of soft gelatin capsules and their applications. Pellets: Introduction, formulation requirements, pelletization process, equipments for	08	3
Parenteral Products, advantages and limitations, Production procedure, Ophthalmic preparations	Parenteral Products: a. Definition, types, advantages and limitations. Preformulation factors and essential requirements, vehicles, additives, importance of isotonicity b. Production procedure, production facilities and controls, aseptic processing c. Formulation of injections, sterile powders, large volume parenterals and lyophilized products. d. Containers and closures selection, filling and sealing of ampoules, vials and infusion fluids. Quality control tests of parenteral products. Ophthalmic Preparations: Introduction, formulation considerations; formulation of eye drops, eye ointments and eye lotions; methods of preparation; labeling, containers; evaluation of ophthalmic preparations	10	4
Introduction Cosmetics Formulation, Pharmaceutical Aerosols, Packaging Materials	Cosmetics: Formulation and preparation of the following cosmetic preparations: lipsticks, shampoos, cold cream and vanishing cream, tooth pastes, hair dyes and sunscreens. Pharmaceutical Aerosols: Definition, propellants, containers, valves, types of aerosol systems; formulation and manufacture of aerosols; Evaluation of aerosols; Quality control and stability studies. Packaging Materials Science: Materials used for packaging of pharmaceutical products, factors influencing choice of containers, legal and official requirements for containers, stability aspects of packaging materials, quality control tests.	10	5
	methods of preparation issification, principles/methods of preparation issification, principles/methods of preformulation issification, Physical properties, Physical properties, Application of preformulation issification. Tablets, Introduction, Excipients, Tablet coating, Liquid orals issification. Introduction Capsules, Packing, Pellets Parenteral Products, advantages and limitations, Production procedure, Ophthalmic preparations introduction Cosmetics Formulation, Pharmaceutical Aerosols, Packaging	Preformulation Studies, Physical properties, Chemical Properties, Application of preformulation Studies, Physical properties, Application of preformulation Tablets, Introduction Excipients, Tablet coating, Liquid orals Introduction Capsules, Packing, Pellets Parenteral Products, advantages and Introduction Capsules, Packing, Pellets Parenteral Products, advantages and Introduction Cosmetics Production Cosmetics Production Introduction Cosmetics Properties Cosmetics Properties, Cosmetics Proprodulation Studies: Introduction to preformulation, goals and objectives, study of physicochemical characteristics of drug substances. a. Physical properties: Physical form (crystal & amorphous), particle size, shape, flow properties, solubility profile (pKa, pH, partition coefficient), polymorphism b. Chemical Properties: Hydrolysis, oxidation, reduction, racemisation, polymerization BCS classification of drugs & its significant Application of preformulation considerations in the development of solid, liquid oral and parenteral dosage forms and its impact on stability of dosage forms Tablets, Introduction, Excipients, Tablet Coating, Liquid orals Tablets: a. Introduction, ideal characteristics of tablets, classification of tablets, Excipients, formulation of tablets, granulation methods, compression and processing problems. Equipments and tablet tooling. b. Tablet coating: Types of coating, coating materials, formulation of coating composition, methods of coating, coating materials, formulation of coating composition, methods of coating, couping and defects. In process and final product tests Liquid orals: Formulation of sorting tests in process and final product quality control tests for capsules. Nature of shell and capsule content, size of capsules, importance of base adsorption and minim/gram factors, production, in process and final product quality control tests for capsules and their applications. Parenteral Products, and the products of properties: Physrical form (crystal defects in process and final product qu	Preformulation Studies, Physical properties, Chemical Properties, Application of preformulation studies characterization to be explained To emphasize o saffication, principles/mechanisms, applications, examples and differences of cosmetics. Preformulation Studies, Physical properties, Chemical Properties, Application of preformulation of preformulation considerations in the development of solid, liquid oral and parenteral dosage forms and insimpact on stability of dosage forms Tablets, Introduction, Excipients, Tablet coating, Liquid orals Tablets, Introduction, cacmisation, polymerization methods, compression and processing problems. Equipments and tablet tooling, b. Tablet coating, Liquid orals Tablets, Introduction, teamination of tablets, granulation methods, compression and processing problems. Equipments and tablet tooling, b. Tablet coating, Types of coating, coating materials, formulation of tablets, granulation of studies of coating, equipment employensions and emulsions; Filling and packaging; evaluation of liquid orals official in pharmacopoeia Hard gelatin capsules: Introduction, Production of hard gelatin capsules, silling, finishing and special techniques of formulation of hard gelatin capsules, manufacturing defects. In process and final product quality control tests for capsules. Introduction Capsules, Packing, Pellets Parenteral Products, advantages and limitations, Production Procedure, Ophthalmic preparations Parenteral Products: a. Definition, types, advantages and limitations. Preformulation and essential requirements, vehicles, additives, importance of isotonicity b. Production procedure, production facilities and controls, aseptic processing c. Formulation of injections, sterile powders, large volume parenterals and lyophilized products. d. Containers, advantages and limitations, Production Cosmetics Formulation Cosmetics Formulation Cosmetics Formulation Cosmetics Formulation Aterosolos, Definition, propellants, containers, valves, sue of preparations: Introduction Cosmetics

1. Pharmaceutical dosage forms - Tablets, volume 1 -3 by H.A. Liberman, Leon Lachman &J.B.Schwartz

2. Pharmaceutical dosage form - Parenteral medication vol- 1&2 by Liberman & Lachman

3. Pharmaceutical dosage form disperse system VOL-1 by Liberman & Lachman4. Modern Pharmaceutics by Gilbert S. Banker & C.T. Rhodes, 3rd Edition

e-Learning Source:

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/319980566_PREFORMULATION_STUDIES

						Co	ourse A	Articul	ation M	atrix: (M	apping o	f COs wit	th POs and	d PSOs)				
PSO 5	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO5	PSO 6
-	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	1	1	2	1	2	3	3	2	-	-	-
-	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	3	3	3	-	-	-
-	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	1	2	3	3	2	-	i	-
-	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	3	3	3	-	i	-
-	3	3	2	3	2	2	3	2	1	2	1	2	3	3	2	-	-	-

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Effective from Session: 2018	3-19									
Course Code	BP 503 T	Title of the Course	PHARMACOLOGY-II L T P							
Year	III	Semester	V 4 0 0							
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite								
Course Objectives		tissues from the laborate receptor actions using is		es 2. D	emonst	rate				

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Discuss & Interpret about the application of various blood forming agents and their role in treatment of cardiovascular disorders. Further
	able to analyze the importance of Diuretics in certain CVDs.
CO2	Explain about the mechanism of drug action and its relevance in the treatment of different diseases.
CO3	Apply their knowledge to understand and describe about how Autocoids involved in development of inflammatory disorders like Gout and
	Arthritis and their treatment.
CO4	Demonstrate about endocrine hormones and their physiological role and can justify the uses of Insulin, OHA, Corticosteroids, Thyroid
	hormone regulators in various disorders.
CO5	Detect the role of sex hormones and their applications as in Oral contraceptives. Define Bioassay types and methods for specific drug.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO								
Ger	General methods of Discuss & Interpret about the application of various blood forming agents To emphasize on definition, types, classification, principles/mechanisms, applications, examples and differences Oral contraceptives and specific drug											
1	Pharmacology of drugs acting on cardio vascular system	Introduction to hemodynamic and electrophysiology of heart. Drugs used in congestive heart failure Anti-hypertensive drugs. Anti-anginal drugs. Anti-arrhythmic drugs. Anti-hyperlipidemic drugs	10	3								
2	Pharmacology of drugs acting on cardio vascular system	Drug used in the therapy of shock. Hematinics, coagulants and anticoagulants. Fibrinolytics and anti-platelet drugs Plasma volume expanders Pharmacology of drugs acting on urinary system Diuretics Anti-diuretics	10	3								
3	Autocoids and related drugs	Introduction to autacoids and classification Histamine, 5-HT and their antagonists. Prostaglandins, Thromboxanes and Leukotrienes. Angiotensin, Bradykinin and Substance P. Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agents Anti-gout drugs Antirheumatic drugs	10	3								
4	Pharmacology of drugs acting on endocrine system	Basic concepts in endocrine pharmacology. Anterior Pituitary hormones- analogues and their inhibitors. Thyroid hormones- analogues and their inhibitors. Hormones regulating plasma calcium level- Parathormone, Calcitonin and Vitamin-D. Insulin, Oral Hypoglycemic agents and glucagon. ACTH and corticosteroids.	8	2								
5	Pharmacology of drugs acting on endocrine system	Androgens and Anabolic steroids. Estrogens, progesterone and oral contraceptives. Drugs acting on the uterus. Bioassay Principles and applications of bioassay. Types of bioassay Bioassay of insulin, oxytocin, vasopressin, ACTH,d-tubocurarine, digitalis, histamine and 5-HT	7	3								

Reference Books:

- 1. Rang H. P., Dale M. M., Ritter J. M., Flower R. J., Rang and Dale's Pharmacology, Churchil Livingstone Elsevier
- 2. Katzung B. G., Masters S. B., Trevor A. J., Basic and clinical pharmacology, Tata Mc Graw-Hill.
- 3. Goodman and Gilman's, The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics
- 4. Marry Anne K. K., Lloyd Yee Y., Brian K. A., Robbin L.C., Joseph G. B., Wayne A. K., Bradley R.W., Applied Therapeutics, The Clinical use of Drugs, The Point Lippincott Williams & Wilkins

e-Learning Source:

						C	ourse A	Articul	ation I	Matrix:	(Mappi	ng of CO	s with POs a	nd PSOs)				
PO- PS O	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6
CO 1	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	-	-	-
CO 2	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	-
CO 3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	3	2	2	3	ı	-	-
CO 4	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	ı	ı	-
CO 5	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	-

Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantial Correlation

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Effective from Sessio	Effective from Session: 2018-2019											
Course Code	BP504	Title of the Course	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry II	L	T	P	C					
Year	III	Semester	V	3	1	0	4					
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite										
Course Objectives		To know the modern extraction techniques, characterization and identification of the terbal drugs and phytoconstituents										

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Discuss the general technique of biosynthesis of phytoconstituents in plants.
CO2	Apprehended the composition, chemistry & chemical classes, bio-sources, therapeutic uses and commercial applications of different plants secondary metabolites.
CO3	Accomplished in the confirmation and estimation of phytoconstituents by chromatography and spectroscopic methods.
CO4	Accomplished in the production estimation and utilization of phytoconstituents in industrial scale.
CO5	Students will be able to production, estimation and analysis of the different phytoconstituents with help of instrument based on
	chromatography and spectroscopy.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO								
Apprel	Apprehended the composition, chemistry & chemical classes, bio-sources, therapeutic uses and commercial applications of different plants secondary metabolites.											
1	Metabolic pathways in higher plants and their determination	a) Brief study of basic metabolic pathways and formation of different secondary metabolites through these pathways- Shikimic acid pathway, Acetate pathways and Amino acid pathway. b) Study of utilization of radioactive isotopes in the investigation of Biogenetic studies.	7	1								
2	General introduction, Alkaloids, Phenylpropanoids and Flavonoids	General introduction, composition, chemistry & chemical classes, biosources, therapeutic uses and commercial applications of following secondary metabolites: Alkaloids: Vinca, Rauwolfia, Belladonna, Opium, Phenylpropanoids and Flavonoids: Lignans, Tea, Ruta Steroids, Cardiac Glycosides & Triterpenoids: Liquorice, Dioscorea, Digitalis Volatile oils: Mentha, Clove, Cinnamon, Fennel, Coriander, Tannins: Catechu, Pterocarpus Resins: Benzoin, Guggul, Ginger, Asafoetida, Myrrh, Colophony Glycosides: Senna, Aloes, Bitter Almond Iridoids, Other terpenoids & Naphthaquinones: Gentian, Artemisia, taxus, carotenoids	14	2								
3	Isolation, Identification and Analysis of Phytoconstituents	Isolation, Identification and Analysis of Phytoconstituents a) Terpenoids: Menthol, Citral, Artemisin b) Glycosides: Glycyrhetinic acid & Rutin c) Alkaloids: Atropine, Quinine, Reserpine, Caffeine d) Resins: Podophyllotoxin, Curcumin	06	3								
4	Industrial production, estimation and utilization phytoconstituents	Industrial production, estimation and utilization of the following phytoconstituents: Forskolin, Sennoside, Artemisinin, Diosgenin, Digoxin, Atropine, Podophyllotoxin, Caffeine, Taxol, Vincristine and Vinblastine	10	4								
5	Basics of Phytochemistry	Modern methods of extraction, application of latest techniques like Spectroscopy, chromatography and electrophoresis in the isolation, purification and identification of crude drugs.	08	5								

Reference Books

W.C. Evans, Trease and Evans Pharmacognosy, 16th edition, W.B. Sounders & Co., London, 2009.

Mohammad Ali. Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry, CBS Publishers & Distribution, New Delhi.

Essentials of Pharmacognosy, Dr.SH.Ansari, IInd edition, Birla publications, New Delhi, 2007

Remington's Pharmaceutical sciences.

e-Learning Source:

https://www.iptsalipur.org/wp-content/uploads/2020/08/BP504T_PGPC_UNIT_II.pdf

					Cou	rse Artic	ulation	Matrix:	(Mappi	ng of COs	with PO	s and PSC	Os)				
PO-P SO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PS O2	PSO 4	PS O5	PS O6
CO1	2	3	3	3	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	ı	-
CO2	3	2	3	3	2	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	3	2	1	-	-

CO3	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	1	1	3	2	2	-	-
CO4	2	2	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	3	1	1	3	2	1	-	-
CO5	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	-	-

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Effective from Session: 2018-2019										
Course Code	BP505T	Title of the Course	Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence	L	T	P	C			
Year	III	Semester	V	3	1	0	4			
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	-2 (PCM/PCB) Co-requisite								
Course Objectives	Various Indian pha The regulatory auth	rmaceutical Acts and La	verning the manufacture and sale of pharmaceuticals	iticals.						

	Course Outcomes							
CO1	The Pharmaceutical legislations and their implications in the development and marketing of pharmaceuticals.							
CO2	Various Indian pharmaceutical Acts and Laws.							
CO3	The regulatory authorities and agencies governing the manufacture and sale of pharmaceuticals.							
CO4	The code of ethics during the pharmaceutical practice.							
CO5	Various Intellectual Property Rights.							
CO6	Various offences and penalties in contravention to different Acts.							

harmaceutical legislation			CO					
The Pharmaceutical legislations and their implications in the development and marketing of pharmaceuticals and Various Indian pharmaceutical Acts and Laws								
Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 and its rules 1945	Cosmetics Act, 1940 and its rules 1945 1945 1945 1946 1948 1							
Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 and its rules 1945	Cosmetics Act, 1940 and its rules 1945 Labeling & Packing of drugs- General labeling requirements and specimen labels for drugs and cosmetics, List of permitted colors. Offences and penalties. Administration of the Act and Rules – Drugs Technical Advisory Board, Central drugs Laboratory, Drugs Consultative Committee, Government drug analysts, Licensing							
Pharmacy Act, Medicinal and Toilet Preparation Act, Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic substances Act	1. Pharmacy Act –1948: Objectives, Definitions, Pharmacy Council of India; its constitution and functions, Education Regulations, State and Joint state pharmacy councils; constitution and functions, Registration of Pharmacists, Offences and Penalties 2. Medicinal and Toilet Preparation Act –1955: Objectives, Definitions, Licensing, Manufacture In bond and Outside bond, Export of alcoholic preparations, Manufacture of Ayurvedic, Homeopathic, Patent & Proprietary Preparations. Offences and Penalties. 3. Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic substances Act-1985 and Rules: Objectives, Definitions, Authorities and Officers, Constitution and Functions of narcotic & Psychotropic Consultative Committee, National Fund for Controlling the Drug Abuse, Prohibition, Control and Regulation, opium poppy cultivation and production of poppy straw,	10	1,2,3,4,5,6					
Drugs and Magic Remedies Act, Prevention of Cruelty to animals Act, DPCO	1. Study of Salient Features of Drugs and Magic Remedies Act and its rules: Objectives, Definitions, Prohibition of certain advertisements, Classes of Exempted advertisements, Offences and Penalties 2. Prevention of Cruelty to animals Act-1960: Objectives, Definitions, Institutional Animal Ethics Committee, CPCSEA guidelines for Breeding and Stocking of Animals, Performance of Experiments, Transfer and acquisition of animals for experiment, Records, Power to suspend or revoke registration, Offences and Penalties 3. National Pharmaceutical Pricing Authority: Drugs Price Control Order (DPCO)-2013. Objectives, Definitions, Sale prices of bulk drugs, Retail price of formulations, Retail price and ceiling price of scheduled formulations, National List of Essential Medicines	08	1,2,3,4,6					
Pharmaceutical Legislations, IPR	Pharmaceutical Legislations – A brief review, Introduction, Study of drugs enquiry committee, Health survey and development committee, Hathi committee and Mudaliar committee Code of Pharmaceutical ethics D efinition, Pharmacist in relation to his job, trade, medical profession and his profession, Pharmacist's oath Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act Right to Information Act Introduction to Intellectual Property Rights (IPR)	07	1,4,5					
	Cosmetics Act, 1940 and its rules 1945 Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 and its rules 1945 Pharmacy Act, Medicinal and Toilet Preparation Act, Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic substances Act Drugs and Magic Remedies Act, Prevention of Cruelty to animals Act, DPCO	Import of drugs — Classes of drugs and cosmetics prohibited from import, Import under license or permit. Offences and penalties. Manufacture of drugs — Prohibition of manufacture and sale of certain drugs, Conditions for grant of license and conditions of license for manufacture of drugs, or estet, examination and analysis, manufacture of new drug, loan license and repacking license. Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940 and its rules 1945	Import of drugs — Classes of drugs and cosmetics prohibited from import, Import under license or permit. Offences and penalties.					

- 1. Forensic Pharmacy by B. Suresh
- 2. Text book of Forensic Pharmacy by B.M. Mithal

- 3. Hand book of drug law-by M.L. Mehra
- 4. A text book of Forensic Pharmacy by N.K. Jain

e-Learning Source:

1-

- 1. DTAB: https://cdsco.gov.in/opencms/opencms/en/dcc-dtab-committee
- 2. Drugs and Cosmetics Act: https://cdsco.gov.in/opencms/opencms/opencms/en/Acts-and-rules/Drugs-and-Cosmetics-Act/
- 3. Cosmetics Rules: https://cdsco.gov.in/opencms/opencms/opencms/en/Acts-and-rules/Cosmetics-Rules/
- 4. WIPO: https://www.wipo.int/academy/en/

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO- PS O	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	3	1	3	3	-	2	3	1	2	-	2	-	3	0	3	-	1	-
CO 2	2	2	1	3	-	3	3	-	3	-	2	-	3	0	3	-	-	-
CO 3	2	3	1	1	-	2	3	-	-	-	2	-	3	0	3	-	1	
CO 4	2	3	1	1	1	2	3	1	3	-	2	-	3	2	3	-	1	,
CO 5	2	3	1	1	-	2	3	-	-	-	2	-	3	0	3	-	-	-
CO 6	2	3	1	1	-	2	3	-	1	-	2		3	0	3	-	-	-

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Effective from Session	Effective from Session: 2018 - 19								
Course Code	BP-506 P	Title of the Course	INDUSTRIAL PHARMACY - I	L	T	P	C		
Year	III	Semester	V	0	0	4	2		
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite	-						
Course Objectives	Know vario	ous considerations in dev	dosage forms and their manufacturing techniques. velopment of pharmaceutical dosage forms id dosage forms and evaluate them for their quality						

	Course Outcomes						
CO1	Acquire the knowledge of Preformulation study						
CO2	Students able to know about Tablet, Syrup, Suspensions and Emulsions formulation development and manufacturing technique.						
CO3	Know various considerations in development of Capsules and Pellets.						
CO4	Understand the Ophthalmic and Prenterals dosage forms and their manufacturing techniques.						
CO5	Able to formulate Cosmetic products and also understand about Pharmaceutical packaging						

Exper iment No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO		
1	Tablet	To perform the preformulation studies of paracetamol/aspirin drug.	4	1		
2	Tablet	t To prepare and evaluate paracetamol granules by wet granulation method.				
3	Tablet	To prepare and evaluate aspirin tablets.	4	2		
4	Tablet	To perform the film coating of tablets/granules				
5	Capsule	To prepare and evaluate tetracycline capsules.	4	3		
6	Capsule	To evaluate glass containers used as packaging material and distinct the type-1, type-2 and type-3 glass.	4	3		
7	Parenterals	To prepare and submit 10 ml of Ascorbic acid injection.	4	4		
8	Parenterals	To prepare and submit 10ml of calcium gluconate injection.	4	4		
9	Cosmetic	To prepare and submit 10 gm Cold Cream	4	5		
10	Cosmetic	To prepare and submit 10 gm Vanishing Cream	4	5		
11	Ophthalmic Preparation	To prepare zinc sulphate eye drop.	4	4		
12	Ophthalmic Preparation	To prepare chloramphenicol eye ointment.	4	4		

e-Learning Source:

https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/The_Theory_and_Practice_of_Industrial_Ph/p_VsAAAAMAAJ?hl=en&gbpv=1&bsq=Theory+And+Practice+of_Industrial+Pharmacy+By+Liberman+%26+Lachman&dq=Theory+And+Practice+of+Industrial+Pharmacy+By+Liberman+%26+Lachman&printsec= frontcover

					Course A	rticulatio	on Matri	x: (Map	ping of	COs w	ith POs	and PS	Os)					
PO-P SO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6
CO1	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	1	1	2	1	2	3	3	2	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	1	2	3	3	2	ı	ı	-
CO4	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	3	1	2	1	1	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	2	3	2	2	3	2	1	2	1	2	3	3	2	-	-	-
1-	•		I	ow Corr	elation; 2	2- Moder	ate Corr	elation;	3- Subs	tantial	Correl	ation						

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Effective from Session: 2018-2019										
Course Code	BP507P	Title of the Course	Pharmacology II	L	Т	P	C			
Year	III	Semester	V	0	0	4	2			
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	0+2 (PCM/PCB) Co-requisite								
	1. Understand the mechanism of drug action and its relevance in the treatment of different diseases 2. Demonstrate isolation of different organs/tissues from the laboratory animals by simulated experiments									
Course Objectives	3. Demonstrate the various receptor actions using isolated tissue preparation 4. Appreciate correlation of pharmacology with related medical sciences									

	Course Outcomes						
CO1	Discuss & Interpret about the application of various blood forming agents and their role in treatment of cardiovascular disorders. Further able to analyze the importance of Diuretics in certain CVDs.						
CO2	Explain about the mechanism of drug action and its relevance in the treatment of different diseases						
CO3	Apply their knowledge to understand and describe about how Autocoids involved in development of inflammatory disorders like Gout and Arthritis and their treatment.						
CO4	Demonstrate about endocrine hormones and their physiological role and can justify the uses of Insulin, OHA, Corticosteroids, Thyroid hormone regulators in various disorders.						
CO5	Detect the role of sex hormones and their applications as in Oral contraceptives. Define Bioassay types and methods for specific drug						

Exper iment No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO					
1	Pharmacology introduction	1. Introduction to in-vitro pharmacology and physiological salt solutions.	4	1					
2	Drugs effect	Effect of drugs on isolated frog heart.	4	1					
3	drugs effect	ffect Effect of drugs on blood pressure and heart rate of dog.							
4	Diuretic activity	ctivity Study of diuretic activity of drugs using rats/mice. 4							
5	Acetylcholine DRC	4	2						
6	Drugs effect	muscle and rat fleum respectively.							
7	Matching bioassay	bioassay Bioassay of histamine using guinea pig ileum by matching method.							
8	Interpolation bioassay	Bioassay of oxytocin using rat uterine horn by interpolation method.	4	3					
9	Three point bioassay	Bioassay of serotonin using rat fundus strip by three-point bioassay.	4	3					
10	Four point bioassay	Bioassay of acetylcholine using rat ileum/colon by four-point bioassay.	4	4					
11	PA2	Determination of PA2 value of prazosin using rat anococcygeus muscle (by Schild plot method).	4	4					
12	PD2	Determination of PD2 value using guinea pig ileum.	4	4					
13	Drug effect	Effect of spasmogens and spasmolytic using rabbit jejunum.	4	5					
14	Drug activity	Anti-inflammatory activity of drugs using carrageenan induced paw-edema model.	4	5					
15	Drug activity	Analgesic activity of drug using central and peripheral methods	4	5					
e-Lear	ning Source:								

Animal simulation Ex- Pharm

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO-P SO CO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	1	2	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	1	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	2	3	1	3	2		1	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	2	3	2	2	1	2	2	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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Effective from Session: 2018-2019								
Course Code	BP 508 P	Title of the Course	Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-II	L	T	P	C	
Year	III	Semester	V	0	0	4	2	
Pre-requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	0+2 (PCM/PCB) Co-requisite						
Course Objectives	2. To understand t3. To understand t			nd phy	rtocons	ituents.		

	Course Outcomes							
CO1	Students apprehend the extraction and isolation techniques of the phytoconstituents.							
CO2	Apprehended the assessment of different identification test of phytoconstituents.							
CO3	Apprehended the estimation of different phytoconstituents by TLC methods.							
CO4	Accomplished in the isolation techniques of volatile oils.							
CO5	Accomplished and assesses the estimation of different sugars by paper chromatography.							

Exper iment No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Morphology,histol ogy and powder characteristics of crude drugs	Morphology,histology and powder characteristics and extraction and detection of cinchona,cinnamon,senna,clove,ephedra,fennel and coriander.	15	1
2	Isolation and detection of active principles	To isolate caffeine from tea dust. To isolate diosgenin from dioscorea. To isolate atropine from belladonna. To isolate sennosides from senna.	12	1
3	Paperchromatogra phy	Separation of sugars by paper chromatography.	3	5
4	TLC	To determine the Rf value of given sample.	3	3
5	Distillation	Distillation of volatile oils and detection of phytoconstituents by TLC.	3	4
6	Chemical test	To perform the chemical test of Asafoetida, Benzoin, Colophony, Aloes, Myrrh	6	2
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e-Learning Source:

 $\underline{https://www.miperknlapindia.ac.in/BP508P-pharmacognosy-phytochemistry2.pdf}$

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO-P SO CO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6
CO1	2	3	3	2	2	1	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	2	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	2	3	2	3	3	1	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	2	2	3	3	3	1	2	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	1	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1-		1- Low Correlation; 2- Moderate Correlation; 3- Substantissal Correlation																

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Effective from Sessi	Effective from Session: 2018-2019									
Course Code	BP 601 T	Title of the Course	MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY-III	L	T	P	C			
Year	III	Semester	VI	3	1	0	4			
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM+PCB) Co-requisite									
Course Objectives	drug design. 2. Unders	stand the chemistry of da	e able to 1. Understand the importance of drug design and drugs with respect to their biological activity. 3. Know the mean the importance of SAR of drugs.							

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Know the types of biological targets in humans and the structural requirement of drugs interacting with them and comprehend and correlate the biological systems involved in drug action for drugs acting as Antibiotics, Anti-infective – Antibacterial, Antiprotozoals, Antivirals, Antifungals and Anthelmintics
CO2	Justify the absorption, distribution and selectivity of drugs based on chemical structure – Antibiotics, Anti-infective – Antibacterial, Antiprotozoals, Antivirals, Antifungals and Anthelmintics.
CO3	Predict the drug metabolic pathways, adverse effect and therapeutic value from the structure of drugs and provide information on the storage of drugs based on the chemical stability.
CO4	Demonstrate knowledge of chemical synthesis of important drugs such as Chloramphenicol, Chloroquine, Pamaquine, Isoniazid, Para amino salicylic acid, Ciprofloxacin, Nitrofurantoin, Acyclovir, Miconazole, Metronidazole, Diethylcarbamazine, Mebendazole, Sulfacetamide, Sulfamethoxazole, Dapsone.
CO5	Explain physicochemical properties related to QSAR and Describe various approaches and designing of drug molecules including prodrug and Combinatorial chemistry

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Antibiotics	Historical background, Nomenclature, Stereochemistry, Structure activity relationship, Chemical degradation classification and important products of the following classes. β-Lactam antibiotics: Penicillin, Cephalosporins, β- Lactamase inhibitors, Monobactams Aminoglycosides: Streptomycin, Neomycin, Kanamycin Tetracyclines: Tetracycline,Oxytetracycline, Chlortetracycline, Minocycline, Doxycycline	10	1
2	Antibiotics	Historical background, Nomenclature, Stereochemistry, Structure activity relationship, Chemical degradation classification and important products of the following classes. Macrolide: Erythromycin Clarithromycin, Azithromycin. Miscellaneous: Chloramphenicol*, Clindamycin. Prodrugs: Basic concepts and application of prodrugs design. Antimalarials: Etiology of malaria. Quinolines: SAR, Quinine sulphate, Chloroquine*, Amodiaquine, Primaquine phosphate, Pamaquine*, Quinacrine hydrochloride, Mefloquine. Biguanides and dihydro triazines: Cycloguanil pamoate, Proguanil. Miscellaneous: Pyrimethamine, Artesunete, Artemether, Atovoquone	10	2
3	Anti-tubercular Agents	Synthetic anti tubercular agents: Isoniozid*, Ethionamide, Ethambutol, Pyrazinamide, Para amino salicylic acid. * Anti tubercular antibiotics: Rifampicin, Rifabutin, Cycloserine Streptomycine, Capreomycin sulphate. Urinary tract anti-infective agents Quinolones: SAR of quinolones, Nalidixic Acid,Norfloxacin, Enoxacin, Ciprofloxacin*, Ofloxacin, Lomefloxacin, Sparfloxacin, Gatifloxacin, Moxifloxacin Miscellaneous: Furazolidine, Nitrofurantoin*, Methanamine Antiviral agents: Amantadine hydrochloride, Rimantadine hydrochloride, Idoxuridine trifluoride, Acyclovir*, Gancyclovir, Zidovudine, Didanosine, Zalcitabine, Lamivudine, Loviride, Delavirding, Ribavirin, Saquinavir, Indinavir, Ritonavir	10	3
4	Antifungal agents:	Antifungal agents: Antifungal antibiotics: Amphotericin-B, Nystatin, Natamycin, Griseofulvin. Synthetic Antifungal agents: Clotrimazole, Econazole, Butoconazole, Oxiconazole Tioconozole, Miconazole*, Ketoconazole, Terconazole, Itraconazole, Fluconazole, Naftifine hydrochloride, Tolnaftate*. Anti-protozoal Agents: Metronidazole*, Tinidazole, Ornidazole, Diloxanide, Iodoquinol, Pentamidine Isethionate, Atovaquone, Eflornithine. Anthelmintics: Diethylcarbamazine citrate*, Thiabendazole, Mebendazole*, Albendazole, Niclosamide, Oxamniquine, Praziquantal, Ivermectin. Sulphonamides and Sulfones Historical development, chemistry, classification and SAR of Sulfonamides: Sulphamethizole, Sulfisoxazole, Sulphamethizine, Sulfacetamide*, Sulphapyridine, Sulfamethoxaole*, Sulphadiazine, Mefenide acetate, Sulfasalazine. Folate reductase inhibitors: Trimethoprim*, Cotrimoxazole. Sulfones: Dapsone	08	4
5	Introduction to Drug Design ce Books:	Introduction to Drug Design Various approaches used in drug design. Physicochemical parameters used in quantitative structure activity relationship (QSAR) such as partition coefficient, Hammet's electronic parameter, Tafts steric parameter and Hansch analysis. Pharmacophore modeling and docking techniques. Combinatorial Chemistry: Concept and applications chemistry: solid phase and solution phase synthesis. of combinatoria	07	5

Reference Books

- 1. Wilson and Giswold's Organic medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry.
- 2. Foye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry.
- 3. Burger's Medicinal Chemistry, Vol I to IV.

4. Introduction to principles of drug design- Smith and Williams.	
5 Damington's Dhammanaytical Sciences	

- 5. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences
- 6. Martindale's extra pharmacopoeia
- 7. Organic Chemistry by I.L. Finar, Vol. II

e-Learning Source:

1-

 $\underline{https://books.google.co.in/books/about/Wilson\ and\ Gisvold\ s\ Textbook\ of\ Organic.html?id=CIpWhgWV5q0C}$

https://books.google.co.in/books/about/Foye s Principles of Medicinal Chemistry.html?id=R0W1ErpsQpkC

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO-P SO CO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6
CO1	3	2	3	2	3	3	1	1	3	2	3	-	3	1	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	-	3	1	3	-	i	-
CO3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	-	3	1	2	-	i	-
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	-	3	1	2	-	-	-
CO5	3	2	3	3	1	1	3	1	2	3	3	-	3	1	2	-		-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	
	Sign & Seal of HoD



Effective from Session: 2018-2019										
Course Code	BP 602 T	Title of the Course	PHARMACOLOGY-III	L	T	P	C			
Year	Ш	Semester	VI	4	0	0	4			
Pre-Requisite	Co-requisite Co-requisite									
Course Objectives	2. Comprehe	Understand the mechanism of drug action and its relevance in the treatment of different infectious diseases Comprehend the principles of toxicology and treatment of various poisonings and Appreciate correlation of pharmacology with related medical sciences								

	Course Outcomes
CO	The chief objective of the unit was to provide basic knowledge about the disease of respiratory system / gastrointetinal system and drugs used in these problems.
CO	1. The chief objective of the unit was to provide basic knowledge about the disease arises due to infections by bacteria / virus and drugs used in these problems.
	2. Mechanism of action, adverse effect, drug interaction, contraindication arises due to use of Penicillins, cephalosporins, chloramphenicol, macrolides, quinolones and fluoroquinolins, tetracycline and aminoglycosides drugs and their management.
CO	The chief objective of this unit is to provide basic knowledge of drugs used in the treatment of tuberculosis,leprosy,viral infection, worm infestation,fungal and amoebic infection
CO	1. This subject is designed to impart basic knowledge on the area of medicine used in malignancy, sexually transmitted diseases, transplantation and immunity enhancer agents.
	2. The chief objective of the unit was to provide basic knowledge about the anticancer drugs, drugs used in sexually transmitted diseases, immunostimulants and immunosuppressants drugs.
	3. Mechanism of action, adverse effect, drug interaction, contraindication arises due to use of these drugs and their management
CO	1. The chief objective of the unit was to provide basic knowledge about the of acute, subacute and chronic toxicity and drugs used in these problems.
	2.Definition and basic knowledge of genotoxicity, carcinogenicity, teratogenicity and mutagenicity, General principles of treatment of poisoning, Clinical symptoms and management of barbiturates, morphine, organophosphorus compound and lead, mercury and arsenic poisoning.
	3. Definition of rhythm and cycles.Biological clock and their significance leading to chronotherapy.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Pharmacology of drugs acting on Respiratory system	 a. Anti -asthmatic drugs b. Drugs used in the management of COPD c. Expectorants and antitussives d. Nasal decongestants d. Respiratory stimulants 2. Pharmacology of drugs acting on the Gastrointestinal Tract a. Antiulcer agents. b. Drugs for constipation and diarrhoea. c. Appetite stimulants and suppressants. d. Digestants and carminatives. e. Emetics and anti-emetics. 	10	3
2	Chemotherapy	a. General principles of chemotherapy. b. Sulfonamides and cotrimoxazole. c. Antibiotics-Penicillins, cephalosporins, chloramphenicol, macrolides, quinolones and fluoroquinolins, tetracycline and aminoglycosides	10	3
3	Chemotherapy	a. Antitubercular agents b. Antileprotic agent f. Anti-gout drugs g. Antirheumatic drugs c. Antifungal agents d. Antiviral drugs e.Anthelmintics f. Antimalarial drugs g. Antiamoebic agents	10	3
4	Chemotherapy Immunopharmacol ogy	 Urinary tract infections and sexually transmitted diseases. m. Chemotherapy of malignancy. Immunopharmacology a. Immunostimulants b. Immunosuppressant Protein drugs, monoclonal antibodies, target drugs to antigen, biosimilars 	8	2
5	Principles of toxicology 6.Chronopharmac ology	a. Definition and basic knowledge of acute, subacute and chronic toxicity. b. Definition and basic knowledge of genotoxicity, carcinogenicity, teratogenicity and mutagenicity c. General principles of treatment of poisoning d. Clinical symptoms and management of barbiturates, morphine, organophosphorus compound and lead, mercury and arsenic poisoning. 6. Chronopharmacology a. Definition of rhythm and cycles. b. Biological clock and their significance leading to chronotherapy.	7	3

Reference Books:

- 1. Rang H. P., Dale M. M., Ritter J. M., Flower R. J., Rang and Dale's Pharmacology, Churchil Livingstone Elsevier
- 2. Katzung B. G., Masters S. B., Trevor A. J., Basic and clinical pharmacology, Tata Mc Graw-Hill.
- 3. Goodman and Gilman's, The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics
- 4. Marry Anne K. K., Lloyd Yee Y., Brian K. A., Robbin L.C., Joseph G. B., Wayne A. K., Bradley R.W., Applied Therapeutics, The Clinical use of Drugs, The Point Lippincott Williams & Wilkins

e-Learning Source:

	https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/169qOfL9G-zeJ6SQ9c6f-YDySX6GN EjU?usp=share link
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						C	ourse A	Articul	ation I	Matrix:	(Mappi	ng of CO	s with PC	s and PS	Os)			
PO-																		
PS	PO	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO1	PO1	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	1012	1501	1502	1505	1501	1503	1500
CO																		
CO 1	3	2	3	2	3	3	1	1	3	2	3	-	2	3	3	-	-	-
CO 2	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	-	3	2	2	-	-	-
CO 3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	-	3	3	2	-	-	-
CO 4	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	-	2	2	2	-	-	-
CO 5	3	2	3	3	1	1	3	1	2	3	3	-	3	2	3	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	
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Effective from Sessio	Effective from Session: 2018-2019												
Course Code	BP603T	Title of the Course	Herbal Drug Technology	L	T	P	C						
Year	III	Semester	VI	3	1	0	4						
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite											
Course Objectives	To know the WHO and ICH guidelines for the evaluation of herbal drugs, herbal cosmetics, nutraceuticals and appreciate patenting of herbal drugs, GMP.												

	Course Outcomes										
CO1	Discuss the crude drug raw material as a source of herbal drugs by cultivation process and knowledge of traditional system of medicine.										
CO2	Apprehended the role of Nutraceuticals in the treatment of various diseases and Herbal-Drug and Herb-Food Interactions.										
CO3	Apprehended the role of natural excipients in Herbal formulations and cosmetics.										
CO4	Accomplished the Patenting aspects, Regulatory Issues, and WHO and ICH guidelines for the evaluation and assessment of Traditional drugs and Natural Products.										
CO5	Discuss the General Introduction to the Herbal Industry and Good Manufacturing Practices of Indian systems of medicine.										

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
		accuticals in the treatment of various diseases and Herbal-Drug and Herb-Food Interactionsues, and WHO and ICH guidelines for the evaluation and assessment of Traditional drugs and N		
1	Herbs as raw materials	11	1	
2	Nutraceuticals	Nutraceuticals General aspects, Market, growth, scope and types of products available in the market. Health benefits and role of Nutraceuticals in ailments like Diabetes, CVS diseases, Cancer, Irritable bowel syndrome and various Gastro intestinal diseases. Study of following herbs as health food: Alfaalfa, Chicory, Ginger, Fenugreek, Garlic, Honey, Amla, Ginseng, Ashwagandha, Spirulina Herbal-Drug and Herb-Food Interactions: General introduction to interaction and classification. Study of following drugs and their possible side effects and interactions: Hypercium, kava-kava, Ginkobiloba, Ginseng, Garlic, Pepper & Ephedra.	07	2
3	Herbal Cosmetics	Herbal Cosmetics Sources and description of raw materials of herbal origin used via, fixed oils, waxes, gums colours, perfumes, protective agents, bleaching agents, antioxidants in products such as skin care, hair care and oral hygiene products. Herbal excipients: Herbal Excipients – Significance of substances of natural origin as excipients – colorants, sweeteners, binders, diluents, viscosity builders, disintegrants, flavors & perfumes. Herbal formulations: Conventional herbal formulations like syrups, mixtures and tablets and Novel dosage forms like phytosomes	10	3
4	Evaluation of Drugs, Regulatory Issues	Evaluation of Drugs WHO & ICH guidelines for the assessment of herbal drugs Stability testing of herbal drugs. Patenting and Regulatory requirements of natural products: a) Definition of the terms: Patent, IPR, Farmers right, Breeder's right, Bioprospecting and Biopiracy b) Patenting aspects of Traditional Knowledge and Natural Products. Case study of Curcuma & Neem. Regulatory Issues - Regulations in India (ASU DTAB, ASU DCC), Regulation of manufacture of ASU drugs - Schedule Z of Drugs & Cosmetics Act for ASU drugs.	10	4
5	General Introduction to Herbal Industry	General Introduction to Herbal Industry Herbal drugs industry: Present scope and future prospects. A brief account of plant based industries and institutions involved in work on medicinal and aromatic plants in India. Schedule T – GoodManufacturing Practice of Indian systems of medicine Components of GMP (Schedule – T) and its objectives Infrastructural requirements, working space, storage area, machinery and equipments, standard operating procedures, health and hygiene, documentation and records.	07	5

Essentia	Essentials of Pharmacognosy, Dr. SH. Ansari, IInd edition, Birla publications, New Delhi, 2007																	
Mukherjee, P.W. Quality Control of Herbal Drugs: An Approach to Evaluation of Botanicals. Business Horizons Publishers, New Delhi, India, 2002.																		
e-Leai	e-Learning Source:																	
https://w	https://www.intechopen.com/chapters/53301																	
	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																	
PO-PS O	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO9	PO1 0	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO 3	PSO4	PSO 5	PSO 6

W.C. Evans, Trease and Evans Pharmacognosy, 16th edition, W.B. Sounders & Co., London, 2009.

Textbook of Pharmacognosy by Tyler, Brady & Robber.

						Cour	se Artic	culatio	n Matrix	: (Mapp	ing of CC)s with P	Os and I	PSOs)				
PO-PS O	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO9	PO1	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO	PSO4	PSO	PSO
CO	1		3	4	3	6	/	0		U					3		3	6
CO1	2	1	3	2	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	1	ı	ı
CO2	3	1	3	3	2	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	-	1	-
CO3	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	1	1	3	2	3	-	1	•
CO4	2	2	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	2	-	-	-
CO5	3	2	3	3	2	3	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	-	-	-
1-				Le	ow Cor	relatio	n; 2- M	oderat	e Correl	ation; 3-	Substant	tial Corre	elation					

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Effective from Ses	Effective from Session: 2018-2019												
Course Code	BP604T	Title of the Course	Biopharmaceutics & Pharmacokinetics	L	T	P	C						
Year	III	Semester	VI	1	0	4							
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB) Co-requisite												
Course Objectives	Use of plasma drug absorption, distributionTo understand the	g concentration-time da ation, metabolism, excre concepts of bioavailabil	naceutics and pharmacokinetics and their significance. ta to calculate the pharmacokinetic parameters to describe the etion, elimination. ity and bioequivalence of drug products and their significan meters, their significance & applications.		tics of c	lrug							

	Course Outcomes
CO1	After completion of this course students will able to understand the mechanisms of drug absorption through GIT, factors influencing drug absorption though GIT and absorption of drug from non per oral extra-vascular routes.
CO2	Know about the tissue permeability of drugs, kinetics of protein binding and clinical significance of protein binding of drugs.
CO3	After completion of this course students will able to understand the basic understanding of metabolic pathways, factors affecting renal excretion of drugs and non renal routes of drug excretion of drugs.
CO4	Know about the absolute and relative bioavailability, in-vitro drug dissolution models, in-vitro-in-vivo correlations, bioequivalence studies and methods to enhance the dissolution rates and bioavailability of poorly soluble drugs.
CO5	After completion of this course students will able to explain compartmental modeling, various pharmacokinetic parameters, their significance and applications.
CO6	After completion of this course students will able to know about kinetics of multiple dosing, calculations of loading and mainetnance doses and their significance.
CO7	After completion of this course students will able to understand the concept of non-linear pharmacokinetics and factors causing non-linearity and Michaelis-menton method of estimating parameters.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Introduction to Biopharmaceutics, Absorption & Distribution	Mechanisms of drug absorption through GIT, factors influencing drug absorption though GIT, absorption of drug from Non per oral extra-vascular routes, Tissue permeability of drugs, binding of drugs, apparent, volume of drug distribution, plasma and tissue protein binding of drugs, factors affecting protein-drug binding. Kinetics of protein binding, Clinical significance of protein binding of drugs.	10	1, 2
2	Elimination, Bioavailability and Bioequivalence	Drug metabolism and basic understanding metabolic pathways renal excretion of drugs, factors affecting renal excretion of drugs, renal clearance, Non renal routes of drug excretion of drugs Definition and Objectives of bioavailability, absolute and relative bioavailability, measurement of bioavailability, <i>in-vitro</i> drug dissolution models, <i>in-vitro-in-vivo</i> correlations, bioequivalence studies, methods to enhance the dissolution rates and bioavailability of poorly soluble drugs.	10	3, 4
3	Pharmacokinetics	Definition and introduction to Pharmacokinetics, Compartment models, Non compartment models, physiological models, One compartment open model. (a). Intravenous Injection (Bolus) (b). Intravenous infusion and (c) Extra vascular administrations. Pharmacokinetics parameters - KE ,t1/2,Vd,AUC,Ka, Clt and CLR- definitions methods of eliminations, understanding of their significance and application	10	5
4	Multicompartment models	Two compartment open model. IV bolus Kinetics of multiple dosing, steady state drug levels, calculation of loading and mainetnance doses and their significance in clinical settings	8	6
5	Nonlinear Pharmacokinetics	7	7	

Reference Books:

- 1. Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics by, Milo Gibaldi.
- 2. Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics; By Robert F Notari
- 3. Applied biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics, Leon Shargel and Andrew B.C.YU 4th edition, Prentice-Hall Inernational edition. USA.
- 4. Bio pharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics-A Treatise, By D. M. Brahmankar and Sunil B.Jaiswal, Vallabh Prakashan Pitampura, Delhi.
- 5. Pharmacokinetics: By Milo Glbaldi Donald, R. Mercel Dekker Inc.
- 6. Hand Book of Clinical Pharmacokinetics, By Milo Gibaldi and Laurie Prescott by ADIS Health Science Press..
- 7. Biopharmaceutics; By Swarbrick
- 8. Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics-An introduction 4th edition Revised and expanded by Rebort F Notari Marcel Dekker Inn, New York and Basel, 1987.
- 9. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, ByMack Publishing Company, Pennsylvnia

e-Learning Source:

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1PuOdN2CUMvjnUNse5PTYAXkfSImTGqjW/view?usp=sharing

https://ptabdata.blob.core.windows.net/files/2017/IPR2017-00854/v34_Exhibit%201034%20-%20Gibaldi.PDF

 $\underline{https://accesspharmacy.mhmedical.com/content.aspx?bookid=513\§ionid=41488019\#56601005$

						C	ourse A	Articul	ation I	Matrix:	(Mappi	ng of CO	s with PC	s and PS	Os)			
PO- PS O	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	2	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	2	1	_	1	1	1	-	-	-
CO 2	2	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	2	1	_	1	1	1	-	-	-
CO 3	2	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	2	1	_	1	1	1	-	-	-
CO 4	2	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	2	1	_	1	1	1	-	-	-
CO 5	2	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	2	1	-	1	1	1	-	-	-
CO 6	2	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	2	1	_	1	1	1	1	-	-
CO 7	2	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	2	1	_	1	1	1	-	-	-
CO 8	2	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	2	1	_	1	1	1	-	-	-
CO 9	2	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	2	1	_	1	1	1	-	-	

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Effective from Ses	ssion: 2018-2019						
Course Code	BP605T	Title of the Course	Pharmaceutical Biotechnology	L	T	P	C
Year	III	Semester	VI	3	1	-	4
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives			nzymes in Pharmaceutical Industries, Genetic engineering a and vaccine, Importance of Monoclonal antibodies in Indust				1 to

	Course Outcomes								
CO1	Understanding the importance of Immobilized enzymes in Pharmaceutical Industries								
CO2	Genetic engineering applications in relation to production of pharmaceuticals								
CO3	Understand the immune system and vaccine								
CO4	Importance of Monoclonal antibodies in Industries								
CO5	Appreciate the use of microorganisms in fermentation technology								

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
Understa pharmac		of Immobilized enzymes in Pharmaceutical Industries, Genetic engineering applications in r	elation to pi	oduction of
1	Brief introduction to Biotechnology	 a) Brief introduction to Biotechnology with reference to Pharmaceutical Sciences. b) Enzyme Biotechnology- Methods of enzyme immobilization and applications. c) Biosensors- Working and applications of biosensors in Pharmaceutical Industries. d) Brief introduction to Protein Engineering. e) Use of microbes in industry. Production of Enzymes- General consideration - Amylase, Catalase, Peroxidase, Lipase, Protease, Penicillinase. f) Basic principles of genetic engineering. 	10	1
2	Recombinant DNA technology	 a) Study of cloning vectors, restriction endonucleases and DNA ligase. b) Recombinant DNA technology. Application of genetic engineering in medicine. c) Application of r DNA technology and genetic engineering in the production of: i) Interferon ii) Vaccines- hepatitis- B iii) Hormones-Insulin. d) Brief introduction to PCR 	10	2
3	Immune System	a) Structure of Immunoglobulins b) Structure and Function of MHC c) Hypersensitivity reactions, Immune stimulation and Immune suppressions. d) General method of the preparation of bacterial vaccines, toxoids, viral vaccine, antitoxins, serum-immune blood derivatives and other products relative to immunity. e) Storage conditions and stability of official vaccines f) Hybridoma technology- Production, Purification and Applications g) Blood products and Plasma Substituties.	10	3
4	Blotting Techniques	a) Immuno blotting techniques- ELISA, Western blotting, Southern blotting. b) Genetic organization of Eukaryotes and Prokaryotes c) Microbial genetics including transformation, transduction, conjugation, plasmids and transposons. d) Introduction to Microbial biotransformation and applications. e) Mutation: Types of mutation/mutants.	08	4
5	Fermentation methods	 a) Fermentation methods and general requirements, study of media, equipments, sterilization methods, aeration process, stirring. b) Large scale production fermenter design and its various controls. c) Study of the production of - penicillins, citric acid, Vitamin B12, Glutamic acid, Griseofulvin, d) Blood Products: Collection, Processing and Storage of whole human blood, dried human plasma, plasma Substituties. 	07	5

- 1. B.R. Glick and J.J. Pasternak: Molecular Biotechnology: Principles and Applications of RecombinantDNA: ASM Press Washington D.C.
- 2. RA Goldshy et. al., : Kuby Immunology.
- 3. J.W. Goding: Monoclonal Antibodies.
- 4. J.M. Walker and E.B. Gingold: Molecular Biology and Biotechnology by Royal Society of Chemistry.
- 5. Zaborsky: Immobilized Enzymes, CRC Press, Degraland, Ohio.
- 6. S.B. Primrose: Molecular Biotechnology (Second Edition) Blackwell Scientific Publication.
- 7. Stanbury F., P., Whitakar A., and Hall J., S., Principles of fermentation technology, 2nd edition, Aditya books Ltd., New Delhi

e-Learning Source:

 $\underline{https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/Molecular_Biotechnology/icV6EAAAQBAJ?hl=en\&gbpv=1\&dq=Biotechnology:+Principles+and+Apples-and+Apples$

https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/Biopharmaceutical Drug Design and Develo/D5iHKLX-GOYC?hl=en&gbpv=1&dq=B.R.+Glick+an

 $\frac{d+J.J.+Pasternak:+Molecular+Biotechnology:+Principles+and+Applications+of+RecombinantDNA:+ASM+Press+Washington+D.C.\&printsections + of the combinantDNA:+ASM+Press+Washington+D.C.\&printsections + of the combinatDNA:+ASM+Press+Washington+D.C.\&printsections + of the combinatDNA:+ASM+Press+Washing$

https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/A_Textbook_of_Biotechnology/-7qcEAAAQBAJ?hl=en&gbpv=1

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)															
PO-PS O CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO1 2	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6
CO1	2	3	1	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	3	-	-
CO2	3	2	1	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	3	-	-
CO3	3	3	1	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	2	-	-
CO4	3	3	1	1	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	3	-	-
CO5	3	2	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	2	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	
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Effective from Session	n: 2018-2019						
Course Code	BP607P	Title of the Course	MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY- III (Practical)	L	T	P	C
Year	III	Semester	VI	0	0	4	2
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	some drugs and their 2. Set up a safe of environment. 3. Understand the prodisposal and synthes 4. Draw chemical physicochemical productions and synthesis are supported by the same of th	experimental procedure proper procedures for the size chemical compound structures and reaction perties by using Chem I	ons by using chem. Draw software. Also students ab	at hum	an hea	lth and	the

	Course Outcomes
CO1	To Understand how to make correct use of various equipments & take safety measures while working in a medicinal chemistry laboratory.
CO2	To Synthesize, recrystallize and understand reaction mechanisms involved in the synthesis of medicinally important compounds.
CO3	To know about different type assay procedures to check the purity of drug and also to perform assay procedure of some drugs by using different analytical procedures.
CO4	Comprehend the techniques of microwave-assisted synthesis and explain applications of microwave-assisted synthesis in pharmaceutical research.
CO5	Students able to draw structures and reactions using Chem draw.

Experim ent No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Preparation of drugs and intermediates	Sulphanilamide	4	1,2
2	Preperation of drug	7-Hydroxy, 4-methyl coumarin	4	1,2
3	Preperation of drug	Chlorobutanol	4	1,2
4	Preperation of drug	Triphenyl imidazole	4	1,2
5	Preperation of drug	Tolbutamide	4	1,2
6	Preperation of drug	Hexamine	4	1,2
7	Assay of drugs	Isonicotinic acid hydrazide	4	1,3
8	Assay	Chloroquine	4	1,3
9	Assay	Metronidazole		1,3
10	Assay	Dapsone	4	1,3
11	Assay	Chlorpheniramine maleate	4	1,3
12	Assay	Benzyl penicillin	4	1,3
13	Preparation of medicinally important compounds or intermediates by Microwave irradiation technique	Preparation of medicinally important compounds or intermediates by Microwave irradiation technique	4	1,2,4
14	Drawing structures and reactions using chem draw®	Drawing structures and reactions using chem draw®	4	5
15	Determination of physicochemical properties	Determination of physicochemical properties such as logP, clogP, MR, Molecular weight, Hydrogen bond donors and acceptors for class of drugs course content using drug design software Drug likeliness screening (Lipinskies RO5)	4	5
e-Learni	ng Source:			
https://w	ww.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK	55884/		

			Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
F	PO-PS O	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	РО	PO10	PO1	PO1	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO
	CO				4					9		1	2	1	2	3	4	3	O

CO1	3	3	3	3	1	2	2	1	1	2	3	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	3	3	1	2	2	1	1	2	3	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO3	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	1	1	2	3	-	2	1	3	-	-	-
CO4	3	2	3	3	1	2	1	1	1	2	3	-	2	1	3	-	ı	-
CO5	3	1	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	1	3	-	2	1	3	-		-

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Effective from Sess	ion: 2018-2019							
Course Code	BP608P	Title of the Course	Pharmacology II	L	Т	P	C	
Year	Ш	0	0	4	2			
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	10+2 (PCM/PCB) Co-requisite						
Course Objectives	2. Comprehend the pri	nciples of toxicology an	nd its relevance in the treatment of different infectious disear d treatment of various poisonings h related medical sciences.	ses				

	Course Outcomes
CO1	The chief objective of the unit was to provide basic knowledge about the disease of respiratory system/gastrointetinal system B8and drugs used in these problems.
CO2	This subject is designed to impart basic knowledge on the area of medicine used in infectious problems. The chief objective of the unit was to provide basic knowledge about the disease arises due to infections by bacteria/virus and drugs used in these problems. Mechanism of action, adverse effect, drug interaction, contraindication arises due to use of Penicillins, cephalosporins, chloramphenicol, macrolides, quinolones and fluoroquinolins, tetracycline and aminoglycosides drugs and their management.
CO3	The chief objective of this unit is to provide basic knowledge of drugs used in the treatment of tuberculosis,leprosy,viral infection, worm infestation, fungal and amoebic infection
CO4	1. This subject is designed to impart basic knowledge on the area of medicine used in malignancy, sexually transmitted diseases, transplantation and immunity enhancer agents. 2. The chief objective of the unit was to provide basic knowledge about the anticancer drugs, drugs used in sexually transmitted diseases, immunostimulants and immunosuppressants drugs. 3. Mechanism of action, adverse effect, drug interaction, contraindication arises due to use of these drugs and their management.
CO5	The chief objective of the unit was to provide basic knowledge about the of acute, subacute and chronic, toxicity and drugs used in these problems. Definition and basic knowledge of genotoxicity, carcinogenicity, teratogenicity and mutagenicity, General principles of treatment of poisoning, Clinical symptoms and management of barbiturates, morphine, organophosphorus compound and lead, mercury and arsenic poisoning. 3. Definition of rhythm and cycles. Biological clock and their significance leading to chronotherapy.

Exper iment No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit				
basic kn interacti	owledge about the disea	art basic knowledge on the area of medicine used in infectious problems. The chief objective of ase arises due to infections by bacteria/virus and drugs used in these problems. Mechanism of access due to use of Penicillin's, cephalosporins, chloramphenicol, macrolides, quinolones and fluotheir management	tion, adverse	effect, drug		
1	Dose calculation	Dose calculation in pharmacological experiments.	4	1		
2	Antiallergic activity	Anti-allergic activity by mast cell stabilization assay.	4	1		
3	Pylorus ligation	Study of anti-ulcer activity of a drug using pylorus ligand (SHAY) rat model and NSAIDS induced ulcer model.	4	1		
4	Drug effect	Study of effect of drugs on gastrointestinal motility.	4	2		
5	Drug effect	Effect of agonist and antagonists on guinea pig ileum.	4	2		
6	Serum biochemical estimation	Estimation of serum biochemical parameters by using semi-autoanalyzer.	4	2		
7	Purgative effect	Effect of saline purgative on frog intestine.	4	3		
8	Hypoglycemic effect	Insulin hypoglycemic effect in rabbit.	4	3		
9	Pyrogen test	Test for pyrogens (rabbit method).	4	3		
10	Toxicity study	Determination of acute oral toxicity (LD50) of a drug from a given data.	4	4		
11	Skin irritation	Determination of acute skin irritation / corrosion of a test substance.	4	4		
12	Eye irritation	Determination of acute eye irritation / corrosion of a test substance.	4	4		
13	Pharmacokinetic study	Calculation of pharmacokinetic parameters from a given data.	4	5		
14	ANOVA test	Biostatistics methods in experimental pharmacology (student's t test, ANOVA).	4	5		
15	Biostats	Biostatistics methods in experimental pharmacology (Chi square test, Wilcoxon Signed Rank test).	4	5		

e-Learning Source:

Animal simulation Ex- Pharm

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO-P SO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO 10	PO 11	PO1 2	PSO 1	PSO 2	PS O3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6
CO1	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	
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Effective from Session: 2018-2019									
Course Code	BP 609P	Title of the Course	Herbal drug technology	L	T	P	C		
Year	III	Semester	VI	0	0	4	2		
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite							
	 To understand r 	1. To understand rawmaterial as a source of herbal drugs from cultivation to herbal drug product.							
Course	2. To know the W	HO and ICH guidelines	for evaluation of herbal drugs.						
Objectives	3. To know the herbal cosmetics,natural sweeteners.nutraceuticals.								
	4. To appreciate page	tenting of herbal drugs,	GMP.						

	Course Outcomes
CO1	To discuss the preliminary phytochemical screening of crude drugs.
CO2	Accomplished the determination of alcohol content of Asava and Arishthas.
CO3	Accomplished the determination of Aldehyde content, Phenol content, Alkaloid content in herbal drugs and formulations.
CO4	Prepared and standardized extract in formulations like syrups, mixtures and tablets and their evaluation.
CO5	Incorporation of prepared and standardized extract in cosmetic formulations like creams, lotions and shampoos.

Exper iment No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Phtochemical screening	To perform the preliminary phytochemical screening of crude drugs.	3	1
2	Alcohol content	To determine the alcohol content in asava and Arista.	6	2
3	Incorporation preparation and Standardization	Incorporation of prepared and standardized extract in cosmetic formulations like creams, lotions and shampoos	9	5
4	Evaluation	Evaluation of excipients of natural origin.	9	1
5	Incorporation preparation and standardisation	Incorporation of prepared and standardized extract in formulations like syrups, mixtures, and tablets.	9	4
6	Aldehyde content	To determine the aldehyde content in the given sample.	3	3
7	Phenol content	To determine the phenol content in the given sample.	3	3
8	Alkaloid content	To determine the total alkaloid content in the given sample	3	3

e-Learning Source:

1-

https://www.hindawi.com/journals/tswj/2017/5873648/

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO-P	PO	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO	PO	PO12	PS	PS	PS	PS	PS	PS
SO	1									10	11		O1	O2	O3	O4	O5	O6
CO																		
CO1	2	3	3	2	1	2	2	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	2	3	3	1	3	2	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	2	3	2	3	1	2	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	2	2	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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Effective from Sessio	Effective from Session: 2019-20									
Course Code	BP701T	Title of the Course	Instrumental Methods Of Analysis	L	T	P	C			
Year	IV	Semester	VII	2	1	0	4			
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite		3	1	U	4			
Course Objectives	Understand the into Understand the chi	omatographic separatio	nall be able to electromagnetic radiations and its applications in drug analy n and analysis of drugs. s of drugs using various analytical instruments.	sis						

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Investigate the pharmaceutical substances by UV Visible and fluorescence spectroscopy.
CO2	Analyze the essentials of nepheloturbidometry, flame photometry and atomic absorption spectroscopy.
CO3	Apprehend the analysis of pharmaceutical substances by chromatographic techniques and electrophoresis.
CO4	Recognize the principle, instrumentation and applications of gas chromatography & high performance liquid chromatography.
CO5	Deal with the fundamentals of ion exchange, affinity chromatography and gel chromatography.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
		substances by UV Visible and fluorescence spectroscopy; Analyze the essentials of nep n spectroscopy, Deal with the fundamentals of ion exchange, affinity chromatography and gel c		
1	UV Visible spectroscopy and Fluorimetry	 UV Visible spectroscopy: Electronic transitions, chromophores, auxochromes, spectral shifts, solvent effect on absorption spectra, Beer and Lambert's law, Derivation and deviations. Instrumentation Sources of radiation, wavelength selectors, sample cells, detectors- Photo tube, Photomultiplier tube, Photo voltaic cell, Silicon Photodiode. Applications -Spectrophotometric titrations, Single component and multicomponent analysis Fluorimetry: Theory, Concepts of singlet, doublet and triplet electronic states, internal and external conversions, factors affecting fluorescence, quenching, instrumentation and applications 	10	1
2	IR spectroscopy, Flame Photometry, Atomic absorption spectroscopy and Nepheloturbidometr y:	 IR spectroscopy: Introduction, fundamental modes of vibrations in polyatomic molecules, sample handling, factors affecting vibrations. Instrumentation-Sources of radiation, wavelength selectors, detectors -Golay cell, Bolometer, Thermocouple, Thermister, Pyroelectric detector and applications. Flame Photometry: Principle, interferences, instrumentation and applications Atomic absorption spectroscopy: Principle, interferences, instrumentation and applications Nepheloturbidometry: Principle, instrumentation and applications 	10	2
3	Adsorption and partition column chromatography, Thin layer chromatography, Paper chromatography and Electrophoresis	 Introduction to chromatography Adsorption and partition column chromatography: Methodology, advantages, disadvantages and applications. Thin layer chromatography: Introduction, Principle, Methodology, Rf values, advantages, disadvantages and applications. Paper chromatography: Introduction, methodology, development techniques, advantages, disadvantages and applications Electrophoresis: Introduction, factors affecting electrophoretic mobility, Techniques of paper, gel, capillary electrophoresis, applications 	10	3
4	Gas chromatography and High performance liquid chromatography	 Gas chromatography: Introduction, theory, instrumentation, Derivatization, temperature programming, advantages, Disadvantages and applications. High performance liquid chromatography (HPLC)> Introduction, theory, Instrumentation, Advantages and applications 	8	4
5	Ion exchange chromatography, Gel chromatography and Affinity chromatography	 Ion exchange chromatography- Introduction, classification, Ion exchange resins, properties, Mechanism of ion exchange process, Factors affecting ion exchange, Methodology and applications Gel chromatography- Introduction, theory, Instrumentation and applications Affinity chromatography- Introduction, theory, Instrumentation and applications 	7	5
Referen	ce Books:			

- 1. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis by B.K Sharma
- 2. Organic spectroscopy by Y.R Sharma
- 3. Text book of Pharmaceutical Analysis by Kenneth A. Connors
- 4. Vogel's Text book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis by A.I. Vogel
- 5. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry by A.H. Beckett and J.B. Stenlake
- 6. Organic Chemistry by I.L. Finar
- 7. Organic spectroscopy by William Kemp

- 8. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs by D. C. Garrett
- 9. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical Formulations by P.D. Sethi
- 10. Spectrophotometric identification of Organic Compounds by Silverstein

e-Learning Source:

1-

https://www.classcentral.com/course/swayam-spectroscopic-techniques-for-pharmaceutical-and-biopharmaceutical-industries-14301

https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1878535213001056

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC6258797/

 $\underline{https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/Pharmaceutical_Analysis/Ub8wod1CJ50C?hl=en\&gbpv=1\&dq=pharmaceutical+analysis+spectral+chromatography\&printsec=frontcover$

https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/Pharmaceutical_Analysis_E_Book/YExgDAAAQBAJ?hl=en&gbpv=1&dq=pharmaceutical+analysis+spectral+chromatography&printsec=frontcover

						C	ourse A	Articul	ation I	Matrix:	(Mappi	ng of CO	s with PC	s and PS	Os)			
PO- PS O	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
	-	-	3	3	1	2	3	3	3	3	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
	-	-	3	3	1	2	3	3	3	3	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO 3	3	3	3	3	1	2	3	3	3	3	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO 4	3	3	3	3	1	2	3	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO 5	3	3	3	3	1	2	3	3	3	3	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	-

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Effective from Sessio	Effective from Session: 2019-2020														
Course Code	BP702T	Title of the Course	Industrial Pharmacy -II	L	T	P	C								
Year	IV	Semester	VII	3	1	0	4								
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite													
Course Objectives	Understand the pro Know different La	ocess of technology tran	p of pharmaceutical dosage forms sfer from lab scale to commercial batch ate pharmaceutical industry latory requirements for drug products												

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Acquire the ability about process of pilot plant and scale up of pharmaceutical dosage forms.
CO2	Able to communicate the process of technology transfer from lab scale to commercial batch.
CO3	Know the different Laws and Acts that regulate pharmaceutical industry
CO4	Understand the approval process and regulatory requirements for drug products
CO5	Able to understand quality management system and Indian regulatory system.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
1	Pilot plant scale up techniques	Pilot plant scale up techniques: General considerations - including significance of personnel requirements, space requirements, raw materials, Pilot plant scale up considerations for solids, liquid orals, semi solids and relevant documentation, SUPAC guidelines, Introduction to platform technology	10	1
2	Terminology, Technology transfer protocol, Quality risk management	Technology development and transfer: WHO guidelines for Technology Transfer(TT): Terminology, Technology transfer protocol, Quality risk management, Transfer from R & D to production (Process, packaging and cleaning), Granularity of TT Process (API, excipients, finished products, packaging materials) Documentation, Premises and equipments, qualification and validation, quality control, analytical method transfer, Approved regulatory bodies and agencies, Commercialization - practical aspects and problems (case studies), TT agencies in India - APCTD, NRDC, TIFAC, BCIL, TBSE / SIDBI; TT related documentation - confidentiality agreement, licensing, MoUs, legal issues	10	2
3	Regulatory affairs	Regulatory affairs: Introduction, Historical overview of Regulatory Affairs, Regulatory authorities, Role of Regulatory affairs department, Responsibility of Regulatory Affairs Professionals Regulatory requirements for drug approval: Drug Development Teams, Non-Clinical Drug Development, Pharmacology, Drug Metabolism and Toxicology, General considerations of Investigational New Drug (IND) Application, Investigator's Brochure (IB) and New Drug Application (NDA), Clinical research / BE studies, Clinical Research Protocols, Biostatistics in Pharmaceutical Product Development, Data Presentation for FDA Submissions, Management of Clinical Studies.	10	3
4	Quality management systems	Quality management systems: Quality management & Certifications: Concept of Quality, Total Quality Management, Quality by Design (QbD), Six Sigma concept, Out of Specifications (OOS), Change control, Introduction to ISO 9000 series of quality systems standards, ISO 14000, NABL, GLP	08	4
5	Indian Regulatory Requirements	Indian Regulatory Requirements: Central Drug Standard Control Organization (CDSCO) and State Licensing Authority: Organization, Responsibilities, Certificate of Pharmaceutical Product (COPP), Regulatory requirements and approval procedures for New Drugs	07	5

Reference Books:

- 1. Regulatory Affairs from Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia modified on 7th April available at http,//en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Regulatory_ Affairs
- 2. Douglas J Pisano and David S. Mantus. Text book of FDA Regulatory Affairs A Guide for Prescription Drugs, Medical Devices, and Biologics' Second Edition.
- 3. Regulatory Affairs brought by learning plus, inc. a

e-Learning Source:

http://www.iraup.com/about.php

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO-P SO CO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO1	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	1	3	2	2	2	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	1	2	-	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	3	1	_	3	2	2	-	-	-

CO4	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	1	1	ı	3	3	3	-	ı	-
CO5	3	3	3	3	2	1	3	2	3	1	3	1	3	3	2	-	ı	-

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Effective from Session	1: 2019-2020						
Course Code	BP-703T	Title of the Course	Clinical Research	L	Т	P	C
Year	VI	Semester	VII	3	1	0	C 4
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite	-				
Course Objectives	 To monitor druinterview and of To know pharm Appreciate the 	g therapy of patient thre counsel the patients, ide naceutical care services concept of rational drug	hods in a hospital, pharmacy stores and inventory control mough medication chart review and clinical review, obtain mentify drug related problems and adverse drug reactions patient counseling in community pharmacy and therapy. of specific disease state	anager dicatio	nent on histor	ry	

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Know and understand the Hospital organization and detect and assess adverse drug reactions, reporting and its management.
CO2	Knowledge of various drug distribution methods system in the hospital, and monitor drug therapy of Patient, role pharmacist in medication adherence and community pharmacy management .also know how to obtain medication history interview
CO3	Know and understand guideline of know pharmaceutical care services such therapeutic committee, drug information services, patient counseling, and also able to answer the role of pharmacist in education and training of program., monitor drug therapy of patient through medication chart review and clinical review.
CO4	Able to understand the medication of management, budget preparation and its implementation, and also help in rational use of common over the counter medication
CO5	Able to understand the appreciate pharmacy stores and inventory control management and able to interpret selected laboratory results of specific disease states and controlling of investigational use of drugs.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
guidelin	e of know pharmaceutical care	ital pharmacy and its organization, Hospital pharmacy and its organization, Adverse services such therapeutic committee, drug information services, patient counseling, and ning of program., monitor drug therapy		
1	Hospital and it's organization, Hospital pharmacy and its organization, Hospital pharmacy and its organization, Adverse drug reaction, Community Pharmacy	Definition, Classification of hospital- Primary, Secondary and Tertiary hospitals, Classification based on clinical and non- clinical basis, Organization Structure of a Hospital, and Medical staffs involved in the hospital and their functions. Definition, functions of hospital pharmacy, Organization structure, Location, Layout and staff requirements, and Responsibilities and functions of hospital pharmacists. Classifications - Excessive pharmacological effects, secondary pharmacological effects, idiosyncrasy, allergic drug reactions, genetically determined toxicity, toxicity following sudden withdrawal of drugs, Drug interaction- beneficial interactions, adverse interactions, and pharmacokinetic drug interactions, Methods for detecting, drug interactions, spontaneous case reports and record linkage studies, and Adverse drug reaction reporting and management Organization and structure of retail and wholesale drug store, types and design, Legal requirements for establishment and maintenance of a drug store, Dispensing of proprietary products, maintenance of records of retail and wholesale drug store.	10	1
2	Drug distribution system in a hospital, Hospital formulary Therapeutic drug monitoring, Medication adherence, Patient medication history interview, Community pharmacy management	Dispensing of drugs to inpatients, types of drug distribution systems, charging policy and labelling, Dispensing of drugs to ambulatory patients, and Dispensing of controlled drugs Definition, contents of hospital formulary, Differentiation of hospital formulary and Drug list, preparation and revision, and addition and deletion of drug from hospital formulary. Need for Therapeutic Drug Monitoring, Factors to be considered during the Therapeutic Drug Monitoring, and Indian scenario for Therapeutic Drug Monitoring. Causes of medication non-adherence, pharmacist role in the medication adherence, and monitoring of patient medication adherence. Need for the patient medication history interview, medication interview forms. Financial, materials, staff, and infrastructure requirements	10	2
3	Pharmacy and therapeutic committee, Drug information services, Patientcounseling, Education and training program in the hospital Prescribed medication order and communication skills	Organization, functions, Policies of the pharmacy and therapeutic committee in including drugs into formulary, inpatient and outpatient prescription, automatic stop order, and emergency drug list preparation. Drug and Poison information centre, Sources of drug information, Computerised services, and storage and retrieval of information. Definition of patient counseling; steps involved in patient counseling, and Special cases that require the pharmacist Role of pharmacist in the education and training program, Internal and external training program, Services to the nursing homes/clinics, Code of ethics for community pharmacy, and Role of pharmacist in the interdepartmental communication and community health education. Prescribed medication order- interpretation and legal requirements, and Communication skills- communication with prescribers and patients	10	3
4	Budget preparation and implementation, Clinical	Budget preparation and implementation, Introduction to Clinical Pharmacy, Concept of clinical pharmacy, functions and	10	4

	Pharmacy, Over the counter (OTC) sales	responsibilities of clinical pharmacist, Drug therapy monitoring - medication chart review, clinical review, pharmacist intervention, Ward round participation, Medication history and Pharmaceutical care. Dosing pattern and drug therapy based on Pharmacokinetic & disease pattern. Introduction and sale of over the counter, and Rational use of common over the counter medications.		
5	Drug store management and inventory control, Investigational use of drugs, Interpretation of Clinical Laboratory Tests	Organisation of drug store, types of materials stocked and storage conditions, Purchase and inventory control: principles, purchase procedure, purchase order, procurement and stocking, Economic order quantity, Reorder quantity level, and Methods used for the analysis of the drug expenditure Description, principles involved, classification, control, identification, role of hospital pharmacist, advisory committee Blood chemistry, hematology, and urinalysis	10	5

Reference Books:

1-

- e. Principles of Clinical Research edited by Giovanna di Ignazio, Di Giovanna and Haynes. f. Clinical Data Management edited by R K Rondels, S A Varley, C F Webbs. Second Edition, Jan 2000, Wiley Publications. g. Goodman & Gilman: JG Hardman, LE Limbard, 10th Edn. McGraw Hill Publications, 2001.

e-Learning Source:

 $\underline{https://ilizone.iul.ac.in/course/modedit.php?update=193274\&return=0\&sr=0$

							-			3.5			10 11 1	DO 1 DO	0 \			
							Cours	e Arti	culati	on Mat	rix: (Map	ping of C	Os with I	POs and PS	Os)			
PO-P SO CO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
	_	_	_	_	_						_							
CO1	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	-	2	3	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	3	2	2	2	1		2	2	2	-	2	3	-	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	2	3	3	3	-	2	3	-	-	-	-
CO4	3	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	3	3	3	-	2	3	-	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	-	2	3	-	-	-	-

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Effective from Sessio	Effective from Session: 2019-2020												
Course Code	BP704T	Title of the Course	Novel Drug Delivery System	L	T	P	C						
Year	IV	Semester	VII	3	1	0	10						
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite											
Course Objectives	systems.	e criteria for selection	all be able to understand various approaches for developme of drugs and polymers for the development of Novel drug			_	-						

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Understand various approaches for development of novel drug delivery systems.
	Know the criteria for selection of drugs and polymers for the development of novel drug delivery systems, their formulation and evaluation.
CO2	Know the approaches, technologies and drug carriers used in the process of drug delivery which serves to improve the selectivity,
	effectiveness, and/or safety of drug administration.
CO3	The students should understand about Transdermal Drug Delivery Systems, Gastro-retentive drug delivery systems and Naso-pulmonary drug
	delivery system.
CO4	To understand Targeted Drug Delivery including liposomes, niosomes, nanoparticles, monoclonal antibodies.
CO5	To understand Ocular Drug Delivery Systems and Intrauterine Drug Delivery Systems including intra uterine devices (IUDs).

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO					
		for development of novel drug delivery systems. Know the criteria for selection of drug dery systems, their formulation and evaluation.	s and polyn	ners for the					
1	Controlled drug delivery systems, Polymer	delivery systems, Polymer dissolution and ion exchange principles. Physicochemical and biological properties of drugs relevant to controlled release formulations Introduction, classification, properties, advantages and application of polymers in formulation of controlled release drug delivery systems.							
2	Microencapsulatio n, Mucosal Drug Delivery system, Implantable Drug Delivery Systems	Definition, advantages and disadvantages, microspheres /microcapsules, microparticles, methods of microencapsulation, applications Introduction, Principles of bioadhesion / mucoadhesion, concepts, advantages and disadvantages, transmucosal permeability and formulation considerations of buccal delivery systems Introduction, advantages and disadvantages, concept of implants and osmotic pump	10	2					
3	Transdermal Drug Delivery Systems, Gastroretentive drug delivery systems, Nasopulmonary drug delivery system	Introduction, Permeation through skin, factors affecting permeation, permeation enhancers, basic components of TDDS, formulation approaches Introduction, advantages, disadvantages, approaches for GRDDS – Floating, high density systems, inflatable and gastroadhesive systems and their applications Introduction to Nasal and Pulmonary routes of drug delivery, Formulation of Inhalers (dry powder and metered dose), nasal sprays, nebulizers	10	3					
4	Targeted drug Delivery	Concepts and approaches advantages and disadvantages, introduction to liposomes, niosomes, nanoparticles, monoclonal antibodies and their applications	08	4					
5	Ocular Drug Delivery Systems, Intrauterine Drug Delivery Systems	Introduction, intra ocular barriers and methods to overcome –Preliminary study, ocular formulations and ocuserts Introduction, advantages and disadvantages, development of intra uterine devices (IUDs) and applications	07	5					

Reference Books:

- 1. Y W. Chien, Novel Drug Delivery Systems, 2nd edition, revised and expanded, Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, 1992.
- 2. Robinson, J. R., Lee V. H. L, Controlled Drug Delivery Systems, Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, 1992.
- 3. Encyclopedia of Controlled Delivery. Edith Mathiowitz, Published by Wiley Interscience Publication, John Wiley and Sons, Inc, New York. Chichester/Weinheim
- 4. N.K. Jain, Controlled and Novel Drug Delivery, CBS Publishers & Distributors, New Delhi, First edition 1997 (reprint in 2001).
- 5. S.P. Vyas and R.K. Khar, Controlled Drug Delivery -concepts and advances, Vallabh Prakashan, New Delhi, First edition 2002
- 1. Indian Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences (IPA)
- 2. Indian Drugs (IDMA)
- 3. Journal of Controlled Release (Elsevier Sciences)
- 4. Drug Development and Industrial Pharmacy (Marcel & Decker)
- 5. International Journal of Pharmaceutics (Elsevier Sciences)

e-Learning Source:

https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/Novel Drug Delivery Technologies/TgDQDwAAQBAJ?hl=en&gbpy=1&dq=NOVEL+DRUG+DELI VERY+SYSTEM&printsec=frontcover

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO-P SO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO11	PO12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PS O3	PSO 4	PS O5	PS0
CO										Ů			•		0.0	·		Ŭ
CO1	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	-	3	2	1	-	-	-
CO2	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	-	3	2	1	-	-	-
CO3	3	2	2	2	1	1	2	1	2	1	3	-	3	2	1	-	-	-
CO4	3	1	1	3	1	1	2	1	2	1	3	-	3	2	1	-	-	-
CO5	3	2	1	3	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	-	3	2	1	-	-	-

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Effective from Sess	Effective from Session: 2019-2020									
Course Code	Course Code RP/OSP Title of the Course		INSTRUMENTAL METHODS OF ANALYSIS (Practical)	L	Т	P	C			
Year	IV Semester VII 0 0 4									
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB) Co-requisite									
Course Objectives	1. Understand the interaction of matter with electromagnetic radiations and its applications in drug analysis 2. Understand the chromatographic separation and analysis of drugs. 3. Perform quantitative & qualitative analysis of drugs using various analytical instruments.									

	Course Outcomes
CO1	To study different types of analytical instruments and how to make their correct use of various equipment & take safety measures while
	working in a analytical chemistry laboratory.
CO2	The students will be able to apply the use of different reference books for different fundamental techniques of analysis
CO3	To perform quantitative & qualitative analysis of drugs using various analytical instruments.
CO4	To understand the chromatographic separation and analysis of drugs.
CO5	To study the interpretation of UV spectra of unknown drugs and also to interpret the various functional group by spectroscopy

Exper iment No.	Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
	the interpretation of UV spe ographic separation and analy	ectra of unknown drugs and also to interpret the various functional group by spectroscopy a sysis of drugs.	nd Understan	d the
1	UV Visible spectroscopy	Determination of absorption maxima and effect of solvents on absorption maxima of organic compounds	4	1,3,5
2	UV Visible spectroscopy	Estimation of dextrose by colorimetry	4	1,3,5
3	UV Visible spectroscopy	Estimation of sulfanilamide by colorimetry	4	1,2,3
4	UV Visible spectroscopy	Simultaneous estimation of ibuprofen and paracetamol by UV spectroscopy	4	1,2,3
5	Spectrophotometric titrations	Assay of paracetamol by UV- Spectrophotometry	4	1,2,3
6	Fluorimetry	Estimation of quinine sulfate by fluorimetry	4	1,2,3
7	Fluorimetry	Study of quenching of fluorescence	4	1,2,3,
8	IR spectroscopy:	Determination of sodium by flame photometry	4	1,2,3
9	Flame Photometry	Determination of potassium by flame photometry	4	1,2,3
10	Nepheloturbidometry-	Determination of chlorides and sulphates by nephelo turbidometry	4	1,2,4
11	Chromatography	Separation of amino acids by paper chromatography	4	1,2,4
12	Chromatography	Separation of sugars by thin layer chromatography	4	1,2,4
13	Chromatography	Separation of plant pigments by column chromatography	4	1,2,4
14	High performance liquid chromatography (HPLC)-	Demonstration experiment on HPLC	4	2,3,4
15	Gas chromatography	4	2,3,4	
e-Lear	ning Source:			

e-Learning Source:

- 1. Instrumental method of analysis: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BSIG2oASWNQ
- 2. Fluoresence spectroscopy: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9MQPp0cwI8g
- 3. Assay of paracetamol by UV- Spectrophotometry : https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IybO3cbsFC0
- 4. High performance liquid chromatography (HPLC)- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Y7-CuEGfnyI
- 5. Gas chromatography https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZpPzImDSfqc

					C	ourse Ai	rticulati	ion Mat	rix: (M	apping o	f COs wi	th POs a	nd PSOs)				
PO-P SO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO 3	PS O4	PS O5	PS O6
CO															Ü	٠,		00
CO1	3	1	2	3	1	1	1	2	2	1	3	0	3	1	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	1	2	3	2	1	1	2	2	1	3	0	3	1	3	-	-	-
CO3	3	1	2	3	1	2	1	2	2	1	3	0	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO4	3	1	2	3	1	2	1	2	2	1	3	0	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO5	3	1	2	3	2	1	1	2	2	1	3	0	3	1	3	-	-	-



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Effective from Session	Effective from Session: 2019-2020											
Course Code	BP706PS	Title of the Course	Practice School	L	T	P	C					
Year	IV	Semester	VII	0	0	4	0					
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite										
Course Objectives	Pharmacy p	Introduction of pharmacy practice. Pharmacy practice will help in understanding practical aspects of the different field. It will also help to accomplish future endeavours as well as employability.										

	Course Outcomes								
CO1	Understand the advanced instruments used and their applications in drug analysis.								
CO2	Understand the concepts and applications of alternative medicine.								
CO3	Learn to execute and utilize softwares of pharmaceutical importance.								
CO4	Understand the calibration of various analytical instruments.								
CO5	Know analysis of drugs using various analytical instruments.								

Title of the Experiment	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
Formulation development	Current status of Pharmacovigilance in India.	5	3
Quality control	Role of Pharmacist in community pharmacy and health services.	5	4
Quality control	Quality control of Solid dosage form.	5	5
Quality control	Quality control of Liquid dosage form.	5	5
Quality control	Quality control of Parenteral preparations.	5	5
Nutraceuticals	Herbs as Neutraceuticals and their clinical use.	5	1
Formulation development	Medication error and its management.	5	1
Drug design and process chemistry	Drug interaction clinical significance.	5	3
Drug design and process chemistry	Supply chain management in Drug distribution	5	2
Alternative medicine	Alternative medicine in homeopathy.	5	2
Alternative medicine	Alternative medicine in Unani.	5	2
Quality control	Quality control test for containers, rubbers, closures and packaging materials.	5	5
Phytomedicine	Herbal product development and current trends in formulation of herbal pharmaceuticals and newer herbal drug delivery system.	5	1
	Experiment Formulation development Quality control Quality control Quality control Quality control Nutraceuticals Formulation development Drug design and process chemistry Drug design and process chemistry Alternative medicine Alternative medicine Quality control	Experiment Content of Unit Current status of Pharmacovigilance in India. Current status of Pharmacovigilance in India. Quality control Role of Pharmacist in community pharmacy and health services. Quality control Quality control of Solid dosage form. Quality control Quality control of Liquid dosage form. Quality control Quality control of Parenteral preparations. Nutraceuticals Herbs as Neutraceuticals and their clinical use. Formulation development Drug design and process chemistry Drug design and process chemistry Drug design and process chemistry Alternative medicine Alternative medicine Alternative medicine in homeopathy. Alternative medicine in Unani. Quality control Quality control test for containers, rubbers, closures and packaging materials. Phytomedicine Herbal product development and current trends in formulation of herbal pharmaceuticals	Experiment Content of Unit Hrs. Formulation development Current status of Pharmacovigilance in India. 5 Quality control Role of Pharmacist in community pharmacy and health services. 5 Quality control Quality control of Solid dosage form. 5 Quality control Quality control of Liquid dosage form. 5 Quality control Quality control of Parenteral preparations. 5 Nutraceuticals Herbs as Neutraceuticals and their clinical use. 5 Formulation development Medication error and its management. 5 Drug design and process chemistry Drug interaction clinical significance. 5 Drug design and process chemistry Supply chain management in Drug distribution 5 Alternative medicine Alternative medicine in homeopathy. 5 Alternative medicine in Unani. 5 Quality control Quality control test for containers, rubbers, closures and packaging materials. 5 Phytomedicine Herbal product development and current trends in formulation of herbal pharmaceuticals 5

e-Learning Source:

 $\underline{https://www.bing.com/search?q=Pharmacognosy+by+Trease+and+Evans}.$

 $\underline{https://www.bing.com/search?q=Mukherjee\%2C+P.W.+Quality+Control+of+Herbal+Drugs}$

 $\underline{https://www.bing.com/search?q=Current+Concepts+in+Drug+Design+by+T.+Durai+and+Ananda+Kumar.}$

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO-P SO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO 1	PSO 2	PS O3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6
CO1	1	1	1	1	-	1	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	-	-	-
CO2	-	-	2	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	-	-	1	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	1	-	1	1	-	-	3	1	-	-	1	-	1	1	-		-	-
CO5	-	-	2	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-



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Effective from Session	Effective from Session: 2019-2020											
Course Code	BP801T	Title of the Course	Biostatistics and Research Methodology	L	T	P	C					
Year	IV	Semester	VIII	3	1	0	4					
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite										
Course Objectives	To know the operation solve statistical prob	o know the operation of M.S. Excel, SPSS, R and MINITAB®, DoE (Design of Experiment), various statistical techniques to										

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Discuss the applications of Biostatics such as Correlation, Mean, Median, Mode, Range and standard deviation.
CO2	Discuss the applications of Biostatics in Pharmacy such as Regression, Probability
	theory, Sampling technique, Parametric tests and Non Parametric tests
CO3	Apprehended the design of experiments for Phases of clinical trials and observational and experimental studies.
CO4	Accomplished the operation of M.S. Excel, SPSS, R and MINITAB®, DoE (Design of experiment).
CO5	Accomplished the statistical techniques in Design and Analysis of experiments.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
Discu	uss the applications of B	iostatics such as Correlation, Mean, Median, Mode, Range and standard deviation.		
1	Introduction, Measures of central tendency, Correlation	Introduction: Statistics, Biostatistics, Frequency distribution Measures of central tendency: Mean, Median, Mode- Pharmaceutical examples Measures of dispersion: Dispersion, Range, standard deviation, Pharmaceutical problems Correlation: Definition, Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation, Multiple correlation - Pharmaceuticals examples	10	1
2	Regression, Probability, Parametric test	Regression: Curve fitting by the method of least squares, fitting the lines y= a + bx and x = a + by, Multiple regression, standard error of regression—Pharmaceutical Examples Probability:Definition of probability, Binomial distribution, Normal distribution, Poisson's distribution, properties - problems Sample, Population, large sample, small sample, Null hypothesis, alternative hypothesis, sampling, essence of sampling, types of sampling, Error-I type, Error-II type, Standard error of mean (SEM) - Pharmaceutical examples Parametric test: t-test(Sample, Pooled or Unpaired and Paired), ANOVA, (One way and Two way), Least Significance difference	10	2
3	Non Parametric tests, Introduction to Research	Non Parametric tests: Wilcoxon Rank Sum Test, Mann-Whitney U test, Kruskal-Wallis test, Friedman Test Introduction to Research: Need for research, Need for design of Experiments, Experiential Design Technique, plagiarism Graphs: Histogram, Pie Chart, Cubic Graph, response surface plot, Counter Plot graph Designing the methodology: Sample size determination and Power of a study, Report writing and presentation of data, Protocol, Cohorts studies, Observational studies, Experimental studies, Designing clinical trial, various phases.	10	3
4	Introduction to Practical components of Industrial and Clinical Trials Problems	Blocking and confounding system for Two-level factorials Regression modeling: Hypothesis testing in Simple and Multiple regressionmodels Introduction to Practical components of Industrial and Clinical Trials Problems: Statistical Analysis Using Excel, SPSS, MINITAB®, DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS, R - Online Statistical Software's to Industrial and Clinical trial approach	08	4
5	Design and Analysis of experiments:	Design and Analysis of experiments: Factorial Design: Definition, 22, 23design. Advantage of factorial design Response Surface methodology: Central composite design, Historical design, Optimization Techniques	07	5

Reference Books:

Design and Analysis of Experiments – Wiley Students Edition, Douglas and C. Montgomery

Pharmaceutical statistics- Practical and clinical applications, Sanford Bolton, publisher Marcel Dekker Inc. NewYork.

Fundamental of Statistics – Himalaya Publishing House- S.C.Guptha

Design and Analysis of Experiments –PHI Learning Private Limited, R. Pannerselvam,

e-Learning Source:

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5122272/

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO-P SO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO	•	_		•		,	,	Ò										
CO1	1	1	3	1	1	2	0	0	0	1	2	-	1	1	1	-	-	-

CO2	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	2	-	2	1	1	-	i	-
CO3	1	2	2	1	0	2	1	0	1	1	1	-	1	2	1	-	1	-
CO4	1	2	3	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	-	1	1	1	-	-	-
CO5	1	2	3	2	0	1	1	0	0	1	2	-	2	2	1	-	-	-

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Effective from Session	on: 2019-2020						
Course Code	BP802T	Title of the Course	SOCIAL AND PREVENTIVE PHARMACY	L	Т	P	C
Year	IV	Semester	VIII	3	1	0	0
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite					
Course Objectives	and worldwide. 2. Have a critical w	ray of thinking based on	of current issues related to health and pharmaceutical problem current healthcare development. blems related to health and pharmaceutical issues	ns wit	hin the	country	Ī

	Course Outcomes										
CO1	Able to know about disease, health and health education and acquire the knowledge of nutrition and hygiene.										
CO2	Acquire knowledge about prevention and control of various diseases.										
CO3	Able to understand various national health programs.										
CO4	Understand about National health intervention programme.										
CO5	Acquire the knowledge of community services, NRHM and NUHM.										

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO							
Able to know about disease, health and health education and acquire the knowledge of nutrition and hygiene											
1	Concept of health and disease:	Definition, concepts and evaluation of public health. Understanding the concept of prevention and control of disease, social causes of diseases and social problems of the sick. Social and health education: Food in relation to nutrition and health, Balanced diet, Nutritional deficiencies, Vitamin deficiencies, Malnutrition and its prevention. Sociology and health: Socio cultural factors related to health and disease, Impact of urbanization on health and disease, Poverty and health Hygiene and health: personal hygiene and health care; avoidable habits	10	1							
2	Preventive medicine:	General principles of prevention and control of diseases such as cholera, SARS, Ebola virus, influenza, acute respiratory infections, malaria, chicken guinea, dengue, lymphatic filariasis, pneumonia, hypertension, diabetes mellitus, cancer, drug addiction-drug substance abuse	10	2							
3	National health programs	objectives, functioning and outcome of the following: HIV AND AIDS control programme, TB, Integrated disease surveillance program (IDSP), National leprosy control programme, National mental health program, National programme for prevention and control of deafness, Universal immunization programme, National programme for control of blindness, Pulse polio programme.	10	3							
4	National health intervention programme	for mother and child, National family welfare programme, National tobacco control programme, National Malaria Prevention Program, National programme for the health care for the elderly, Social health programme; role of WHO in Indian national program	08	4							
5	Community services	Community services in rural, urban and school health: Functions of PHC, Improvement in rural sanitation, national urban health mission, Health promotion and education in school.	07	5							

Reference Books:

- 1. Short Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine, Prabhakara GN, 2nd Edition, 2010, ISBN: 9789380704104, JAYPEE Publications
- 2. Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine (Mahajan and Gupta), Edited by Roy Rabindra Nath, Saha Indranil, 4th Edition, 2013, ISBN: 9789350901878, JAYPEE Publications
- 3. Review of Preventive and Social Medicine (Including Biostatistics), Jain Vivek, 6th Edition, 2014, ISBN: 9789351522331, JAYPEE Publications
- 4. Park Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine, K Park, 21st Edition, 2011, ISBN-14: 9788190128285, BANARSIDAS BHANOT PUBLISHERS

e-Learning Source:

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1zqR5sZiU4qngXrPCwXriQEDQHAv7Vy7u?usp=sharing

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO-PSO	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	PSOI	P302	PSO3	P304	PSO3	PSO0
CO1	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	1	1	-	2	3	2	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	-	3	3	2	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	1	1	-	2	2	2	ı	-	1
CO4	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	2	2	1	-	3	2	2	ı	-	1
CO5	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	1	-	2	3	2	-	-	-

1- Low Correla	tion; 2- Moderate Correlation	; 3- Substantial Correlation
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Effective from Sessi	Effective from Session: 2019-2020													
Course Code	BP803ET	Title of the Course	PHARMACEUTICAL MARKETING MANAGEMENT	L	Т	P	C							
Year	IV	Semester	VIII	3	1	0	0							
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite												
Course Objectives	The course aims to provide an understanding of marketing concepts and techniques and their applications in the pharmaceutical industry													

	Course Outcomes										
CO	Students able to learn about the pharmaceutical marketing.										
CO	Acquired the knowledge of product positioning in pharmaceutical marketing										
CO	student may understands about the promotion of pharmaceutical product in competitive market										
CO	The course aims to provide an understanding of marketing channel in pharmaceutical marketing industry.										
СО	The Knowledge and Know-how of marketing management groom the people for taking a challenging role in Sales and Product management.										

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO						
The Knowledge and Know-how of marketing management groom the people for taking a challenging role in Sales and Product management.										
1	Marketing, Consumer profile, Role of market research	Marketing: Definition, general concepts and scope of marketing; Distinction between marketing & selling; Marketing environment; Industry and competitive analysis; Analyzing consumer buying behavior; industrial buying behavior. Pharmaceutical market: Quantitative and qualitative aspects; size and composition of the market; demographic descriptions and socio-psychological characteristics of the consumer; market segmentation& targeting. Consumer profile; Motivation and prescribing habits of the physician; patients' choice of physician and retail pharmacist. Analyzing the Market; Role of market research.	10	2						
2	Classification, product line and product mix decisions	Classification, product line and product mix decisions, product life cycle,product portfolio analysis; product positioning; New product decisions; Product branding, packaging and labeling decisions, Product management in pharmaceutical industry.	10	2						
3	Promotion, OTC Products	Promotion: Methods, determinants of promotional mix, promotional budget; An overview of personal selling, advertising, direct mail, journals, sampling, retailing, medical exhibition, public relations, online promotional techniques for OTC Products.	10	3						
4	Pharmaceutical marketing channels	Pharmaceutical marketing channels: Designing channel, channel members, selecting the appropriate channel, conflict in channels, physical distribution management: Strategic importance, tasks in physical distribution management Professional sales representative (PSR): Duties of PSR, purpose of detailing, selection and training, supervising, norms for customer calls, motivating, evaluating, compensation and future prospects of the PSR.	08	4						
5	Pricing: Meaning, importance, objectives	Pricing: Meaning, importance, objectives, determinants of price; pricing methods and strategies, issues in price management in pharmaceutical industry. An overview of DPCO (Drug Price Control Order)and NPPA (National Pharmaceutical Pricing Authority). Emerging concepts in marketing: Vertical & Horizontal Marketing; RuralMarketing; Consumerism; Industrial Marketing; Global Marketing	07	5						

Reference Books:

- 1. Philip Kotler and Kevin Lane Keller: Marketing Management, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
- 2. Walker, Boyd and Larreche: Marketing Strategy-Planning and Implementation, Tata MC GrawHill, New Delhi.
- 3. Dhruv Grewal and Michael Levy: Marketing, Tata MC Graw Hill
- 4. Arun Kumar and N Menakshi: Marketing Management, Vikas Publishing, India

e-Learning Source:

 $\underline{https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/2grK0cI2fn1vo9g-jgXZKbfDlduySXPT3?usp=sharing}$

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO-P SO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO1	PO1	PO1	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO	1		3	4	າ	6	/	٥	9	U	1							
CO1	3	3	3	2	2	1	2	3	2	2	1	2	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	2	2	2	3	2	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	2	3	2	3	-	-	-

CO4	3	3	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	3	1	2	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	3	2	1	2	3	2	2	1	-	-

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Effective from Sessio	Effective from Session: 2019-2020											
Course Code	BP 804 ET	Title of the Course	Pharmaceutical Regulatory Science	L	T	P	C					
Year	IV	Semester	ester VIII									
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite] 3	1	0	4					
	1. Know about the pr	Know about the process of drug discovery and development										
Course Objectives	, , ,											
	3. Know the regulator	ory approval process and	their registration in Indian and international markets									

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Understand the concepts of innovator and generic drugs, drug development process.
CO2	Know the regulatory guidance's and guidelines for filing and approval process, preparation of dossiers and their submission to regulatory agencies in different countries.
CO3	Know the regulatory authorities and agencies governing the manufacture and sale of pharmaceuticals and the submission of global documents in CTD/ eCTD, ASEAN formats.
CO4	Understand the clinical trials requirements for approvals for conducting clinical trials, pharmacovigilance and process of monitoring in clinical trials.
CO5	Knowledge of basic terminology, regulatory guidance's, guidelines, laws and acts.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO						
markets	of India & other coun	ort the fundamental knowledge on the regulatory requirements for approval of new drugs, and drugs like US, EU, Japan, Australia,UK etc. It prepares the students to learn in detail on the								
docume	ntation requirements, an	d registration procedures for marketing the drug products.								
1	New Drug Discovery and development	Stages of drug discovery, Drug development process, pre-clinical studies, non-clinical activities, clinical studies, Innovator and generics, Concept of generics, Generic drug product development.	10	1						
	Regulatory Approval Process Approval processes and timelines involved in Investigational New Drug (IND), New Drug Application (NDA), Abbreviated New Drug Application (ANDA). Changes to an approved NDA / ANDA.									
2	Regulatory authorities and agencies	Overview of regulatory authorities of India, United States, European Union, Australia, Japan, Canada (Organization structure and types of applications)	10	2						
3	Registration of Indian drug product in overseas market	Procedure for export of pharmaceutical products, Technical documentation, Drug Master Files (DMF), Common Technical Document (CTD), electronic Common Technical Document (eCTD), ASEAN Common Technical Document (ACTD)research	10	3						
4	Developing clinical trial protocols, Institutional Review Board / Independent Ethics committee - formation and working procedures. Informed consent process and									
5	Regulatory Concepts	Basic terminology, guidance, guidelines, regulations, Laws and Acts, Orange book, Federal Register, Code of Federal Regulatory, Purple book	7	5						
Referen	ce Books:									

Drug Regulatory Affairs by Sachin Itkar, Dr. N.S. Vyawahare, Nirali Prakashan.

The Pharmaceutical Regulatory Process, Second Edition Edited by Ira R. Berry and Robert P. Martin, Drugs and the Pharmaceutical Sciences, Vol. 185. Informa Healthcare Publishers

New Drug Approval Process: Accelerating Global Registrations By Richard AGuarino, MD, 5th edition, Drugs and the Pharmaceutical Sciences, Vol. 190

Guidebook for drug regulatory submissions / SandyWeinberg. By John Wiley & Sons. Inc.

FDA Regulatory Affairs: a guide for prescription drugs, medical devices, and biologics /edited by Douglas J. Pisano, David Mantus.

Generic Drug Product Development, Solid Oral Dosage forms, Leon Shargel and Isader Kaufer, Marcel Dekker series, Vol.143

Clinical Trials and Human Research: A Practical Guide to Regulatory Compliance By Fay A. Rozovsky and Rodney K. Adams

Principles and Practices of Clinical Research, Second Edition Edited by John I. Gallin and Frederick P. Ognibene

Drugs: From Discovery to Approval, Second Edition By Rick Ng

e-Learning Source:

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO- PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO																		
CO1	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	_	_	_	_	_	_	-

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Effective from Sessi	on: 2019-2020									
Course Code	805ET	Title of the Course	Pharmacovigilance	L	Т	P	C			
Year	IV	Semester	VIII	6	2	0	8			
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB) Co-requisite									
Course Objectives	pharmacovigilance pr 2. This paper also 3. ICH guidelines	ologies used in pharma ogramme in an organiza develops the skills of class for ICSR, PSUR, ex	for the student to learn about development of pharmacovigil acovigilance, global scenario of Pharmacovigilance, train attion, various methods that can be used to generate safety dat assifying drugs, diseases and adverse drug reactions. pedited reporting, pharmacovigilance planning, CIOMS verse events and their quality.	studen ta and	its on e signal o	detection	n.			

	Course Outcomes									
CO1	Understand the national as well as international significance of Pharmacovigilance.									
CO2	Implement and spread awareness about drug safety.									
CO3	Identify, analyze and classify the types of ADRs.									
CO4	Able to prepare ADR report as per international guidelines using Standard terminologies.									
CO5	Understand preclinical, clinical and post approval phases of a new drug.									

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
	and preclinical, clinical and covigilance.	d post approval phases of a new drug. Understand the national as well as international significa-	ance of	
1	Introduction to Pharmacovigilance, Introduction to adverse drug reactions, Basic terminologies used in pharmacovigilance	History and development of Pharmacovigilance, Importance of safety monitoring of Medicine, WHO international drug monitoring programme, Pharmacovigilance Program of India(PvPI), Definitions and classification of ADRs, Detection and reporting, Methods in Causality assessment, Severity and seriousness assessment, Predictability and preventability assessment, Management of adverse drug reactions, Terminologies of adverse medication related events, Regulatory terminologies	10	1
2	Drug and disease classification, Drug dictionaries and coding in pharmacovigilance, Information resources in Pharmacovigilance, Establishing pharmacovigilance programme	Anatomical, therapeutic and chemical classification of drugs, International classification of diseases, Daily defined dose, International Non proprietary Names for drugs, WHO adverse reaction terminologies, MedDRA and Standardised MedDRA queries, WHO drug dictionary, Eudravigilance medicinal product dictionary, Basic drug information resources, Specialised resources for ADRs, Establishing in a hospital Establishment & operation of drug safety department in industry, Contract Research Organisations (CROs), Establishing a national programme	10	2
3	Vaccine safety surveillance, Pharmacovigilance methods, Communication in pharmacovigilance	Vaccine Pharmacovigilance, Vaccination failure, Adverse events following immunization, Passive surveillance – Spontaneous reports and case series, Stimulated reporting, Active surveillance – Sentinel sites, drug event monitoring and registries, Comparative observational studies – Cross sectional study, case control study and cohort study, Targeted clinical investigations, Effective communication in Pharmacovigilance, Communication in Drug Safety Crisis management, Communicating with Regulatory Agencies, Business Partners, Healthcare facilities & Media	10	3
4	Safety data generation, ICH Guidelines for Pharmacovigilance	Pre clinical phase, Clinical phase, Post approval phase (PMS), Organization and objectives of ICH, Expedited reporting, Individual case safety reports, Periodic safety update reports, Post approval expedited reporting, Pharmacovigilance planning, Good clinical practice in pharmacovigilance studies	8	4
5	Pharmacogenomics of adverse drug reactions, Drug safety evaluation in special population, CIOMS, CDSCO (India) and Pharmacovigilance	Genetics related ADR with example focusing PK parameters. Paediatrics, Pregnancy and lactation, Geriatrics, CIOMS Working Groups, CIOMS Form, D&C Act and Schedule Y, Differences in Indian and global pharmacovigilance requirements	7	5

- 1 Textbook of Pharmacovigilance: S K Gupta, Jaypee Brothers, Medical Publishers.
 2. Practical Drug Safety from A to Z By Barton Cobert, Pierre Biron, Jones and

Bartlett Publishers.

- 3. Mann's Pharmacovigilance: Elizabeth B. Andrews, Nicholas, Wiley Publishers.
- 4. Stephens' Detection of New Adverse Drug Reactions: John Talbot, Patrick Walle,

Wiley Publishers.

- 5. An Introduction to Pharmacovigilance: Patrick Waller, Wiley Publishers.
- 6. Cobert's Manual of Drug Safety and Pharmacovigilance: Barton Cobert, Jones &

Bartlett Publishers.

7. Textbook of Pharmacoepidemiolog edited by Brian L. Strom, Stephen E Kimmel,

Sean Hennessy, Wiley Publishers.

8. A Textbook of Clinical Pharmacy Practice -Essential Concepts and Skills:G.

Parthasarathi, Karin NyfortHansen, Milap C. Nahata

- 9. National Formulary of India
- 10. Text Book of Medicine by Yashpal Munjal
- 11. Text book of Pharmacovigilance: concept and practice by GP Mohanta and PK Manna

e-Learning Source:

http://www.whoumc.org/DynPage.aspx?id=105825&mn1=7347&mn2=7259&mn3=7297

http://www.ich.org/

http://www.cioms.ch/

http://cdsco.nic.in/

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http://www.who.int/vaccine_safety/en/

http://www.ipc.gov.in/PvPI/pv home.html

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)															
PO-P SO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO	P S
CO	FOI	FO2	103	104	103	100	ro/	108	109	FO10	FOII	1301	F302	1303	1304	5	O 6
CO1	3	0	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	2	3	3	2	3	-	-	-
CO2	3	2	3	1	1	2	0	3	3	0	2	3	1	2	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	2	3	1	2	0	3	2	0	2	2	3	3	-	-	-
CO4	2	2	3	1	1	2	0	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	2	2	3	2	0	3	3	3	2	-	-	-

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Effective from Sessio	Effective from Session: 2019-2020								
Course Code	BP 806 ET	Title of the Course	QUALITY CONTROL AND STANDARDIZATION OF HERBALS		Т	P	C		
Year	IV	Semester	VIII	,	1	0			
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite		3			4		
Course Objectives	know Quality assu know the regulator								

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Gain knowledge on biological source, active constituents and uses of crude drugs
	Understand the techniques of evaluation of crude drugs as per the WHO guidelines
CO2	Understand the basic principles of cultivation, collection and storage of crude drugs
	Application of the crop improvement concepts involved in techniques for improvement of quality of medicinal plants
CO3	Exploring the tissue culture technique in medicinal plants
CO4	Appreciate the applications of Primary &Secondary metabolites of the plant and explore its medicinal importance based on its chemical class
	Understand the principles and application of different system of alternative medicine
CO5	Explore novel medicinal agents from different sources of natural origin

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO				
		about the various methods and guidelines for evaluation and standardization of herbs and herb	al drugs. The	subject also				
provides	Basic tests for drugs	Basic tests for drugs – Pharmaceutical substances, Medicinal plants materials and dosage forms WHO guidelines for quality control of herbal drugs. Evaluation of commercial crude drugs intended for use	10	1				
2	Basic tests for drugs Quality assurance in herbal drug industry of cGMP, GAP, GMP and GLP in traditional system of medicine. WHO Guidelines on current good manufacturing Practices (cGMP) for Herbal Medicines WHO Guidelines on GACP for Medicinal Plants							
3	ICH guidelines	EU and ICH guidelines for quality control of herbal drugs. Research Guidelines for Evaluating the Safety and Efficacy of Herbal Medicines	10	3				
4	Stability testing of herbal medicines	Stability testing of herbal medicines. Application of various chromatographic techniques in standardization of herbal products. Preparation of documents for new drug application and export registration GMP requirements and Drugs & Cosmetics Act provisions	8	4				
5	Pharmacovigilance systems	Regulatory requirements for herbal medicines. WHO guidelines on safety monitoring of herbal medicines in pharmacovigilance systems Comparison of various Herbal Pharmacopoeias. Role of chemical and biological markers in standardization of herbal products	7	5				
Referen	ice Books:							
1.	Pharmacognosy by Tr	ease and Evans						
2.	Pharmacognosy by Ko	okate, Purohit and Gokhale						
3.	Rangari, V.D., Text bo	ook of Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry Vol. I, Carrier Pub., 2006						
4.	Aggrawal, S.S., Herba	al Drug Technology. Universities Press, 2002						
5.	EMEA. Guidelines on Quality of Herbal Medicinal Products/Traditional Medicinal Products							
6. 2002	Mukherjee, P.W. Qual	ity Control of Herbal Drugs: An Approach to Evaluation of Botanicals. Business Horizons Pub	lishers, New I	Delhi, India,				
7. Phytom	Shinde M.V., Dhalwal edicine 1(2009); p. 4-8.	K., Potdar K., Mahadik K. Application of quality control principles to herbal drugs. Internatio	nal Journal of					
R	WHO Quality Contro	l Methods for Medicinal Plant Materials World Health Organization, Geneva, 1998, WHO, Gu	idelines for the	A				

- 8. WHO. Quality Control Methods for Medicinal Plant Materials, World Health Organization, Geneva, 1998. WHO. Guidelines for the Appropriate Use of Herbal Medicines. WHO Regional Publications, Western Pacific Series No 3, WHO Regional office for the Western Pacific, Manila, 1998.
- 9. WHO. The International Pharmacopeia, Vol. 2: Quality Specifications, 3rd edn. World Health Organization, Geneva, 1981.
- 10. WHO. Quality Control Methods for Medicinal Plant Materials. World Health Organization, Geneva, 1999.
- 11. WHO. WHO Global Atlas of Traditional, Complementary and Alternative Medicine. 2 vol. set. Vol. 1 contains text and Vol. 2, maps. World Health

Organization, Geneva, 2005

12. WHO. Guidelines on Good Agricultural and Collection Practices (GACP) for Medicinal Plants. World Health Organization, Geneva, 2004.

e-Learning Source:

https://chem.libretexts.org/Bookshelves/Organic_Chemistry

https://www.masterorganicchemistry.com/

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 $\underline{https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/Advanced_Practical_Organic_Chemistry_Thi/lpv9D2hin6gC?hl=en\&gbpv=1\&dq=organic+chemistry\&printsec=frontcover$

 $\underline{https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/Intermediate_Organic_Chemistry/2YdxBgAAQBAJ?hl=en\&gbpv=1\&dq=organic+chemistry\&printsec=frontcover_approximately approximately a$

	Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																	
PO- PS	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	DO.	DO.	PO1	DO1							
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	PO 8	PO 9	0	PO1 1	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO																		
CO 1	3	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	1	3	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
CO 2	3	0	2	2	0	0	1	1	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
CO 3	3	2	2	3	0	3	2	1	2	0	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
CO 4	2	0	3	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	-	-	-	-	ı	1	-
CO 5	3	1	2	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	2	-	-	-	-	•	-	-

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Effective from Session: 2019-2020								
Course Code	BP 807ET	Title of the Course	tle of the Course COMPUTER AIDED DRUG DESIGN L				C	
Year	IV	Semester	VIII	2	1			
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite	-requisite					
Course Objectives	2. The role of drug do 3. The concept of QS 4. Various strategies	to develop new drug lik	•					

	Course Outcomes						
CO1	Understand the process of Design and discovery of lead molecules						
CO2	Appreciate the role of drug design in drug discovery process						
CO3	Understand and apply the concept of QSAR and docking						
CO4	Apply various strategies to develop new drug like molecules						
CO5	Understand the designing of new drug molecules using molecular modeling software						
CO6	Appreciate importance of computational methods in drug design and discovery processes						

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO		
This sub	ject is designed to provi	de detailed knowledge of rational drug design process and various techniques used in rational drug	ug design pr	ocess.		
	Introduction to Drug Discovery and Development	Stages of drug discovery and development. Rational approaches to lead discovery based on traditional medicine, Random screening,				
1	Lead discovery and Analog Based Drug Design	Non-random screening, serendipitous drug discovery, lead discovery based on drug metabolism, lead discovery based on clinical observation.	10	1		
	Analog Based Drug Design	Bioisosterism, Classification, Bioisosteric replacement. Any three case studies				
2	Quantitative Structure Activity Relationship (QSAR)	SAR versus QSAR, History and development of QSAR, Types of physico chemical parameters, experimental and theoretical approaches for the determination of physico chemical parameters such as Partition coefficient, Hammet's substituent constant and Tafts steric constant. Hansch analysis, Free Wilson analysis, 3D-QSAR approaches like COMFA and COMSIA.	10	2		
3	Molecular Modeling and virtual screening techniques	Virtual Screening techniques: Drug likeness screening, Concept of pharmacophore				
4	Informatics & Methods in drug design	Introduction to Bioinformatics, chemoinformatics. ADME databases, chemical, biochemical and pharmaceutical databases.	8	4		
5	Molecular Modeling:	Introduction to molecular mechanics and quantum mechanics. Energy Minimization methods and Conformational Analysis, global conformational minima determination.	7	5		
Referen	ce Books:					
1.	Robert GCK, ed., "Dr	ug Action at the Molecular Level" University Prak Press Baltimore				
2.	Martin YC. "Quantita	tive Drug Design" Dekker, New York.				
3.	Delgado JN, Remers V	WA eds "Wilson & Gisvolds's Text Book of Organic Medicinal & Pharmaceutical Chemistry" Li	ippincott, Ne	w York.		
4.	Foye WO "Principles	of Medicinal chemistry 'Lea & Febiger.				
5.	Koro lkovas A, Burck	halter JH. "Essentials of Medicinal Chemistry" Wiley Interscience.				
6.	Wolf ME, ed "The Ba	sis of Medicinal Chemistry, Burger's Medicinal Chemistry" JohnWiley& Sons, New York.				
7.	Patrick Graham, L., A	n Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry, Oxford University Press.				
8.	Smith HJ, Williams H	, eds, "Introduction to the principles of Drug Design" Wright Boston				
9.	Silverman R.B. "The	organic Chemistry of Drug Design and Drug Action" Academic Press New York.				
e-Lear	rning Source:					

https://chem.libretexts.org/Bookshelves/Organic_Chemistry

https://www.masterorganicchemistry.com/

 $\underline{\text{https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/Advanced Practical Organic Chemistry Thi/lpv9D2hin6gC?hl=en\&gbpv=1\&dq=organic+chemistry\&printsec} = \\ frontcover$

 $\underline{https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/Intermediate_Organic_Chemistry/2YdxBgAAQBAJ?hl=en\&gbpv=1\&dq=organic+chemistry\&printsec=frontcover$

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO-PS O CO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO1 1	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1	3	2	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	2	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	3	2	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	3	2	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	3	2	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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Effective from Sessio	Effective from Session: 2019-2020								
Course Code	BP 808 ET	Title of the Course	CELL AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY	L	T	P	C		
Year	IV	Semester	VIII	,	1	_	4		
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite		3	1	0	4		
Course Objectives	 Summarize cel Describe the cl Summarize the Describe prote Describe cellul 	l and molecular biology lular functioning and conemical foundations of contemical foundations of contemical functions are membrane structure and function are membrane structure and function contemical functions are molecular genetic mechanisms.	mposition. sell biology. biology. and function						

	Course Outcomes							
CO1	Understanding the history of cell and molecular biology, cellular functioning and composition and chemical foundations of cell biology.							
CO2	Understanding about DNA and RNA and their functioning.							
CO3	Students able to Describe protein structure and function, Protein Synthesis							
CO4	Know the basic molecular genetic mechanisms.							
CO5	Summarize the Cell Cycle including Cell Signals, Receptors for Cell Signals, Signaling Pathways							

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
		biology that studies cells - their physiological properties, their structure, the organelles they con	ntain, interac	tions with
		e cycle, division, death and cell function.		
		roscopic and molecular level.		
		impasses both the great diversity of single-celled organisms like bacteria and protozoa, as well a	s the many sp	pecialized
ce	ells in multi-cellular orga	nisms such as humans, plants, and sponges.		
		a)Cell and Molecular Biology: Definitions theory and basics and Applications.		
		b) Cell and Molecular Biology: History and Summation.		
1	Cell and Molecular	c) Properties of cells and cell membrane.	10	1
-	Biology	d) Prokaryotic versus Eukaryotic	10	1
		e) Cellular Reproduction		
		f) Chemical Foundations – an Introduction and Reactions (Types)		
		a) DNA and the Flow of Molecular Information		
		b) DNA Functioning		
2	DNA and RNA	c) DNA and RNA	10	2
		d) Types of RNA		
		e) Transcription and Translation		
		a) Proteins: Defined and Amino Acids		
		b) Protein Structure		
3	Proteins	c) Regularities in Protein Pathways	10	3
		d) Cellular Processes		
		e) Positive Control and significance of Protein Synthesis		
		a) Science of Genetics		
		b) Transgenics and Genomic Analysis		
4	Genetics	c) Cell Cycle analysis	8	4
		d) Mitosis and Meiosis		
		e) Cellular Activities and Checkpoints		
		a) Cell Signals: Introduction		
		b) Receptors for Cell Signals		
5	Cell Signals	c) Signaling Pathways: Overview	7	5
		d) Misregulation of Signaling Pathways		
		e) Protein-Kinases: Functioning		
Referen	ice Books:			
T.C.I.C.I.C.II	ice books.			

- 1. W.B. Hugo and A.D. Russel: Pharmaceutical Microbiology, Blackwell Scientific publications, Oxford London.
- 2. Prescott and Dunn., Industrial Microbiology, 4th edition, CBS Publishers & Distributors, Delhi.
- 3. Pelczar, Chan Kreig, Microbiology, Tata McGraw Hill edn.
- 4. Malcolm Harris, Balliere Tindall and Cox: Pharmaceutical Microbiology
- 5.Rose: Industrial Microbiology
- 6.Probisher, Hinsdill et al: Fundamentals of Microbiology, 9th ed. Japan
- 7. Cooper and Gunn's: Tutorial Pharmacy, CBS Publisher and Distribution
- 8. Peppler: Microbial Technology.
- 9. Edward: Fundamentals of Microbiology.
- 10.N.K.Jain: Pharmaceutical Microbiology, Vallabh Prakashan, Delhi
- 11. Bergeys manual of systematic bacteriology, Williams and Wilkins- A Waverly company

12.B.R. Glick and J.J. Pasternak: Molecular Biotechnology: Principles and Applications of RecombinantDNA: ASM Press Washington D.C.

13.RA Goldshy et. al., : Kuby Immunology.

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https://www.masterorganicchemistry.com/

 $\underline{\text{https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/Advanced_Practical_Organic_Chemistry_Thi/lpv9D2hin6gC?hl=en\&gbpv=1\&dq=organic+chemistry\&printsec=frontcover$

 $\underline{https://www.google.co.in/books/edition/Intermediate_Organic_Chemistry/2YdxBgAAQBAJ?hl=en\&gbpv=1\&dq=organic+chemistry\&printsec=fronteover$

						Cor	urse A	rticula	tion M	latrix: (Mappin	g of COs	with P	Os and PS	SOs)			
PO-P SO CO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO12	PSO 1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1	3	1	1	3	1	2	2	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	2	2	3	1	2	2	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	3	2	2	3	1	2	2	1	2	2	1	-		-	-	-	-	-
CO4	3	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	3	1	1	3	1	2	2	1	2	1	1	_	-	-	-	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	
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Effective from Sessio	n: 2019-2020									
Course Code	BP 809 ET	Title of the Course	COSMETIC SCIENCE	L	Т	P	C			
Year	IV	Semester	VIII	,	1		1			
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite		3	1	U	4			
Course Objectives	key ingredients used in cosmetics and cosmeceuticals key building blocks of cosmetics for various formulations scientific principles to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals with desired safety									

	Course Outcomes									
CO1	Gain information on key ingredients used in cosmetics and cosmeceuticals									
CO2	Understand key building blocks of cosmetics for various formulations									
CO3	Know the current technologies in the market									
CO4	Understand the scientific principles to develop cosmetics and cosmeceuticals with desired safety									

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
	cation of cosmetic and coss, cosmetics as quasi an	osmeceutical products. Definition of cosmetics as per Indian and EU regulations. Evolution of co ad OTC drugs.	osmeceutical	s from
1	Classification, definition, cosmetic, excipients.	Classification of cosmetic and cosmeceutical products. Definition of cosmetics as per Indian and EU regulations, evolution of cosmeceuticals from cosmetics, cosmetics as quasi and OTC drugs. Cosmetic excipient: Surfactant, rheology modifiers, humectant, emollients, preservatives, classification and application. Skin: Basic structure and function of skin. Hair: Basic structure of hair. Hair growth cycle. Oral Cavity: Common problem associated with teeth and gums.	10	1
2	Principles of formulation and building blocks of skin care products.	Principles of formulation and building blocks of skin care products: Face wash, moisturizing cream, cold cream, vanishing cream and their advantages and disadvantages. Application of these products in formulation of cosmeceuticals. Antiperspirants & deodorants: Actives & mechanism of action. Principle of formulation and building block of hair care products: Conditioning shampoo, hair conditioner, antidandruff shampoo, hair oils. Chemistry and formulation of paraphenylenediamine based hair dye. Principles of formulation and building blocks of oral care products: Toothpaste for bleeding gums, sensitive teeth, teeth whitening, mouthwash.	10	2
3	Classification of sunscreens and SPF. Role of herbs in cosmetics. Analytical cosmetics.	Sun protection, classification of sunscreens and SPF. Role of herbs in cosmetics: Skin Care: Aloe and turmeric Hair care: Henna and amla Oral care: Neem and clove Analytical cosmetics: BIS specification and analytical methods for shampoo, skin cream and toothpaste.	10	3
4	Principle of cosmetic evaluation	Principle of cosmetic evaluation: Principle of sebumeter, corneometer. Measurement of TEWL, skin color, hair tensile strength, hair combing properties, soaps, and syndet bars. Evaluation and skin benefits.	8	4
5	Cosmetic problems associated with hair, scalp and skin. Antiperspirants and deodorants.	Oily and dry skin, causes leading to dry skin, skin moisturisation. Basic understanding of the terms comedogenic, dermatitis. Cosmetic problems associated with hair and scalp: Dandruff, hair fall causes. Cosmetic problems associated with skin: blemishes, wrinkles, acne, prickly heat and body odor. Antiperspirants and deodorants: Actives and mechanism of action.	7	5
Referen				

- 1. Harry's Cosmeticology, Wilkinson, Moore. Seventh Edition, George Godwin.
- 2. Cosmetics - Formulations, Manufacturing and Quality Control. P.P. Sharma, 4th Edition. Vandana Publications Pvt. Ltd., Delhi.
- 3. Text book of cosmelicology by Sanju Nanda & Roop K. Khar. Tata Publishers.

e-Learning Source:

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC6188460/

I			Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
Ī	PO- PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1	PO1	PO1	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO
ł	CO	POI	PO2	PO3	PO4	103	PO6	PO/	108	PO9	0	1	2	1	2	3	4	5	6

CO1	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	_	_	_	-	_	-	_

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Effective from Sessio	n: 2019-2020						
Course Code	BP810ET	Title of the Course	Experimental Pharmacology	L	T	P	C
Year	IV	Semester	VIII	,	1		1
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite		3	1	0	4
Course Objectives	2. Appreciate3. Appreciate	and demonstrate the va	ous commonly used laboratory animals rious screening methods used in pre clinical research portance of biostatistics and research methodology othesis independently				

	Course Outcomes
CO1	Appreciate the knowledge gained on pre clinical evaluation of drugs and recent experimental techniques in the drug discovery and
	development.
CO2	Understood the various laboratory animals and their maintenance as per the guidelines and also describe good laboratory practices in
	maintenance and handling of experimental animals.
CO3	Appraised the regulations and ethical requirement for the usage of experimental animals.
CO4	Learnt and describe the various pre clinical screening methods (in-vitro and in-vivo) involved in the drug discovery process.
CO5	Correlate the pre clinical data to human's clinical data.

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
This sub results.	pject is designed to imp	art the basic knowledge of pre clinical studies in experimental animals including design, cond	uct and interp	pretations of
1	Laboratory animals	Laboratory animals: Study of CPCSEA and OECD guidelines for maintenance, breeding and conduct of experiments on laboratory animals. Common lab animals: Description and applications of different species and strains of animals. Popular transgenic and mutant animals. Techniques for collection of blood and common routes of drug administration in laboratory animals. Techniques of blood collection and euthanasia.	8	1
2	Introduction: Pre clinical screening models	Pre clinical screening models: a. Introduction: Dose selection, calculation and conversions, preparation of drug solution/suspensions, grouping of animals and importance of sham negative and positive control groups. Rationale for selection of animal species and sex for the study. b. Study of screening animal models for: Diuretics, nootropics, anti-parkinson's, antiasthmatics. Preclinical screening models for: CNS activity, analgesic, antipyretic, anti-inflammatory, general anaesthetics, sedative and hypnotics, antipsychotic, antidepressant, antiepileptic, antiparkinsonism, and alzheimer's disease.	10	2
3	Pre clinical screening models for ANS activity	Preclinical screening models for ANS activity: sympathomimetics, sympatholytics, parasympathomimetics, parasympatholytics, skeletal muscle relaxants, drugs acting on eye, local anaethetics.	8	3
4	Pre clinical screening models for CVS activity	Preclinical screening models for CVS activity: antihypertensives, diuretics, antiarrhythmic, antidyslepidemic, anti aggregatory, coagulants, and anticoagulants. Preclinical screening models for other important drugs like antiulcer, antidiabetic, anticancer and antiasthmatics.	8	4
5	Research methodology and bio-statistics	Research methodology and bio-statistics. Selection of research topic, review of literature, research hypothesis and study design. Pre-clinical data analysis and interpretation using students 't' test and one-way ANOVA. Graphical representation of data	5	5

Reference Books:

- 1. Fundamentals of experimental pharmacology by M N Ghosh.
- 2. Hand book of experimental pharmacology by S K Kulakarni.
- 3. CPCSEA guidelines for laboratory animal facility.
- 4. Drug discovery and evaluation by Vogel H G.
- 5. Drug screening methods by Suresh Kumar Gupta and S K Gupta.6. Introduction to biostatistics and research methods by PSS Sundar Rao and J Richard.

e-Learning Source:

https://cpcsea.nic.in/WriteReadData/userfiles/file/SOP_CPCSEA_inner_page.pdf

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO- PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6
CO																		
CO1	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	
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Effective from Sessio	Effective from Session: 2019-2020										
Course Code	BP811ET	Title of the Course Advanced Instrumentation Techniques		L	T	P	C				
Year	IV	Semester	VIII		1		_				
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite			1	0	4				
Course Objectives	2. To understa3. To understa	and the chromatographic and the calibration of va	ments used and its applications in drug analysis. c separation and analysis of drugs. rious analytical instruments. arious analytical instruments.								

	Course Outcomes						
CO1	Investigate the pharmaceutical substances by NMR spectroscopy and mass spectrometry.						
CO2	Analyze the essentials of thermal methods of analysis and X ray diffraction methods.						
CO3	Apprehend the calibration and validation of analytical instruments.						
CO4	Recognize the fundamentals of radioimmunoassay and extraction techniques.						
CO5	Deal with the fundamentals of hyphenated techniques.						

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO			
knowled	This subject deals with the application of instrumental methods in qualitative and quantitative analysis of drugs. It is designed to impart advanced knowledge on the principles and instrumentation of spectroscopic and chromatographic hyphenated techniques. This also emphasizes on theoretical and practical knowledge on modern analytical instruments that are used for drug testing.						
1	Nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy, Mass spectrometry	Nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy: Principles of H-NMR and C-NMR, chemical shift, factors affecting chemical shift, coupling constant, spin - spin coupling, relaxation, instrumentation and applications. Mass spectrometry: Principles, fragmentation, ionization techniques - Electron impact, chemical ionization, MALDI, FAB. Analyzers - Time of flight and quadrupole, instrumentation, applications.	10	1			
2	Thermal methods of analysis, X-ray diffraction methods	Thermal methods of analysis: Principles, instrumentation and applications of thermogravimetric analysis (TGA), Differential thermal analysis (DTA), Differential scanning calorimetry (DSC). X-ray diffraction methods: Origin of X-rays, basic aspects of crystals, X-ray crystallography, rotating crystal technique, single crystal diffraction, powder diffraction, structural elucidation and applications.	10	2			
3	Calibration and validation as per ICH and USFDA guidelines	Calibration and validation as per ICH and USFDA guidelines. Calibration of following Instruments: Electronic balance, UV-Visible spectrophotometer, IR spectrophotometer, Fluorimeter, Flame photometer, HPLC and GC.	10	3			
4	Radioimmunoassa y, Extraction techniques	Radioimmunoassay: Importance, various components, principle, different methods, limitation and applications of radio immuno assay. Extraction techniques: General principle and procedure involved in the solid phase extraction and liquid - liquid extraction.	8	4			
5	Hyphenated techniques	Hyphenated techniques - LC-MS/MS, GC-MS/MS, HPTLC-MS.	7	5			

Reference Books:

- 1. Instrumental methods of chemical analysis by B K Sharma.
- 2. Organic spectroscopy by Y R Sharma.
- 3. Text book of pharmaceutical analysis by Kenneth A Connors.
- 4. Vogel's text book of quantitative chemical analysis by A I Vogel.
- 5. Practical pharmaceutical chemistry by A H Beckett and J B Stenlake.
- 6. Organic chemistry by I L Finar.
- 7. Organic spectroscopy by William Kemp.
- 8. Quantitative analysis of drugs by D C Garrett
- 9. Quantitative analysis of drugs in pharmaceutical formulations by P D Sethi.
- 10. Spectrophotometric identification of organic compounds by Silverstein.

e-Learning Source:

https://www.google.com/search?q=Nuclear+magnetic+resonance+spectroscopy+research+article&sxsrf=ALiCzsaSX1-lUmnGqpxRQbGal6loXv5xaQ% 3A1671859588931&ei=hI2mY7e7OInh4-EPwIC38A0&ved=0ahUKEwi3jaanwpH8AhWJ8DgGHUDADd4Q4dUDCA8&uact=5&oq=Nuclear+magnet ic+resonance+spectroscopy+research+article&gs_lcp=Cgxnd3Mtd2l6LXNlcnAQAzIFCAAQogQyBQgAEKIEMgUIABCiBDIFCAAQogQyBQgAEKIEOgoIABBHENYEELADOgcIIxCwAhAnOgoIABCABBCxAxANOgcIABCABBANOgYIABAHEB46BAgjECc6BwgAELEDEEM6CgghEMMEEA oQoAFKBAhBGABKBAhGGABQ7gRY3BFgtRoAXABeACAAeACiAG4CJIBBTItMy4xmAEAoAEBoAECyAEIwAEB&sclient=gws-wiz-serp

					Co	urse Ar	ticulatio	n Matr	ix: (Maj	pping of	COs w	ith POs	and PS	Os)				
PO- PSO CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6
CO1	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	•	-	-
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	_	-	_	_

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	
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Effective from Sessio	Effective from Session: 2019-2020								
Course Code	BP812ET	Title of the Course	Dietary Supplements and Nutraceuticals	L	T	P	C		
Year	IV	Semester	VIII	,	1	0	4		
Pre-Requisite	10+2 (PCM/PCB)	Co-requisite		3	1		4		
Course Objectives	2. Understand the ou3. Appreciate the cor	tcome of deficiencies in nponents in dietary supp	e different group of people to maintain healthy life. dietary supplements. elements and their application. aspects of dietary supplements including health claims.						

	Course Outcomes							
CO1	Understand the need of supplements by the different group of people to maintain healthy life.							
CO2	Understand the need of supplements by the different group of people to maintain healthy life and the outcome of deficiencies in dietary supplements.							
CO3	Know about free radicals production and its damaging reactions on lipids, proteins, carbohydrates, nucleic acids and study about dietary fiber and complex carbohydrates.							
CO4	Understand the effect of free radicals in various disorders and ageing, importance and types of antioxidants and the effect of various environmental factors on the nutraceuticals.							
CO5	Appreciate the regulatory and commercial aspects of dietary supplements including health claims. To know about adulteration of foods.							

Unit No.	Title of the Unit	Content of Unit	Contact Hrs.	Mapped CO
This sub		topic that are important for understanding the need and requirements of dietary supplements and	ong differen	t groups in
1	Definition of functional foods, Public health nutrition	Definition of functional foods, nutraceuticals and dietary supplements. Classification of nutraceuticals, health problems and diseases that can be prevented or cured by nutraceuticals i.e. weight control, diabetes, cancer, heart disease, stress, osteoarthritis, hypertension etc. b. Public health nutrition, maternal and child nutrition, nutrition and ageing, nutrition education in community. c. Source, name of marker compounds and their chemical nature, medicinal uses and health benefits of following used as nutraceuticals/functional foods: Spirulina, Soyabean, Ginseng, Garlic, Broccoli, Gingko, Flaxseeds.	7	1
2	Phytochemicals as nutraceuticals	Phytochemicals as nutraceuticals: Occurrence and characteristic features(chemical nature medicinal benefits) of following: Carotenoids - α and β Carotene, Lycopene, Xanthophylls, leutin SULFIDES: Diallyl sulfides, Allyl trisulfide. Polyphenolics: Reservetrol Flavonoids - Rutin, Naringin, Quercitin, Anthocyanidins, catechins, Flavones. Prebiotics/Probiotics: Fructo oligosaccharides, Lacto bacillum Phyto estrogens: Isoflavones, daidzein, Geebustin, lignans Tocopherols Proteins, vitamins, minerals, cereal, vegetables and beverages as functional foods: oats, wheat bran, rice bran, sea foods, coffee, tea and the like.	15	2
3	Introduction to free radicals, Dietary fibre and complex carbohydrates	Introduction to free radicals: Free radicals, reactive oxygen species, production of free radicals in cells, damaging reactions of free radicals on lipids, proteins, carbohydrates, nucleic acids. Dietary fibres and complex carbohydrates as functional food ingredients.	7	3
4	Free radicals, Antioxidants, Synthetic antioxidants, Functional foods	Free radicals in diabetes mellitus, inflammation, ischemic reperfusion injury, cancer, atherosclerosis, free radicals in brain metabolism and pathology, kidney damage, muscle damage. Free radicals involvement in other disorders. Free radicals theory of ageing. Antioxidants: Endogenous antioxidants - enzymatic and nonenzymatic antioxidant defence, superoxide dismutase, catalase, glutathione peroxidase, glutathione, Vitamin C, Vitamin E, α-Lipoic acid, melatonin. Synthetic antioxidants: Butylated hydroxy toluene, Butylated hydroxy anisole. Functional foods for chronic disease prevention	10	4

5	Nutraceutical, Regulatory aspects, Pharmacopoeial specifications	Effect of processing, storage and interactions of various environmental factors on the potential of nutraceuticals. Regulatory aspects: FSSAI, FDA, FPO, MPO, AGMARK. HACCP and GMPs on food safety. Adulteration of foods. Pharmacopoeial specifications for dietary supplements and nutraceuticals.	6	5
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Reference Books:

- 1. Dietetics by Sri Lakshmi
- 2. Role of dietary fibres and neutraceuticals in preventing diseases by K T Agusti and P Faizal: B S Punblication.
- 3. Advanced nutritional therapies by Cooper K. A. (1996).
- 4. The food pharmacy by Jean Carper, Simon & Schuster, UK Ltd., (1988).
- 5. Prescription for nutritional healing by James F Balch and Phyllis A Balch 2nd Edn., Avery Publishing Group, NY (1997).
- 6. G Gibson and C williams Editors. 2000 Functional foods. Woodhead Publ.Co.London.
- 7. Goldberg I. Functional Foods. 1994. Chapman and Hall, New York.
- 8. Labuza, T P. 2000 Functional Foods and Dietary Supplements: Safety, good manufacturing practice (GMPs) and shelf life testing in *Essentials of Functional Foods M K Sachmidl and T P Labuza eds. Aspen Press.*
- 9. Handbook of Nutraceuticals and Functional Foods, Third Edition (Modern Nutrition)
- 10. Shils, ME, Olson, JA, Shike, M. 1994 Modern Nutrition in Health and Disease. Eighth edition. Lea and Febiger.

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e-I	earn	ıng	Source:	•

		Course Articulation Matrix: (Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs)																
PO- PSO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1	PO1	PO1	PSO 1	PSO	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO										U	1		1					
CO1	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	-	-		-	-	1	-
CO3	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Name & Sign of Program Coordinator	
	Sign & Seal of HoD